

Public Inquiry Into Foreign Interference in Federal Electoral Processes and Democratic Institutions

Enquête publique sur l'ingérence étrangère dans les processus électoraux et les institutions démocratiques fédéraux

Public Hearing

Audience publique

Commissioner / Commissaire The Honourable / L'honorable Marie-Josée Hogue

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Iranian Canadian Congress Dimitri Lascaris

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1	Ottawa, Ontario
2	The hearing begins Wednesday, September 18, 2024 at 9:45
3	a.m.
4	THE REGISTRAR: Order, please.
5	This sitting of the Foreign Interference
6	Commission is now in session. Commissioner Hogue is
7	presiding.
8	The time is 9:45 a.m.
9	COMMISSAIRE HOGUE: Good morning, everyone. A
10	great day but we have to spend it here inside.
11	Maître Chaudhury, you will begin this
12	morning?
13	Me SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: I would like to table
14	summaries.
15	So as in Stage 1, the Government of Canada
16	has produced to the Commission a number of unclassified
17	topical summaries of Government of Canada intelligence
18	holdings that will be introduced in evidence over the course
19	of the Commission's proceedings. To make this easier, we're
20	just going to enter them all now by reading out the doc IDs
21	after I say a few words.
22	First of all, the Government of Canada has
23	appended a lengthy caveat to these summaries which all
24	parties, participants, members of the media and members of
25	the public should take the time to read carefully. I'll just
26	give you the highlights here.
27	First, the summaries may be incomplete.
28	Second, the summary does not indicate the time of collection

1	and these, I should specify, are summaries of intelligence
2	and classified information generally that the Government of
3	Canada holds.
4	The summary may contain information that is
5	single sourced. The summary may contain information of
6	unknown and varying degrees of reliability or information
7	that may have been provided to influence as much as to
8	inform.
9	The summary does not indicate the source of
10	the information. The summary does not indicate corroboration
11	or lack thereof, and the summary does not analyze
12	information.
13	The Commission has been provided with the
14	relevant intelligence and assessments which do indicate this
15	information on reliability and corroboration.
16	I would add that these summaries contain
17	some, but not all, of the available information on each

I would add that these summaries contain some, but not all, of the available information on each subject. They're a useful synthesis, but they should not be taken as comprehensive. Parties should continue to review the relevant documents for each topic.

Subject to the rules and the Commissioner's discretion to direct the hearings in accordance with the guiding principles, counsel may refer to these topical summaries in cross-examination after they have been entered into evidence today, but counsel must frame their questions in a way that makes clear to the witness that the information in the topical summaries reflects a summary of Government of Canada intelligence holdings, not proven fact.

1	So I'll just read the document IDs. Ms.
2	Clerk, there's no need to actually bring up the documents.
3	It'll go faster if I just read the document IDs.
4	So first CAN.SUM.17, PRC Interest in Michael
5	Chong.
6	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000017:
7	PRC Interest in Michael Chong
8	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: Second, CAN.SUM.18,
9	Targeting parliamentarians.
10	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000018:
11	Targeting parliamentarians
12	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: Third, CAN.SUM.27,
13	Email Operations Against parliamentarians.
14	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000027:
15	Email Operations Against
16	parliamentarians
17	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: CAN.SUM.27.1, Tab A
18	to PRC Email Operations Chronology Events, Email Tracking
19	Link Campaign Targeting Canadian parliamentarians.
20	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000027.001:
21	Tab A to PRC Email Operations
22	Chronology Events, Email Tracking
23	Link Campaign Targeting Canadian
24	parliamentarians
25	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: CAN.SUM.28, CSIS
26	Threat Reduction Measures.
27	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000028:
28	CSIS Threat Reduction Measures

1	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: CAN.SUM.29, CSIS
2	Warrant Application Process.
3	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000029:
4	CSIS Warrant Application Process
5	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: CAN.SUM.30, Country
6	Summaries, People's Republic of China, Russia, India, Iran
7	and Pakistan.
8	EXHIBIT NO. CAN.SUM.000030:
9	Country Summaries, People's Republic
10	of China, Russia, India, Iran and
11	Pakistan
12	MS. SHANTONA CHAUDHURY: So you'll note that
13	that's one country summary with all of them included, which
14	is a difference from Stage 1.
15	Thank you.
16	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
17	So we'll start with the first witness. It's
18	you, Ms. Rodriguez, who will be conducting the examination,
19	and the witness is Mr. Chong.
20	Good morning, Mr. Chong. Welcome.
21	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Good morning, Madam
22	Commissioner. It's Natalia Rodriguez, Commission counsel.
23	And as you know, the witness before you is Michael Chong, and
24	I would ask that he be sworn in.
25	THE REGISTRAR: So Mr. Chong, for the record,
26	could you please state your full name and spell your last
27	name?
28	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Michael David Chong, C-h-

1	o-n-g.
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG, Affirmed:
3	THE REGISTRAR: Counsel, you may proceed.
4	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ:
5	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
6	So we'll start with some preliminary matters
7	this morning, Mr. Chong.
8	On July 15, 2024, you had an interview with
9	Commission counsel. Is that right?
10	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
11	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And an interview
12	summary was generated from that interview; correct?
13	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
14	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And so I would now
15	ask the court operator to call up WIT 92.EN.
16	Sorry. It should be 92.EN.
17	Thank you.
18	And this is the summary that was generated
19	<pre>from your interview; correct?</pre>
20	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Correct.
21	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you've had a
22	chance to review it for accuracy?
23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I did.
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you have any
25	corrections, additions or otherwise modifications to make to
26	this additional to this interview summary?
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I do not.
28	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you adopt the

1	contents of this witness summary as part of your evidence
2	before the Commission today?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I do.
4	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Right. So we'll have
5	that entered in as the next exhibit.
6	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000092.EN:
7	FINAL Interview Summary - Michael
8	Chong (Stage 2)
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And for the record,
10	the French translation is at WIT 92.FR, and that will also go
11	in as an exhibit. There is no need to call up that document.
12	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000092.FR:
13	Résumé de l'entrevue FINALE - Michael
14	Chong (étape 2).pdf
15	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you also
16	recall being interviewed by the Commission on February 15,
17	2024 as part of Stage 1 of the Commission's work?
18	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes.
19	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And in the course of
20	that interview, we covered certain topics that were relevant
21	to Stage 2 of the Commission's mandate; correct?
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Correct.
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And an addendum to
24	that Stage 1 interview was prepared covering the topics that
25	were relevant to Stage 2. And I'm now going to call it up,
26	WIT18.1.EN.
27	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000018.001.EN:

Interview Summary - Michael

1	Chong(Stage 1 Addendum)
2	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And have you had a
3	chance to review this addendum?
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I have.
5	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you have any
6	corrections, additions, deletions or other modifications to
7	make to this addendum today?
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I do not.
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you adopt the
10	contents of this addendum as part of your evidence before the
11	Commission today?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I do.
13	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And for
14	the record, the French translation is WIT18.1.FR, and it will
15	also go in as an exhibit.
16	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000018.001.FR:
17	Interview Summary - Michael
18	Chong(Stage 1 Addendum)
19	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So I want to start
20	with some topics that were briefly covered in your Stage 1
21	evidence, the advocacy efforts and your stances on some PRC-
22	related issues as Shadow Minister.
23	I understand you were named Foreign Affairs
24	Shadow Minister in September of 2020, is that right?
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And can you tell us a
27	little bit about the two opposition motions that you
28	sponsored, shortly after becoming Shadow Minister, with

CHONG

1 respect to the PRC?

MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So in the fall of 2020, I introduced a motion in the House of Commons, which the House adopted, calling on the government to ban Huawei from our national telecommunications core infrastructure, and to produce a plan, an action plan, by December of that year to counter foreign interference.

We had been hearing from experts that foreign interference is becoming an increasing problem. We had not seen any significant action from the government on countering foreign interference, and so the second part of the motion called for that action plan to be delivered to the -- to be tabled in the House of Commons December that year, of 2020.

Subsequent to that, because of increasing evidence that a genocide was taking place, there were a number of reputable think tanks that had come to that conclusion; there was reputable news organizations, like the Wall Street Journal and Associated Press, that had come to that conclusion; and two U.S. administrations had come to that conclusion, including Secretary of the Treasury, Janet Yellen, and Secretary of State, Anthony Blinken, that a genocide was taking place against the Uyghur population.

We felt that it was important for Parliament to take a position on this, and so I introduced, subsequently in early 2021, a motion recognizing that a genocide was taking place against the Turkic Muslim minority in Xinjiang Province, a motion that was adopted by the House.

The motion also called on the Government of

1	Canada to fulfil its obligations to prevent genocide under
2	the 1948 Genocide Convention.
3	So those were the two motions I introduced on
4	the floor of the House of Commons.
5	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And aside from these
6	motions, you were otherwise also vocal in advocating on
7	certain PRC-related issues; for example, the detention of the
8	two Michaels and other similar issues. Is that right?
9	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. We had,
10	by 2020, started to see an alarming pattern of violations of
11	international and domestic law by the PRC. It begins in 2016
12	when we when the Court in the Hague ruled that China was
13	violating the Conventiion on the Law of the Sea in South
14	China Sea. It continues with increasing reports about gross
15	human rights abuses in Xinjiang Province; it continues with
16	the crackdown in violation of an international treaty, the
17	Sino-British Joint Declaration in Hong Kong; and, you know,
18	the detention of the two Michaels subsequently; the detention
19	of Canadian journalists in the PRC, and, you know,
20	increasingly bellicose rhetoric from the PRC.
21	And so this all culminates by the time I
22	become Shadow Foreign Minister in 2020, to the point where we
23	feel that we needed to start taking positions on these things
24	in order to counter these threats to Canada.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And in your Stage 1
26	interview summary addendum, you indicate that you were
27	counter-sanctioned by the PRC. Can you maybe just lead us
28	through the events that led up to that?

1	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes. So that's a very
2	interesting question. So in response to the second motion I
3	introduced, which was adopted by the House of Commons,
4	condemning the genocide and calling on the Government of
5	Canada to fulfil its obligations under international law, the
6	Government of Canada, in concert with the United States, the
7	United Kingdom, sanctioned a four individuals and one
8	entity for gross human rights abuses against the Uyghur
9	minority.
10	And subsequent to that, the government of the
11	PRC sanctioned me for the government sanctions. And I note
12	that what's so interesting about all of that is that I'm not
13	part of the government. And, secondly, the government
14	abstained from the vote on the genocide. So they abstained
15	from the vote on the genocide, refusing to recognize the
16	genocide, but did take some action to counter what was going
17	on in Xinjiang.
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: But your
19	understanding is that you were sanctioned personally because
20	you had been the sponsor of that motion, is that right?
21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No. My understanding is
22	that I was sanctioned because the Government of Canada had
23	placed sanctions on four individuals and one entity in
24	Xinjiang.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: But the
26	countermeasures that the PRC took against you, the counter-
27	sanctions against you personally, why would they target you
28	personally as an individual, given the fact that, as you

1	point out, you are not part of the government?
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My assumption is that
3	they felt that I $$ the motion that had been adopted by the
4	House was had spurred the government to take some action
5	to uphold their obligations.
6	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And how did you learn
7	that you had been sanctioned by the PRC?
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I learned about it on
9	from a phone call from a journalist on a Saturday morning,
10	early, who was in Asia; obviously earlier than us, and who
11	told me that this had been posted on the PRC's Ministry of
12	Foreign Affairs.
13	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And that was the
14	first time that you learned of it?
15	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And subsequent to
16 17	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And subsequent to that, did the Government of Canada, including any security
17	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security
17 18	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to
17 18 19	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC?
17 18 19 20	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My recollection is that
17 18 19 20 21	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My recollection is that the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Commons had a
17 18 19 20 21 22	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My recollection is that the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Commons had a briefly on the sanction to understand what it fully meant.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My recollection is that the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Commons had a briefly on the sanction to understand what it fully meant. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Was there a meeting
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My recollection is that the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Commons had a briefly on the sanction to understand what it fully meant. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Was there a meeting with you personally?
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	that, did the Government of Canada, including any security intelligence agencies or Global Affairs Canada, reach out to you to inform you that you had been sanctioned by the PRC? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My recollection is that the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Commons had a briefly on the sanction to understand what it fully meant. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Was there a meeting with you personally? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: To my recollection, no.

CHONG

sanctions? 1 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Essentially two things; 2 they prevent me from travelling to the People's Republic of 3 China, and secondly, the language is somewhat vague, but they 4 prohibit anybody who is a PRC national or any entity in the 5 6 PRC from doing business with me. And so those are the two 7 elements of the sanction. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And has anybody 8 9 within the Government of Canada, any government official, including anyone from any department or agency, given you any 10 quidance as to how to navigate those sanctions; what it might 11 mean; what situations it may or may not apply to; what you 12 13 should or shouldn't do? Anything to that -- of that nature? 14 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, but in my situation I have no business dealings with any individuals or entities 15 within the PRC, and secondly, the second element of the 16 sanction which is not to travel to the PRC is pretty 17 clearcut. 18 19 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And how has being sanctioned been impacted, if at all, your work as a 20 member of Parliament? 21 22 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It hasn't impacted -well, it hasn't negatively impacted my work. In fact, it's 23 only emboldened it because it confirmed, in our view, that 24 our work in opposition was being effective, to the point 25 where the government of the PRC felt that it had to counter 26 our work by sanctioning me. So it only confirmed, in our 27 view, that we were being effective in the work that we were 28

1	doing.
2	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: But what about you as
3	a individually, personally, has it had an effect on you
4	personally?
5	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, I worry about my
6	extended family in the PRC. But, you know, that's not going
7	to detract me from my obligations as an MP.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And at paragraph 44
9	of your Stage 2 interview summary, you indicate that the
10	PRC's tactics have had a chilling effect on MPs, given the
11	electoral consequences of speaking out against the PRC
12	government. And now we're just talking about tactics at
13	large, not necessarily sanctions.
14	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Sure.
15	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: But I just wanted you
1516	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: But I just wanted you to maybe expand on that thought.
16	to maybe expand on that thought.
16 17	to maybe expand on that thought. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are
16 17 18	to maybe expand on that thought. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics
16 17 18 19	to maybe expand on that thought. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does
16 17 18 19 20	to maybe expand on that thought. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does impact their work.
16 17 18 19 20 21	to maybe expand on that thought. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does impact their work. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Sorry, Mr. Chong. Can
16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does impact their work. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Sorry, Mr. Chong. Can you tell me when you are saying about these tactics, what are
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does impact their work. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Sorry, Mr. Chong. Can you tell me when you are saying about these tactics, what are you referring to in terms of tactics? Not the sanctions
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does impact their work. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Sorry, Mr. Chong. Can you tell me when you are saying about these tactics, what are you referring to in terms of tactics? Not the sanctions themselves?
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I think there are some MPs who feel pressure from these kinds of tactics because of the electoral considerations. I think that does impact their work. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Sorry, Mr. Chong. Can you tell me when you are saying about these tactics, what are you referring to in terms of tactics? Not the sanctions themselves? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I'm talking more broadly

1	certain actions in the House of Commons or its committees.
2	You know, for example, I recall an incident
3	several parliaments ago where a committee was had decided
4	to undertake a study of a particular issue around the PRC,
5	and got a very angry series of phone calls from the PRC
6	mission here. Now, for most MPs that's not going to impact
7	the way they work. But for some MPs, it could it does
8	have an impact, particularly if they feel electoral pressure
9	within their riding from certain parts of the diaspora
10	communities.
11	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And just going back
12	to the sanction for a minute. If there were members of
13	parliament with business interests in China, that could
14	impact perhaps their willingness to engage in these types of
15	issues?
15 16	issues? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
16	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
16 17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your
16 17 18	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC
16 17 18 19	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC tactics in fact impacted the willingness of fellow MPs to
16 17 18 19 20	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC tactics in fact impacted the willingness of fellow MPs to engage in these issues?
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16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC tactics in fact impacted the willingness of fellow MPs to engage in these issues? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think it's I think there is two answers to that question. One is some MPs wear
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC tactics in fact impacted the willingness of fellow MPs to engage in these issues? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think it's I think there is two answers to that question. One is some MPs wear the sanctions as a badge of pride, and view it as, you know,
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC tactics in fact impacted the willingness of fellow MPs to engage in these issues? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think it's I think there is two answers to that question. One is some MPs wear the sanctions as a badge of pride, and view it as, you know, an indication that their work is effective. Other MPs, and
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And to your knowledge, has a threat of sanctions or the risk of other PRC tactics in fact impacted the willingness of fellow MPs to engage in these issues? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think it's I think there is two answers to that question. One is some MPs wear the sanctions as a badge of pride, and view it as, you know, an indication that their work is effective. Other MPs, and this is a much narrower group, I think, feel the negative

1	Now, I want to take you to one of the topical
2	summaries that was introduced into evidence this morning.
3	And it's at CAN.SUM000017. It's entitled "PRC Interest in
4	Michael Chong".
5	And again, as we heard earlier this morning,
6	this is an unclassified document summarizing some classified
7	intelligence held by security and intelligence agencies and
8	departments on the PRC's interest in you, and the flow of
9	information regarding that interest. And it was prepared at
10	the request of Commission counsel.
11	And as we can see on that first page, if we
12	just scroll down that first page, we can see that there is a
13	long page of caveats, and so we will keep those caveats in
14	mind as we go through this document.
15	If we go to page number 2? Yeah, that first
16	paragraph there. Yeah. And it seems to be discussing your
17	sponsoring of the opposition motion regarding the Uyghur
18	genocide, as we discussed earlier this morning, and the PRC
19	sanctions against you and the members of the House of Commons
20	subcommittee on March 27, 2021.
21	And if we just go down to the second
22	paragraph yeah, there we go. And very crudely, the second
23	paragraph states that the PRC sanctions did not extend to
24	your family members. It's a bit more detail than that, but
25	I'm just summarizing for the sake of time.
26	And the third paragraph, if we go down, and I
27	will read this one, states:

"In May 2021 a CSIS Issues Management

1	Brief was disseminated to a
2	restricted distribution list which
3	included the Minister of Public
4	Safety Canada (PS), the Chief of
5	Staff (CoS) to the Minister of
6	P[ublic] S[afety], the Deputy
7	Minister of P[ublic] S[afety], and
8	the National Security Intelligence
9	Advisor to the Prime Minister (NSIA).
10	This brief provided information that
11	MP Chong was of active interest to
12	the PRC Mission in Canada. Document
13	tracking procedures in place at the
14	time could not confirm in every case
15	that the intended recipient(s) had
16	received or read the material."
17	And I understand you have had a chance to
18	review this document before today; is that right?
19	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
20	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Thank you.
21	So this issues management brief that is
22	referenced in the third paragraph, the last sentence there
23	says that the tracking procedures could not confirm that
24	every intended recipient had received or read that material,
25	which is the issues management brief. And we expect that the
26	then Minister of Public Safety, Bill Blair, who is on this
27	distribution list, as we can see in this third paragraph, did
28	not in fact see or read this issues management brief at the

1	time it was disseminated. So I wanted to just give you an
2	opportunity to respond to that expected evidence.
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I find that concerning
4	and disturbing. Issues management notes, or IMUs, issues
5	management briefs, are specific intelligence products
6	produced by CISIS to flag issues of concern to Ministers and
7	exempt political staff.
8	This is a government, all governments, but
9	this government in particular, is a government that runs
10	almost exclusively on issues management. The issues of the
11	day drive the government's agenda, and not the other way
12	around. This is a particular characteristic of modern
13	governments in Canada, but particularly this Trudeau
14	government.
15	And so, for an issues management note
16	flagging an issue of concern from CSIS to a Minister and
17	their political staff, not to be read or seen is to me,
18	inconsistent with how this government operates.
19	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, if you go to the
20	fourth paragraph it says:
21	"Three CSIS intelligence reports
22	referencing this matter were sent to
23	restricted distribution lists at
24	relevant Government of Canada
25	departments and agencies prior to May
26	2021. The reports were disseminated
27	by secure email to individuals and
28	departmental contacts for

1	distribution to appropriate
2	recipients."
3	And it doesn't specify there the agencies or
4	departments, but in paragraph 5 there's a bit more
5	information:
6	"The named recipients list for the
7	reports included the Deputy Minister
8	of P[ublic] S[afety] and the Minister
9	of P[ublic] S[afety]. In accordance
10	with document tracking procedures in
11	place at the time, two copies of the
12	reports were delivered to the Deputy
13	Minister's office: one for the Deputy
14	Minister of P[ublic] S[afety], and
15	one for onwards transmittal to the
16	Minister."
17	Now, we expect Minister Blair's evidence to
18	be that he also did not see these three prior intelligence
19	products that are referenced at paragraph 4 of this summary.
20	And again, just wanted to give you a chance to respond to
21	that expected evidence.
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, to me it seems that
23	it's either one of two things. It's inconsistent with the
24	practice of this government, or alternatively, it's alarming
25	incompetence not to be reading and actioning intelligence
26	that is being sent up the chain to the highest levels.
27	These three paragraphs highlight that there
28	were a total of five intelligence products, including the

1	July 2021 intelligence assessment, that were sent to the most
2	senior levels of the government on five separate occasions.
3	And for all five products to have ended up in the ether with
4	not a single person having read or recall reading one of
5	these products is astounding and makes me actually, quite
6	concerned and worried about our national security.
7	If products like this are not being read, you
8	know, it's highly concerning. You know, that's my reaction.
9	That it's either inconsistent with the practices of this
10	government, or alternatively it's a gross negligence in
11	failing to read important national security documents and act
12	on them.
13	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And just for
14	completeness, I'll take you to CAN008242.
15	EXHIBIT NO. CAN008242:
16	MD on Accountability
17	THE REGISTRAR: One moment, please.
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And this
19	document is entitled MD on Accountability. We understand
20	that to mean Ministerial Directive on Accountability. And it
21	appears to be a CSIS produced document outlining CSIS' view
22	that it provided the required documents to the appropriate
23	people on the issue relating to the PRC's interest in you.
24	And I just want to take you to the second
25	page, the third bullet point, just because it provides a
26	little bit more information there.
27	Third bullet. Yes. Sorry, go down a little
28	bit more. Yeah, where it says "Prior to May" We just want

1	to see that full bullet. Yeah.
2	"Prior to May 2021, CSIS shared
3	[redacted] intelligence reports that
4	discussed PRC foreign interference
5	efforts against Michael Chong. These
6	reports were shared to named senior
7	officials, including:"
8	And I just want you to keep scrolling down so
9	we can see the list. Okay. There we go.
10	So we have:
11	"The Clerk of the Privy Council, the
12	National Security and Intelligence
13	Advisor and others at the Privy
14	Council Office;
15	Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs
16	and others at Global Affairs Canada,
17	the Deputy Minister of National
18	Defence and others at the Department
19	of National Defence;
20	The Chief of the Communications
21	Security Establishment and others at
22	the Communications Security
23	Establishment;
24	The Minister and Deputy Minister of
25	Public Safety, and others at Public
26	Safety Canada."
27	So this document seems to have some more
28	information about who received intelligence products pre-May

1	of 2021 related to the PRC's interest in you. And I just
2	wanted to get your comments on this list?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It's a large list. My
4	count is that it's at least 10 individuals. So there are
5	five individual enumerated and then there are others who are
6	unenumerated, and so if you count that up, it's at least 10
7	people who would have received these intelligence products
8	prior to May of 2021.
9	Again, this was widely disseminated by CSIS
10	within the Government of Canada. As I understand how CSIS
11	operates, it produces intelligence and it disseminates to
12	nodes within the Government of Canada for their action. And
13	so it seems to me that CSIS did its job in conveying that
14	intelligence and those intelligence products to the
15	appropriate parts of the Government of Canada, the most
16	senior parts, the central agencies, you know, the senior
17	departments responsible for security, and nothing happened.
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So we'll get to that.
19	I just want to take you back to CAN.SUM17, which is the
20	Topical Summary, and I want to take you to the sixth
21	paragraph.
22	Just the numbered six. I think it's on the
23	second or third page. Yeah, there we go.
24	"On June 25^{th} , 2021 , at the first
25	meeting with MP Chong, CSIS provided
26	him an unclassified security briefing
27	to sensitize him to threat activities
28	of concern, and to provide advice

1	regarding best security awareness
2	practices. MP Chong met with CSIS a
3	number of times following this
4	briefing."
5	So I understand this is in reference to an
6	unclassified briefing that you had in June of 2021, ahead of
7	the 2021 General Election. Is that right?
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And before we
10	look at that unclassified briefing, I just wanted to ask you
11	about the last sentence there:
12	"MP Chong met with CSIS a number of
13	times following this briefing."
14	Do you recall meeting with CSIS several times
15	between June of 2021 and May of 2023?
16	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I do.
17	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. So I'm going
18	to ask the Court Operator to pull up a document which lists
19	Mr. Chong's meetings with CSIS.
20	And just for the parties' awareness, this
21	document is not currently in the party database, but it will
22	be made available, and the document ID will be indicated at
23	that time.
24	Thank you.
25	So can you tell me who prepared this
26	document?
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I did.
28	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And when did

you prepare this document? 1 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: In May of 2023. 2 3 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And it's entitled Records of MP Michael Chong's Meetings with CSIS. 4 And as you noted, it's dated May 17, 2023. 5 6 And why did you put this document together? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Just to refresh my 7 memory. So I'm -- I was -- I just wanted to get my dates and 8 facts straight, so we went through our calendars and notes 9 and enumerated the four meetings that I had with CSIS. All -10 - the first meeting was the meeting that you just referenced, 11 which was CSIS providing me a briefing of general application 12 13 about foreign interference threats, what they were all about, 14 and how MPs could protect themselves. I was the first MP to get briefed in June of 2021. They then asked me at the end 15 of the briefing if I thought it was a good idea to do this. 16 I indicated it was. I thought it was a very good idea. They 17 indicated they were going to start briefing other MPs as 18 19 well. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: I'm just going to 20 21 stop you right there just for a second. 22 If we could go down a little bit on the document? I just want to see more of it. Thank you. 23 And before you go on, were any of these 24 meetings, to your understanding, classified meetings? 25 26 MR. MICHEAL CHONG: No, they were not. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okav. Were ---27 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: At the end of the first 28

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meeting, CSIS officials indicated to me that they would like 1 to keep the channels of communication open. I agreed. And 2 then subsequent to that, they reached out to me three teams, 3 in meeting two, three, and four, asking to meet, and I 4 agreed, and we met. 5 6 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So is it correct that these meetings were at their initiative? 7 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. 8 9 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: And they were soliciting 10 information from me, if I had -- you know, asking me 11 questions that are outlined here. 12 13 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And at any 14 point, did they convey to you any classified information? 15 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: No. And none of 16 these took place in a classified setting? 17 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No. They took place in a 18 19 coffee shop and in my constituency office. 20 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Thank you. 21 And you said that the purpose appeared to be them soliciting 22 information from you? Is that right? 23 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right. 24 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And were you given any information in these meetings? 25 26 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, I was asked questions. 27

MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. So fair to say

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that in none of these meetings you were told that you were of 1 PRC interest or your family was of interest to the PRC? 2 3 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And so you 4 testified at Stage 1 that you did not have any further 5 6 briefings with CSIS between June of 2021 and May of 2023? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. 7 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And you don't 8 9 consider these meetings to be briefings? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I consider the first 10 meeting, meeting one on Thursday, June 24th, to be a 11 briefing, ---12 13 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Right. 14 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: --- but not the other three. 15 16 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And I would just note a difference between the date that you have on your 17 document and the Topical Summary, which indicates the meeting 18 19 took place on June 25th. I don't think anything turns on it, but I'm just wondering how certain you are that it was on the 20 24th? 21 22 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I'm very certain it was on the 24^{th} because on the 25^{th} in the afternoon I was I think 23 24 picking up my son from high school or something like that. So I couldn't have been both at home and in downtown Toronto 25 at the same time. 26 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Fair enough. 27 to go back then to this first briefing, June $24^{\rm th}$, 2021, this 28

1	was the first briefing that you had had with CSIS; correct?
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And what did you
4	understand the purpose of the briefing to be?
5	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: The purpose of the
6	briefing was to begin briefing all MPs about the nature of
7	foreign interference threat activities and how they could
8	protect themselves against foreign interference threat
9	activities.
10	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And in your evidence
11	in Stage 1, you referred to it as a briefing of general
12	application?
13	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right.
14	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Is that right? Okay.
15	And was there anything conveyed to you that was actionable?
16	Anything you could take away and implement in your life to
17	try and protect yourself?
18	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, there were general
19	I can't recall the specifics, but there was general advice
20	on how to protect oneself, how to identify, you know,
21	generally, foreign interference threat activities. I can't
22	recall exactly what the specific advice was, though. It was
23	a PowerPoint presentation, as I recall.
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Fair enough.
25	And was it conveyed to you in that briefing
26	in 2021 that you were of PRC interest, that your family was
27	of PRC interest, anything of that nature relating to you
28	specifically?

1	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I was not told that there
2	were PRC individuals in Canada targeting me or my family, no.
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
4	Now, I want to understand whether, in your
5	view, CSIS should have conveyed that information to you in
6	that June briefing.
7	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, I think I think
8	that's a separate and distinct issue. This briefing that
9	took place on June 24th, 2021 was a briefing intended to
10	brief all MPs about the nature of foreign interference
11	activities and how in general they could identify them, their
12	characteristics and how they could protect themselves in
13	general.
14	I think the specific threats about that
15	were directed toward me by the PRC Consular official in
16	Toronto is a separate and distinct issue, and I think I
17	should have been informed of that separately. This briefing
18	that began on these briefings of MPs that began on June
19	24th, that's a whole separate initiative that CSIS had gotter
20	approval for, you know, in order to strengthen generally
21	Parliament against these threats. I think specific threat
22	against me I should have been informed about through a
23	separate process.
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And so we know
25	that by this time, June of 2021, there is the issues
26	management brief and there's three other pre-May of 2021
27	intelligence products which seem to indicate that you are of
28	PRC interest and your family as well.

1	In your view, then, whose responsibility was
2	it to brief you on that at that time?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think the ultimate
4	responsibility was the Prime Minister's. I think the Prime
5	Minister should have approved either the Prime Minister
6	himself or through his designates through his approval should
7	have granted authorization to CSIS or to someone else within
8	the Government of Canada to brief me.
9	You know, I note that, you know, by in
10	2018, the Prime Minister was informed several times of the
11	existential threat that the PRC's foreign interference threat
12	activities presented to Parliament. The words of CSIS, if I
13	recall correctly, was "existential". That's a very strong
14	word for an intelligence agency to use.
15	He was also informed at the time clearly
16	through NSICOP and through other government reports that the
17	measures that had been put in place by the Government of
18	Canada at that time such as SITE, such as the task force,
19	such as the protocol, were insufficient to protect against
20	this existential threat, and that additional measures needed
21	to be put in place.
22	And so subsequent to that, in December 2019,
23	the Clerk of the Privy Council went to the Prime Minister
24	seeking approval for a broader action plan to protect
25	Parliament against and other parts of our democracy
26	against this existential threat. The Prime Minister withheld
27	his approval.
28	Subsequent to that, a year later, the NSIA

1	revisited that initiative and, in December 2020, went to the
2	Prime Minister seeking approval for that action plan. Again,
3	approval was withheld. And my understanding is that one of
4	the elements of that action plan was to provide a briefing of
5	general application to all MPs, so that was one element that
6	proceeded after December 2020 and, obviously, I was the first
7	MP to be briefed in June of that subsequent year.
8	However, the NSIA resurrected that overall
9	action plan in February of 2022 for a third time just over a
10	year later, and again, no approval was granted.
11	So I just note that because this alone wasn't
12	sufficient, and clearly the most senior echelons of the
13	public service understood that as well, which is why they
14	sought broader approval for a broader action plan, which was
15	not granted.
16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And now you mentioned
17	several reports. I just want to ask your source of that
18	information that you say is contained in the NSICOP report
19	and the NSIRA report. Your sources is the report themselves.
20	Is that
21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right.
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: correct?
23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So you're basing it
25	on what is in those reports.
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I'm basing it on
27	the findings of fact in those reports.

MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So we know that in

time.

May of 2023 you did have a classified briefing in which 1 information was conveyed to you. I just wanted to just be 2 3 clear. In these meetings, you did not -- you were 4 not conveyed that information, the ones that are listed in 5 6 this document. At any time between your unclassified 7 briefing in June of 2021 and your classified briefing on May 2nd, 2023, were you told by any government official, 8 including anyone from our security and intelligence agencies 9 or departments, that you were of -- a target of PRC interest 10 and your family as well? 11 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I was not. 12 13 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Thank you. 14 And we can take the document down. 15 you. 16 Yeah, we can take that one down as well. 17 Thanks. Okay. So I want to take you now to May 1st, 18 19 2023. And you indicate in your Stage 1 interview summary addendum at paragraph 7 that, on that day, May 1st, 2023, you 20 read reporting in The Globe and Mail that a diplomat working 21 22 from the PRC Consulate in Toronto had been gathering information about you since 2020 to further target you and 23 your extended family in Hong Kong. 24 25 Was this reporting the first time that you 26 had heard this information? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, it was the first 27

1	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And what was your
2	reaction upon learning this?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I was disappointed that I
4	had to read about this on the front page of The Globe and
5	Mail and I was you know, I feared for my country that our
6	institutions, our state capacity was unable to inform me
7	about this threat in a proper manner rather than having to
8	read it on the front page of The Globe and Mail.
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, I understand the
10	next day, on May 2nd, you had a classified briefing. Is that
11	correct?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That is correct.
13	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And can you walk us
14	through the events from your perspective of how that
15	unfolded, how what led to that and how it all kind of came
16	about from your standpoint?
17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, again, as I said
18	earlier, this is a government that's driven by issues
19	management, and so I got that briefing because the issue of
20	the day was that The Globe and Mail had published this story
21	on its front page.
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So
23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: And that's what spurred
24	the government to provide me with that briefing.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So how did you who
26	organized it, how did it come together?
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I was contacted I was
28	contacted earlier that day and asked if I could be willing to

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meet with the Prime Minister. I indicated I was willing to 1 meet with him. I did not know -- I assumed it was tied to 2 The Globe and Mail report, but I did not know that. 3 So I went to the meeting. That meeting -- in 4 that meeting, the Prime Minister was present, some of his 5 6 political staff were present, and the National Security and Intelligence Advisor, Jody Thomas, was present, as was the 7 CSIS Director, David Vigneault. 8 9 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And in the addendum to your Stage 1 summary, you indicate that the 10 briefing confirmed the information reported in The Global and 11 Mail. Is that correct? 12 13 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That is -- that is 14 correct. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you also indicate 15 that CSIS Director David Vigneault provided additional 16 details in that briefing than what had been reported. 17 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That is correct. He, 18 19 under threat reduction measures, under law, declassified certain parts of the July 2021 intelligence assessment and 20 read them to me at that time. 21 22 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And by "declassify" -- I just want to make sure that we're clear with the 23 terminology -- he provided you with classified information. 24 Is that what you mean? 25 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right. Under 26 threat reduction measures. 27

MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

1	And I'm going to take you to CAN.DOC.21. And
2	this is a document that was previously put into evidence in
3	Stage 1 of our hearings. It is a summary of the information
4	provided to you on May 2023. It's a summary of the publicly
5	disclosable information that was provided to you on that day,
6	and it was prepared by the Government of Canada at the
7	request of the Commission.
8	And so if we go down, it is again subject to
9	many caveats as we go down.
10	Thank you.
11	And the second paragraph there:
12	"Following a brief discussion that
13	included the Prime Minister, NSIA,
14	CSIS Director, and Mr. Chong, the
15	Prime Minister and four PMO staffers
16	exited the room. Director Vigneault
17	then informed Mr. Chong that, given
18	the parameters of the CSIS Act, the
19	information he would be sharing would
20	fall under section 12.1, threat
21	reduction measures, and emphasized
22	what was being shared next was
23	classified information. CSIS'
24	Director proceeded to verbally share
25	key elements of CSIS Intelligence
26	Assessment 2021-22/31 titled 'PRC
27	Foreign Interference in Canada: A
28	Critical National Security Threat'

1	with Mr. Chong. Director Vigneault
2	also raised the defensive briefing
3	Mr. Chong had previously received.
4	Mr. Chong indicated he appreciated
5	the brief, noting that the content
6	was general."
7	So in your Stage 2 interview summary, you
8	indicate that Mr. Vigneault read two paragraphs of the report
9	that is referenced here, PRC Foreign Interference in Canada:
10	A Critical National Security Threat. Is that right?
11	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
12	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And he also raised
13	the defensive briefing that you had previously received.
14	This is in reference to the June 2021 unclassified briefing.
15	Is that right?
16	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
17	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And if we go to the
18	nout nousely it court
	next paragraph, it says:
19	next paragraph, it says: "Director Vigneault sought to clarify
19 20	
	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify
20	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify and articulate the accurate
20 21	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify and articulate the accurate interpretation of the word 'target'
20 21 22	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify and articulate the accurate interpretation of the word 'target' in the CSIS Intelligence Assessment
20212223	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify and articulate the accurate interpretation of the word 'target' in the CSIS Intelligence Assessment Report and to correct the mistaken
2021222324	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify and articulate the accurate interpretation of the word 'target' in the CSIS Intelligence Assessment Report and to correct the mistaken narrative referenced in media
202122232425	"Director Vigneault sought to clarify and articulate the accurate interpretation of the word 'target' in the CSIS Intelligence Assessment Report and to correct the mistaken narrative referenced in media articles with reference to Mr. Chong.

1	members of his family. CSIS had no
2	intelligence of PRC intent to cause
3	physical harm."
4	So after this briefing, you did not
5	understand the term "target" to mean any intent to do
6	physical harm to you or to your extended family. Is that
7	correct?
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It's more nuanced than
9	that. This is correct.
10	What Mr. Vigneault indicated was that
11	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And I'm just going to
12	make sure that we I probably should have told you this
13	before. We are not looking to elicit any classified
14	information, so just I'm just going to ask you to be
15	careful about what it is that you're going to tell us, and
16	moving forward in the rest of the examination as well.
17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Sure.
18	What Mr. Vigneault indicated was that the PRC
19	was gathering covertly information about me and my family in
20	order to potentially target them in the future rather than
21	the PRC was targeting me and my family presently.
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. So gathering
23	information from you presently in order to
24	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: About me.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: About you
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: About me
27	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: right.
28	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: and my family

1	presently in for future potential targeting. That's the
2	nuance he wanted to clarify about The Globe and Mail report.
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Thank you.
4	And in brief, we will also look at another
5	topical summary which was entered into evidence today in
6	which and I'll take you to it in a second, but the GOC in
7	that summary the Government of Canada, sorry. I speak in
8	acronyms now.
9	The Government of Canada explains that
10	"target" means a heightened interest in an individual for the
11	purpose of influence activities.
12	Does that accord with your understanding of
13	the PRC's targeting of you and your family?
14	And I can read it again. It's heightened
15	interest so "targeting" means heightened interest in an
16	individual for the purpose of influence activities.
17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think it's much broader
18	than that.
19	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. So you
20	understood that the targeting to you and your family was
21	broader than what is defined in CAN.SUM.18
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes.
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: that we'll see in
24	a second.
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So in your Stage 2
27	interview summary, you indicate that the May 2nd classified
28	briefing that you received was occurring pursuant to an

1	emergency and under exigent circumstances and that it did not
2	appear to be a controlled way to release information.
3	I just wanted you to expand on that notion.
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, it the
5	government that day was in full panic mode because of The
6	Globe and Mail report, and so, you know, the Prime Minister
7	rearranged his schedule, called in two of the most senior
8	intelligence officials within the Government of Canada to
9	meet with me to provide me with this classified briefing.
10	I don't think that this is the way in which
11	classified information should be briefed to members of
12	Parliament who have been directly you know, who are the
13	subjects of foreign interference threat activities.
14	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So your understanding
15	was this was not a pre-planned meeting that was scheduled a
16	long time ago, it was going to happen in any event.
17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, quite the opposite.
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And in your
19	view, was this briefing effective in the sense that it gave
20	you information that you could then action and to use to
21	better protect yourself?
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, the briefing was
23	effective and I would have preferred that I would that I
24	had received it two years earlier rather than in May of 2023.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And did you, in fact,
26	take any specific steps to then protect yourself or your
27	
21	family without necessarily saying what steps you took? But

1	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes.
2	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: of that?
3	Okay. Thank you.
4	Now, as someone who was the target of foreign
5	interference as was disclosed to you in this briefing, do you
6	think this type of information should be disclosed to the
7	public at large? And this is kind of a greater question
8	relating to how much intelligence should be shared with the
9	public.
10	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I do. I think one
11	of the best practices that has emerged in the last several
12	years in peer democracies to counter this new and increasing
13	threat of foreign interference threat activities from
14	authoritarian states is sunlight and transparency.
15	The we are seeing increasingly in other
16	democracies intelligence being publicly released as a way to
17	insulate and protect the public from threats. We've seen
18	that south of the border in the United States. We've also
19	seen it in the United Kingdom. We've seen it in Europe where
20	intelligence officials release classified information in
21	order to harden their institutions against foreign
22	interference threat activities.
23	I think, for example, in the United Kingdom
24	Parliament just a couple of years ago, a PRC agent had
25	infiltrated the House of Commons and MI-5 decided to publicly
26	release her name through the Speaker's Office in order to
27	inform not just the 600 or so members of Parliament, but the
28	entire country, that this individual was a threat.

1	I thought that unfolded in a very controlled
2	and responsible manner. Individual MPs who were being
3	targeted by this individual took measures to protect
4	themselves and the integrity of the institution was
5	strengthened in that way. And I think those are that's an
6	example of the best practice that I think we should be
7	adopting here.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, in your
9	interview summary you also referred to a culture of secrecy
10	in Ottawa, by which I assume you're referring to the
11	Government of Canada or the federal government.
12	Can you explain what you mean by this culture
13	of secrecy?
14	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, I we get little
15	information from the government in Parliament when we ask for
16	it. The public gets very little information about what is
17	going on.
18	There are countless examples of where we
19	learn about classified information from abroad rather than
20	from our own government. There are countless examples of
21	this in the last decade where, you know, American news
22	sources or British news sources will report on information
23	that they have learned via their intelligence community that
24	originated in Canada that even our news organizations and our
25	public and our Parliament is not yet made aware of.
26	So you know, I think we're in a new era of
27	information and I think the problem with keeping information
28	secret is that you're going to end up with leaks and rumours

1	that only undermine our institutions. And so I think the
2	government needs to release a lot more information in a
3	controlled manner in order not only to harden our
4	institutions against these threats, but also to pre-empt
5	rumour and leaks from happening, which are inevitable in an
6	information age.
7	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And how do you
8	respond to the concern that there is an inherent risk in
9	releasing information that could potentially identify human
10	sources, or compromise assets, or otherwise be injurious to
11	the county?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well I would say two
13	things. First, intelligence is not meant to be produced and
14	then locked up in a black box for nobody else to ever see or
15	read about or action. That's not the purpose of
16	intelligence. We don't collect intelligence the
17	Government of Canada doesn't collect intelligence for
18	collecting intelligence's sake. They collect it in order for
19	it to be used.
20	And the second part to the answer is that in
21	this day and age, I think we have been an example of what
22	happens when you don't release intelligence. Arguably, our
23	national security has been more damaged in the last 36 months
24	because of the government's inability to release intelligence
25	in a controlled and thoughtful manner than it would have been
26	if they had released classified information in a controlled
27	and thoughtful manner.

And so I think there's been tremendous damage

1	done to national security in the last several years because
2	of the way classified information has been released in this
3	uncontrolled manner.
4	So I think the solution is to release it in a
5	controlled manner, much more than what has been as practiced.
6	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And have you had any
7	further briefings, whether classified or unclassified, since
8	May of 2023?
9	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No.
10	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And have you received
11	any additional information directly from Government of Canada
12	officials, security intelligence agencies, relating to the
13	PRC's targeting of you since May of 2023?
14	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well I had an incident
15	where I sought information, but I was unable to obtain it.
16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay.
17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Do you want me to speak
18	to that? This is the incident where I was approached by an
19	individual who had been
20	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Sure. Okay. So you
21	can share that with us.
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Sure. So about a year
23	ago, I was approached by an individual here in Ottawa that I
24	faintly recognized, and after who offered to provide
25	assistance, politically, political support and assistance.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Do you know what kind
27	of political support and assistance?

MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Help with elections, help

1	with political advice here on the Hill, just general
2	political support,
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay.
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: as a volunteer. And
5	subsequent to that meeting, I had a faint recollection that I
6	recognized this individual, and I looked this individual up
7	and it turned out that they were previously employed by the
8	Privy Council Office and they had been terminated for cause
9	20 years ago for being a threat to the security of Canada,
10	and for disloyalty to Canada, and for being an agent of the
11	People's Republic of China.
12	I sought information from CSIS and from the
13	NSIA about whether or not this individual still constituted a
14	threat to the security of Canada and I did not receive an
15	answer.
16	Subsequent to that, I re-inquired and I was
17	informed that all the documents for this individual had been
18	destroyed and they had no information on this individual.
19	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And who
20	provided that response to you?
21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That response to me was
22	provided by the NSIA.
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And who was that at
24	the time?
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Jody Thomas.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Jody Thomas. Thank
27	you. I want to take you to Can.Sum.18. And this is I
28	referenced this document earlier without pulling it up. It's

1	a Topical Summary which was entered into evidence earlier
2	this morning. It's entitled Targeting of parliamentarians.
3	And as with the other Topical Summary, it is also subject to
4	a page of caveats.
5	And if we can keep going past the caveats? I
6	just want to look at the second if we keep going down,
7	please? Thank you. No, go up now. Just between paragraphs
8	2 and 5. Just so we can see that. Yes. Thank you.
9	So paragraph 3 says:
10	"Some federal MPs have been targeted
11	by the PRC in relation to their
12	positions on a number of issues of
13	relevance to the PRC. This is mainly
14	through overt influence activities,
15	but CSIS assesses that some have also
16	been targeted through clandestine,
17	deceptive, and/or coercive activity."
18	and paragraph four reads:
19	"As one example, the PRC took initial
20	steps to try to influence MPs to vote
21	against a February 2021 motion in the
22	House of Commons recognizing the PRC
23	treatment of Uyghur and other Turkic
24	Muslims as a genocide. This included
25	diplomatic activities with the intent
26	to influence MPs to vote against the
27	motion. The motion passed 266-0."
28	So I just wanted to ask you, you've had a

1	chance to review this document as well? Is that right?
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And I wanted to ask
4	you whether you were aware of any PRC attempts of overt
5	influence in relation to the Uyghur genocide motion as is
6	laid out in paragraph 4?
7	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Not at the time, no.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Are you aware of any
9	attempts to influence today, looking back?
10	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I can't recall.
11	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Thank you.
12	I'm going to take you to CAN.12593_R01.
13	EXHIBIT NO. CAN012593 R01:
14	Threat Reduction Measure: PRC
15	[redacted] members of Parliament
16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And this is a
17	memorandum to the Minister, and this is a CSIS document. And
18	it is a memorandum from David Vigneault, Director of CSIS, to
19	the Minister of Public Safety. And the summary has some
20	redactions in it.
21	If we keep going down? Yeah, so keep going
22	down. It talks about the background that led to this memo.
23	If you keep going down, I think there might be a blank page.
24	Yeah. Okay. Keep going. So we'll just stop right there.
25	And go up to the blue portion. Thank you.
26	And this appears to be this document
27	appears to be a memorandum from the Director of CSIS to the
28	Minister of Public Safety, as I mentioned, requesting

1	approval for briefings to affected parliamentarians under the
2	threat reduction measures.
3	And if we go just down to the very bottom,
4	actually, of the memo itself? Keep going down. Just looking
5	for the signature line. Keep going up. I think it might be
6	on top. There we go.
7	And so we see that it is signed by Marco
8	Mendicino, who is the Minister of Public Safety. And it is
9	dated 2023-05-18, so May 18 of 2023.
10	So I understand that this document approved
11	the threat reduction measures meeting that you had with CSIS
12	on May 2^{nd} , 2023. Does this generally accord we see that
13	it was actually signed on the $18^{\rm th}$ of May. Does that
14	generally accord with your evidence that it appeared that the
15	meeting on the $2^{\rm nd}$ was not a controlled release of
16	information?
17	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And we can take that
19	document down now.
20	Now, my understanding is that on May 2^{nd} ,
21	2023, so six days after your briefing, seven days after the
22	Globe and Mail article, a PRC consular official, Wei Zhao, a
23	persona non grata. Do you have any comments about the timing
24	of this expulsion of the PRC consular?
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, the individual was
26	expelled on the Government of Canada's own public statement
27	it issued on the Global Affairs Canada website for engaging
28	in foreign interference threat activities here on Canadian

1	soil, which was the gathering covertly of information about
2	me and my family. And so, my understanding is that he was
3	expelled because the covert collection of information by
4	accredited diplomats and consular officials runs contrary to
5	the principles of the Vienna Convention, and he was declared
6	persona non grata on that basis.
7	The covert collection of intelligence is
8	runs counter to the principles of the Vienna Convention.
9	That is a conclusion that the Government of Canada's own
10	NSIRA report concluded about the global security reporting
11	program. That report was released late last year. And the
12	Government of Canada has said that it accepts all the
13	findings and recommendations of that report.
14	So it's not just actioning information
15	collected, it's the process of collecting information
16	covertly that runs contrary to the principles of the Vienna
17	Convention.
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you have any
19	awareness of how it came about that this individual was
20	declared a persona non grata?
21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, I think again, it
22	all stems from the issues management approach of this
23	government. The $Globe\ and\ Mail\ reported\ this\ on\ May\ 1^{\rm st}$, the
24	government then scrambles to provide me a TRIM briefing the
25	following day. And then subsequently, several days later on
26	May $8^{\rm th}$, I believe it was they declare this consular
27	official, Mr. Wei Zhao, persona non grata because of what the
28	Globe had reported and because of what I had been informed

CHONG

1 about. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, moving on to the 2 3 impact that this has had on you. If we go to paragraph 13 of your Stage 1 interview addendum, and I don't need to take you 4 specifically to it. But at that paragraph you indicated that 5 6 you would have taken certain actions had you been aware of 7 the PRC interest in you earlier. So what impact has the delay in this 8 information reaching you had on you, and what would you have 9 done differently had you known? 10 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, I would have 11 informed my family members in Canada earlier that they were 12 13 potentially being -- that information about them was 14 potentially being gathered. I would have been much more alert, situationally aware of when I took meetings at St. 15 George and Bloor Street in Toronto as I often do when I meet 16 with people at the University of Toronto, which is several 17 blocks down from not only the PRC consulate on St. George 18 19 Street, but also the economic and trade development office of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. 20 I would have probably pressed record on the 21 22 Zoom call during the Puslinch all-candidates debate, and a number of other things that I can't recall right -- I can't 23 think of right now. But I would have been much more 24 situationally aware of -- that this more intense gathering of 25 information about me was going on. 26 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So do vou think if 27 there are intelligence products identifying certain 28

what you mean by that?

1	parliamentarians as being the target of foreign interference,
2	that those parliamentarians should be informed?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Absolutely.
4	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And whose
5	responsibility you had mentioned the Prime Minister. In
6	your case do you believe as a general practice that should be
7	the case, or there is another entity or individual that
8	should be responsible for that?
9	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think the
10	responsibility is the Prime Minister's or somebody he
11	designates. The government's founding governing document,
12	which is found on the privy council's website, is open and
13	accountable government. In that document it clearly states
14	that the Prime Minister has a unique responsibility for three
15	things. For the conduct of federal provincial affairs, for
16	the conduct of international relations, and for national
17	security.
18	He has a unique responsibility for national
19	security. And so ultimately, it is his responsibility to
20	ensure that classified information regarding MPs being the
21	subject of foreign interference threat activities gets to
22	those MPs. Obviously, he can designate somebody to do that,
23	but ultimately either he or somebody he designates is his
24	responsibility.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you also describe
26	in your interview summary that the current approach amounts
27	to killing the result with process. So can you expand on

CHONG

1	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah. This should have
2	been dealt with in parliament. First off, this should have
3	been dealt with this should never have come to this point.
4	The Prime Minister should have the Prime Minister is
5	uniquely responsible for the machinery of government. He not
6	only has a special responsibility for national security, he
7	also is uniquely responsible for the structure of the
8	Government of Canada, how things flow between departments and
9	agencies, and he has a responsibility to ensure that the
10	machinery is set up in a way that national security
11	information flows to the appropriate people.

He obviously did not do that job, despite being requested to do so through the seeking of approval on several occasions post-2018, when he was told that measures in place were not sufficient to protect parliament against these existential threats. And so, he needs to ensure that that machinery is in place.

He needs to -- the -- but the fact that he didn't then should have led to something else, which did not happen. Which is that this matter should have been adjudicated and dealt with on the floor of the House of Commons in its committees. And that was initially the approach when all this foreign interference information started to leak out into the public realm in November of 2022. The Prime Minister committed at the time that he had instructed officials within the Government of Canada to ensure that all documents that could be released would be released to the Procedure and House Affairs Committee that

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activities.

was starting to look into what had happened and get to the 1 bottom of this. Well, that never happened. 2 3 We got very little information at the Procedure and House Affairs Committee, and at other 4 committees. Pages of redactions in documents that led us to 5 6 nowhere. It wasn't only -- it wasn't until further leaks in 7 the media started to -- that continued in early 2023, that in March, I believe it was March 6th, of 2023, that the Prime 8 Minister finally, under much public pressure decided to 9 undertake three initiatives. Refer the matter to NSIRA, 10 refer the matter to NSICOP, and to appoint a Special 11 Rapporteur. 12 13 Well, here we are a year and a half later and 14 we still haven't gotten to the bottom of this. This process is still continuing. The Special Rapporteur eventually led 15 to this process, but the other two processes are complete, 16 the NSICOP and NSIRA report. But again, there's many 17 redactions in those reports and we don't have the information 18 19 we need to take action, you know, with respect to MPs that

And so here we are again, the Prime Minister has -- and the Minister LeBlanc has referred the NSICOP's findings about these unnamed MPs to the Commission, which has decided not to release the names. And so again, we're buried in a mountain of process two years after these revelations have come to light, with no end in sight.

wittingly and knowingly participated in foreign interference

This is not how our institutions should

1	function. This is not how parliament should work, and this
2	is not how the Government of Canada should treat threats to
3	our national security. And that's what I meant when I said
4	we're buried under a mountain of process. This should have
5	been dealt with a long time ago through institutions that
6	could action this and deal with it, instead of drawing this
7	out over many, many years.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you also mention
9	in your summary that the government should flood the zone
10	with information. So can you expand on that notion and is
11	there a chance of overflooding, to continue the analogy?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah. Obviously, there
13	is a chance of overflooding. But we err the government
14	has too often erred in the opposite direction of not
15	releasing any information. And so, we need to release the
16	government needs to release information in a controlled and
17	thoughtful manner, much more than it has been doing. And I
18	would submit to the Commission that that would be that
19	would reduce the injury to national security that we have
20	witnessed over the last several years because of the
21	government's inability to release classified information in a
22	controlled and thoughtful manner.
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So I'm going to take
24	you to CAN.18796. CAN.18796.
25	EXHIBIT NO. CAN018796:
26	Defensive briefings to two members of
27	Parliament regarding PRC foreign
28	interference activity

1	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And if we go down a
2	little bit we have it's dated May $31^{\rm st}$, 2021 and there's a
3	list of email recipients that emails have been redacted. If
4	we go down a little bit more, we can see that the big table
5	in that document says: "CSIS issues management brief."
6	Now, I understand this to be the issues
7	management brief or issues management note, sometimes
8	acronymed $[\operatorname{\it sic}]$ as IMU, that we have been discussing with
9	respect to the PRC's interest in you.
10	If we keep going down to the second page,
11	under where it says "Background", it says:
12	"The PRC maintains an active interest
13	in MPs CHONG and CHIU."
14	And my understanding is that this refers to
15	Kenny Chiu.
16	"CSIS assesses that both are
17	[redacted] targets of PRC Foreign
18	Interference (FI) threat actors."
19	And if we go further down, where it has the
20	writing in blue, and this looks to be sanitized information,
21	meaning it's a summary of what's underneath the redactions,
22	the parts in blue are:
23	"the PRC's interest in Chong includes
24	interest in Chong's relatives who may
25	be in the PRC."
26	Now, this document is now a public exhibit in
27	these hearings with redactions and with the sanitization of
28	information.

1	Do you have any comments about whether
2	security intelligence agencies, at the behest of the Prime
3	Minister, or with appropriate permissions to do so, should be
4	providing me this level of information that we're seeing here
5	in this document to affected parliamentarians in the future?
6	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I think they should
7	be providing this information because it will allow those
8	parliamentarians to take actions to protect themselves, to be
9	situationally aware. I think that's so important. This is
10	the best practice that we've seen in other jurisdictions.
11	That's not that wasn't in place in Canada. And I think
12	it's the reason why we've become a playground for foreign
13	interference threat activities.
14	We have to remember that Canada is a member
15	of the most senior multilateral organizations in the world.
16	We are a member of NATO. We are a member of many important
17	organizations like the World Bank, the IMF. We are one of
18	the closest allies to the United States. We're a member of
19	the G7.
20	And because of all of that, our the
21	government's inability to protect our national security
22	against these foreign interference threat activities has made
23	us a soft target for these kinds of activities from
24	authoritarian states.
25	And I think that's why hardening our system,
26	our institutions, against these threats by conveying more
27	information to MPs about their the threats targeting them
28	is so important. And it's best practice in other Five Eyes

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jurisdictions. We've seen it time and time again. 1 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And what is your view 2 as to whether this level of information that we're seeing 3 here, redactions and sanitization, should also be provided to 4 the public at large? Is that part of the flooding the zone 5 6 of information in your view? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I believe it should 7 8 be provided to the public. 9 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think MPs should be 10 informed first, and then the information should be made 11 public as well. 12 13 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. But you agree that certain information must still be protected by way of 14 redactions, or sanitization, or in the way that we see, for 15 example, in this document? 16 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I do. 17 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: You accept that that 18 19 has to be the case for national security reasons? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Absolutely. I think, you 20 21 know, the vast majority of national -- the vast majority of 22 intelligence should be kept classified and from the public realm, but I think a portion of it should be released to 23 individuals that are the target of these threat activities. 24 A portion should be released -- a lesser portion should be 25 released to the general public. 26 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okav. Thank you. 27

want to take you to MMC21. Can you tell us what this

1	document is?
2	EXHIBIT NO. MMC0000021:
3	117-2023-231 (CSIS) - release - D
4	(CSIS resp Q-1507)
5	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I believe it's a response
6	to an Order Paper question that I put in the House of
7	Commons.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And so maybe you can
9	just explain what an Order Paper question is for people who
10	may not know?
11	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So the House of Commons'
12	primary responsibility is to hold the Government of Canada
13	and the Ministry accountable. There are various rubrics in
14	the House of Commons through which we uphold that
15	constitutional responsibility. There's a question period
16	where we ask questions to the government, which is probably
17	the most high-profile way that Canadians see us holding the
18	government accountable. But another rubric is to submit a
19	question on the Order Paper, which the government then has an
20	obligation to respond to.
21	Often, though as you've probably seen in this
22	document, we don't get any substantive responses.
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay.
24	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So I put this question
25	because after my classified briefing
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And sorry, I just
27	want to go down in the document so we can see the question.
28	It is dated May 5^{th} , 2023, so we see the date. Yeah, just

1	where it says "Question" and then "Response". Yeah, thank
2	you.
3	Sorry. Go ahead.
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So again, this document
5	demonstrates what I was talking about earlier, that this
6	these matters should have been dealt with in Parliament a
7	long time ago.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So maybe you can just
9	explain what it is that you asked?
10	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So I asked so
11	subsequent to my May briefing, classified briefing last year,
12	where I was informed by David Vigneault of the information
13	contained in the July 2021 intelligence assessment, I was
14	I asked who had received this July 2021 intelligence
15	assessment and nobody could give me a straight answer. So I
16	decided to use this tool, this rubric in the House of
17	Commons, to submit an order paper question to give the
18	Government of Canada an opportunity to formally respond after
19	a period of time. They're given quite a bit of time to
20	respond to these Order Paper questions so they can go and do
21	their research and gather the information. And so I wanted
22	to know who got the July 2021 intelligence assessment.
23	And as you can see in this answer, I did not
24	get a response. And so here we are, you know, a year and
25	almost a half later and, you know, we're still trying to get
26	to the bottom of who got these intelligence products.
27	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So the response
28	indicates that the report was disseminated to Global Affairs

1	Canada, Public Safety Canada, and the Privy Council Office on
2	July 20, 2021, but you're saying that you were not satisfied
3	with that answer?
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, I want to know which
5	individuals got the report.
6	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Understood. I want
7	to take you to CAN21931.
8	EXHIBIT NO. CAN021931:
9	Ministerial Direction on Threats to
10	the Security of Canada Directed at
11	Parliament and parliamentarians
12	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And it's entitled
13	Ministerial Direction on Threats to the Security of Canada
14	Directed at Parliament and parliamentarians. And my
15	understanding is this is a Ministerial Direction which allows
16	CSIS to provide parliamentarians with information in certain
17	circumstances.
18	Are you aware of what prompted this
19	Ministerial Direction?
20	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I am not. Is this the
21	Ministerial Direction that was given in September of 2021?
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: This is May 16, 2021.
23	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: May 16th, 2021?
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Yes. Oh, sorry,
25	2023. Yeah, I have it right here in my notes, but I
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Sorry.
27	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: read it
28	incorrectly.

MR. MICHAEL CHONG: What is the date of it? 1 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: May 16, 2023. 2 3 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I don't know ---MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. 4 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: --- what prompted it, but 5 6 I assume it was coming out of the events ---7 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: --- of May 1st with the 8 9 report in the Globe and Mail. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And are you 10 aware whether there was another procedure or policy for 11 informing and notifying parliamentarians of foreign 12 13 interference threats against them prior to this Ministerial 14 Directive? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, I'm not aware of 15 that. But my understanding is that in previous governments, 16 Ministers actioned the intelligence that they received from 17 CSIS. 18 19 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So that -- in talking to 20 21 previous Ministers of Public Safety in previous governments 22 that when intelligence was sent to the Public Safety Minister's Office that that -- and that involved MPs being 23 the subject of foreign interference that those Ministers and 24 their staff would action that intelligence. That's my 25 understanding of how the system worked previously. 26 COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Do you have any example 27 of that without divulging any classified information? Do you 28

1	have any specific examples in mind?
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I was told of two or
3	three cases of this happening when Minister Blainey was
4	Public Safety Minister and Andrew House was his Chief of
5	Staff, but they did not in my discussions with Mr. House,
6	they did not divulge he did not divulge the name of the
7	MPs that were the subject of the intelligence.
8	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Okay. But you were told
9	that the MPs were informed.
10	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes. That well, I was
11	told that action was taken based on the intelligence that the
12	Minister's Office had received.
13	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Without getting details
14	as to what happened.
15	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right. Right.
16	And I was told that because when this
17	when the story first broke about in May of 2023 about
18	in The Globe and Mail, I called a number of former Chiefs of
19	Staff and asked, you know, what is the process. And they
20	said to me, "It's astounding that the intelligence wasn't
21	acted upon when we" you know, they indicated to me that
22	when they were in government and they received this
23	intelligence and it involved an MP, it went right up to the
24	top right away, including the Prime Minister's Office, and
25	action was taken depending on what the intelligence was.
26	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
27	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Have you noticed a
28	change in the way that information is flowing since this

1	Ministerial direction? Do you have any insight into that?
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I have noticed a
3	change. It's early days, but it's I've noticed that my
4	understanding is that CSIS has conveyed information to the
5	administration of the House of Commons via the Speaker's
6	authority such as the Sergeant at Arms and the House of
7	Commons administration.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
9	We can take the document down.
10	I want to take you to a specific incident
11	that you were informed of in June of 2023 relating to a
12	disinformation campaign. And it was publicly reported that
13	you were the target of a PRC-led online disinformation
14	campaign that was detected in May of 2023, or it happened in
15	May
16	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah.
17	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: of 2023.
18	Can you please describe to us your
19	understanding of this incident?
20	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: So the I think this
21	highlights my view of why we've become this is an example
22	of how we have become a foreign interference playground.
23	So literally a day or two after two days
24	after The Globe and Mail reports that the PRC diplomat in
25	Toronto who was still accredited by the Government of Canada
26	has been gathering information covertly about me and my
27	family, the PRC decided to launch a massive disinformation
28	campaign against me on WeChat, the Chinese-language social

1	media platform that ended up reaching a million Canadians.
2	And so this shows how brazen they are and how they feel they
3	can act with impunity.
4	And so this campaign took place in the week
5	following The Globe and Mail revelation. Global Affairs
6	Canada first detected this disinformation campaign in June, a
7	month later, and then did some research and analysis on it
8	and informed me in early August of that summer.
9	My view is that that was a good outcome, it
10	was a good process. They informed me about it. They made
11	the information public. And I think they built resilience
12	both with for me personally in understanding that this was
13	taking place out there and among the general public that it's
14	now aware of these disinformation operations.
15	So I think that's an example of how things
16	should be made public and I commend Cindy Termorshuizen and
17	her team for briefing me on this and for making that
18	information public.
19	My only suggestion is that timeframes could
20	be shortened a bit. The disinformation campaign took place
21	in early May, but the Department didn't detect it till June
22	and didn't issue its public conclusions till, you know, late
23	it didn't come to its conclusions till late July, so
24	perhaps, you know, the turnaround time could be a bit
25	quicker, but other than that, I think that's an example of
26	how the system should work.
27	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Thank you.
28	And I'll take you to CAN47019. CAN47019_1.

1	And I'll just say that number again, CAN 47019
2	oh, there it is underscore 1.
3	EXHIBIT NO. CAN047019 0001:
4	WeChat Report - Script for MP
5	briefing
6	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And it's entitled
7	"WeChat Report Script for MP Briefing" and it's dated August
8	8, 2023. And under Introduction, the first bullet reads:
9	"The purpose of this briefing is to
10	alert you that Global Affairs Canada
11	has detected an information operation
12	targeting you."
13	Does this accord with your recollection of
14	the information that was conveyed to you?
15	And we can scroll down so we can see a little
16	bit more.
17	So it gives the context. Keep going down.
18	It talks about the activity.
19	It talks about if we just go up a little
20	bit more and just stop at the top of that page examples of
21	"the false narratives that were spread about you", and then
22	the indented bullets some examples of that.
23	If we go down, it talks about the network,
24	the WeChat network, and what the indicators of the
25	information manipulation were. And if we go down, it talks
26	about state attribution and how it is that they've determined
27	sorry. Can we just go back up a little bit?
28	It says:

1	"While China's role in the
2	information operation is highly
3	probable, unequivocal proof that
4	China ordered and directed the
5	operation is not possible to
6	determine due to the covert nature of
7	how social media networks are
8	leveraged in this type of information
9	campaign."
10	And can you keep going down?
11	Keep going down to the next heading, Scale.
12	So it talks about how many the reach and the scale of the
13	disinformation campaign, how many people would have
14	potentially viewed this globally. And then at the bottom, it
15	says, "What is the government doing about it?". There's a
16	section there.
17	And if we can keep going down, the last
18	bullet before the resources says oh, sorry. Keep going
19	down.
20	Keep going down.
21	Then it says:
22	"This concludes the briefing. If you
23	have any additional questions,
24	including any technical ones, we will
25	be happy to answer them."
26	So generally, is this the information that
27	was conveyed to you in that briefing?
28	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, it was.

1	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And were all of these
2	points read to you or is this some of these points were
3	conveyed but not necessarily all of them?
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: The briefing was over the
5	telephone, so.
6	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Was it a long
7	briefing?
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It was a significant
9	briefing and all the points outlined here I was told about,
10	yes.
11	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And at page
12	if we go back to page 3 of that document under "What is the
13	government doing about it?", the third point says:
14	"We will also be conducting
15	diplomatic engagement with PRC
16	representatives in Canada today to
17	convey our serious concerns with the
18	activity observed on WeChat. We want
19	it to be clear that the direct or
20	indirect support by the PRC in
21	dissemination of disinformation
22	related to Members of Canadian
23	Parliament and within Canada more
24	broadly [this must be a typo] is
25	totally unacceptable."
26	It says "it", but it must be "is".
27	Was it conveyed to you that Global Affairs
28	Canada was going to speak to their counterparts diplomatic

1	counterparts about this disinformation campaign against you?
2	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes.
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Was this
4	briefing helpful to you?
5	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, it was.
6	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you were content
7	with the level of information provided.
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I was.
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And just one
10	last document to take you to, as I see we are running out of
11	time. I want to take you to CAN24019.
12	And this looks to be the public press release
13	related to the disinformation campaign from RRM Canada.
14	EXHIBIT NO. CAN024019:
15	WeChat account activity targeting
16	Canadian parliamentarian suggests
17	likely foreign state involvement
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Were you aware that
19	Global Affairs Canada was going to put out a public release
20	about the disinformation campaign against you?
21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I was.
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And were you
23	consulted in any way on the content of this release?
24	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I don't believe I was,
25	no.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay.
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I believe I was told it
28	would be more general in nature than the briefing they had

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provided me. 1 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And were 2 content when you saw -- presumably you saw this press 3 release. Were you content with the level of information that 4 was provided to the public about the disinformation campaign 5 6 against vou? 7 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, I was. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And I just 8 9 have one more document, CAN24038. --- EXHIBIT NO. CAN024038: 10 Summary of Report 11 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, this appears to 12 13 be a report regarding the meeting with the PRC Ambassador to 14 Canada that took place on August 9, 2023, to convey the Government of Canada's deep concern -- and that's in that 15 first paragraph -- about a disinformation campaign targeting 16 you. So were you aware that it was the Ambassador to -- the 17 Chinese Ambassador to Canada that was going to be spoken to 18 19 about this disinformation campaign against you? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That was my 20 21 understanding, yes. 22 MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And do you think -- what thoughts do you have about whether targets of 23 these types of campaigns should be aware of the steps that 24 the government is taking in response? 25 26 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I think it's a good idea to let the targets know what actions the Government of Canada 27 will be taking, and I also would note that this is an example 28

1	of translating intelligence into evidence, okay? The
2	standard is not always a criminal one. There are many other
3	tools the Government of Canada has to take to action
4	intelligence. And that is not simply a criminal standard;
5	there are diplomatic standards, such as what is unfolding
6	here in this document what unfolded here in this document.
7	There are actions that can be taken on the floor of the House
8	of Commons and its committees; there are actions such as
9	releasing information using sunlight and transparency to
10	insulate the public. Because often the government's excuse
11	is that it's difficult to translate intelligence into action
12	because the evidentiary standard for criminal prosecution is
13	so high. My contention is that that's not the only way to
14	action intelligence. There's many different ways that
15	intelligence can be actioned in a non-criminal way that will
16	non-criminal procedure way that will allow us to take
17	action to counter these kinds of threats, and this is an
18	example of taking intelligence and actioning it in a way that
19	doesn't involve a criminal court procedure.
20	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
21	Now, before we conclude, is there anything
22	else that you've not had a chance to say that you would like
23	to tell the Commissioner about any issue within Stage 2 of
24	our mandate?
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I would say that we
26	should have never gotten to this place in the first place.
27	That the Prime Minister should have heeded the requests of

the senior public service back in 2019, 2020, and again in

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2022 to harden our system against foreign interference-type activities. When that -- when the executive branch of our system fails in its responsibilities and breaks down, the next line of defence is the floor of the House of Commons, which is constitutionally supposed to hold the government accountable for its failures. And the fact that the government refused to cooperate with House of Commons committees to get to the bottom of this matter, and instead, referred it to extra parliamentary procedures, such as NSIRA and NSICOP, Special Rapporteur, and then a public inquiry, I think, is an example of it failing to uphold its constitutional responsibility to Parliament.

And so I hope the Commission gets to the bottom of these matters and holds people accountable for what I consider gross negligence to protect our national security and recommends other policy changes that will ensure that these kinds of things, at the end of the day, never happen.

But I'll finish by saying this: At the end of the day no amount of process is going to fix a system where Ministers and the Prime Minister are unwilling to uphold their responsibilities. You can put in place all sorts of new processes and all sorts of new policies, but at the end of the day, if Ministers and their staff, and the Prime Minister and his staff are not willing to uphold their responsibilities to protect the security of this country, then no amount of process or no amount of new policy is going to change that abdication of their responsibility.

MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Mr. Chong,

pull RCD0000019, please?

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for answering my questions. 1 Those are all my questions for the witness 2 today. 3 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 4 We'll take a 20-minute break, and we will 5 6 resume at 10 to 12:00. Thank you; 11:50. THE REGISTRAR: Order, please. 7 This sitting of the Commission is now in 8 recess until 11:50 a.m. 9 --- Upon recessing at 11:27 a.m. 10 --- Upon resuming at 11:53 a.m. 11 THE REGISTRAR: Order, please. 12 13 This sitting of the Foreign Interference 14 Commission is now back in session. 15 The time is 11:53 a.m. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: So we'll begin the 16 cross-examination with the ADRC, counsel for ADRC? 17 --- MR. MICHAEL CHONG, Resumed: 18 19 --- CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Good morning, Mr. 20 21 Chong. I am Guillaume Sirois, counsel for the RCDA, Russian 22 Canadian Democratic Alliance. You will find that my questions today relate 23 24 to your role as Shadow Foreign Minister and also ask someone 25 who has witnessed the government capacity to respond to disinformation campaigns up close. 26 I would like to ask the Court Reporter to 27

1	EXHIBIT NO. RCD0000019:
2	U.S. Indictment Kalashnikov and
3	Afanasyeva
4	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: You will see earlier
5	this month the U.S. Justice Department unsealed an indictment
6	against two Russian Nationals. That's the document that is
7	being shown right now. Are you familiar with this indictment
8	or media reports about the indictment?
9	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I'm not familiar with the
10	I have not read the indictment, but I am familiar about
11	the reports.
12	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Okay. As we've heard
13	through media reports, or as the indictment says, the
14	indictment alleges that two employees of RT violated the $\it U.S.$
15	Foreign Agents Registration Act in the U.S. If we can go
16	down to paragraph 10(a) please of that indictment, page 5?
17	Yeah, you just skipped it. Oh, sorry, it's the maybe not
18	page 5, but paragraph 10(a). Yes, it's page 5, thank you.
19	Yes, exactly. Thank you.
20	You can go down just to paragraph (a), it's
21	fine. So it reads:
22	"From in or about March 2021 to in or
23	about February 2022, Founder-1
24	created videos, posted social media
25	content, and wrote articles pursuant
26	to a written contract between
27	Founder-1's ('Canadian Company'), and
28	RT's parent organization, ANO TV-

1	Novosti." (As read)
2	So this is this encompasses the whole of
3	the 2021 general election, which was held between August and
4	September 2021. And Founder-1 has been identified through
5	media reports as being Lauren Chen, a Canadian influencer.
6	Is this concerning to you that employees RT
7	is paying Canadian influencers write content during a
8	Canadian general election?
9	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, it is very
10	concerning. In fact, we had raised alarm bells about RT
11	during this period of time. In fact, you can look to my
12	social media posts, my statements, numerous statements,
13	numerous interventions in the House of Commons and its
14	committees, calling on the Government of Canada, prior to
15	February 2022, to issue a to get the Minister of Canadian
16	Heritage to issue a directive, a ministerial directive of
17	general application that would ensure that no state
18	controlled broadcaster were on the list of services eligible
19	to be broadcast in Canada.
20	What that ministerial directive would have
21	done is it would have taken off the air RT, which is clearly
22	a state controlled broadcaster, and it would have also had
23	the effect of taking off the air CGTN, which is the PRC state
24	controlled broadcaster. The government refused to do that
25	and instead held allowed these RT to remain on the air
26	until once again, driven by an issue, which was Russia's
27	invasion of Ukraine in late February of 2022, the Minister
28	finally then in subsequent days issued a directive to the

1	CRTC which led them to take RT off the air.
2	So we had long had concerns about RT and
3	other authoritarian state controlled broadcasters
4	disseminating disinformation through Canada and our public
5	statements are numerous to that effect prior to February of
6	2022.
7	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Thank you. If we
8	continue this paragraph, we see that it doesn't seem to be
9	only RT that's like, clearly publishing content, but it seems
10	that the content is being published covertly and that the
11	influencer here is not always declaring or attributing the
12	content that she is producing to RT. Is this something that
13	is encompassed by banning RT from airwaves?
14	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, my view is that,
15	you know, we've got to balance the fundamental right to free
16	expression with the need to protect Canadians from
17	disinformation. And in my view the balance there, one part
18	of that balance is to say the Government of Canada is under
19	no obligation to give a licence to access public property,
20	such as a radio licence, or a broadcast licence to
21	authoritarian state-controlled broadcasters.
22	I think the government needs to tread
23	somewhat has to tread very carefully in restricting free
24	speech and free expression from individuals on non-government
25	owned properties such as the internet.
26	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Does it still
27	constitute free speech when the content is promoted through a
28	contract from a company that's state controlled by Russia for

1	instance? Is it still protected free speech, or should it be
2	regulated more?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, as I've testified
4	previously, I think the solution there is sunlight and
5	transparency. That the government reveal intelligence that
6	would tie people who are receiving funds from authoritarian
7	states to disseminate information. I think that is the way
8	to deal with the situation.
9	I note that Bill C-70 has recently been
10	adopted by the Parliament of Canada. One of the elements in
11	that bill makes it a requirement for an individual to declare
12	if they are receiving any money from a foreign state, a
13	foreign government, or an entity controlled by a foreign
14	state or a foreign government. And so, I think that would
15	provide the sunlight and transparency about people receiving
16	funds from authoritarian states or entities controlled by
17	authoritarian states that are disseminating information to
18	the public.
19	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Thank you. I believe
20	we can pull the documents down now. Thank you.
21	I'm wondering if it's concerning to you that
22	these allegations were learned through unsealed U.S.
23	Department of Justice indictment rather than from the
24	Canadian government and three years after the fact?
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah. It is concerning
26	to me. I think it's part of a broader pattern where we learn
27	of intelligence through sources outside of Canada. We learn,
28	you know, for example, this is not the first unsealed

1	indictment where we've learned about various things taking
2	place in Canada.
3	There was an unsealed indictment in an U.S.
4	Court, I believe in Brooklyn, New York, where it was revealed
5	that an individual in Canada, in Vancouver, had been coerced
6	by the PRC to go back to the PRC. We learned of in
7	another unsealed indictment of two Canadian citizens, members
8	of the Hell's Angels, that had been hired by the Islamic
9	Republic of Iran to target individuals in North America for
10	assassination. Again, these are concerning things that we
11	should be learning from our own intelligence services through
12	the Government of Canada, rather than through a foreign
13	entity.
14	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: I would like to show
15	you some content that was published on the Founder-1 Twitter
16	feed, if possible.
17	It's at RCD.36, if we can pull the document,
18	please?
19	EXHIBIT NO. RCD000036:
20	Lauren Chen 2021-08-15 to 2021-09-25
21	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: I simply want to give
22	you some examples of the sort of content that was being
23	published at that time.
24	It's in reverse chronological order, so we'll
25	have to start from the end of the document, but I have some
26	pages. So we can start at page 27. You can see that's one -
27	- we can zoom out a little bit just to see the replies and
28	interaction with the post below. Yes, that's perfect.

1	So you see that's a post from the
2	Conservative Party of Canada condemning the use of obscene
3	and extreme language against Mr. Trudeau's appearances, and
4	Founder-1's influencer, who is under contract with RT at that
5	time, and who is making posts pursuant to that contract
6	allegedly, according to the indictment, responds to the post
7	from the Conservative Party saying that:
8	"You care more about Trudeau being
9	heckled than you do the rights of
10	Canadians being stripped away.
11	Useless cowards, the lot of you."
12	I want to go up a bit, just one page more,
13	26, please. That was it was on August $27^{\rm th}$, but now we
14	see on August 29th that same Founder-1, who is under
15	allegedly under contract with RT, according to the
16	indictment, says:
17	"Putin making Canadian and Australian
18	leaders look like damned fools right
19	now."
20	You can zoom out a little bit to see the
21	interactions with that post as well. So thank you.
22	And I only have one or two more examples.
23	The other one is at page 12.
24	At page 12, Founder-1 hosts a live discussion
25	with PPC leader Maxime Bernier and PPC candidate Viva Frei,
26	also know as David Freiheit. I note that this post was made
27	this discussion was held on seemingly on September
28	$10^{ m th}$, the same day that advance polling was starting for the

1	44 th General Election.
2	And finally, on September $18^{\rm th}$ as well, just
3	to show that it goes at page 2, just to show that it goes
4	all the way up to election day, which was September $20^{\rm th}$, as
5	we all know, Founder-1 has been identified as Lauren Chen by
6	media reports, says that she wants to support the PPC and
7	Maxime Bernier.
8	I'm wondering, seeing all this, seeing the
9	indictment, do you believe that Canada has the ability to
10	detect, deter, or counter this sort of interference in our
11	democracy?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I don't think we
13	effectively countered disinformation in the 2021 election. I
14	think that's clear through the testimony and conclusions of
15	the initial report from this Commission.
16	I think we could I think the Government of
17	Canada could effectively counter disinformation. I think the
18	key to doing that is sunlight and transparency and to reveal,
19	publicly, the connections between individuals who are
20	receiving monies or other consideration from authoritarian
21	states, either directly or indirectly. I think that sunlight
22	and transparency would insulate the public against
23	disinformation campaigns, while at the same time upholding
24	our fundamental belief in free expression.
25	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Thank you. Those are
26	all my questions for today.
27	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
28	So next one is counsel for the Concern Group.

1	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. NEIL CHANTLER:
2	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Good afternoon, MP Chong.
3	My name is Neil Chantler. I'm counsel for the Chinese
4	Canadian Concern Group.
5	I'll start with some questions about your
6	motion in the House of Commons with respect to the Uyghur
7	genocide. What is the significance of the Canadian
8	Parliament recognizing the Uyghur genocide? And more
9	generally, the significance of any government recognizing an
10	ongoing human rights atrocity like what is happening in
11	Xinjiang?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: The significance was that
13	we were the first major national legislature to take a
14	position on the genocide against the Uyghur people. That in
15	turn led to similar motions being adopted in the U.K.
16	Parliament, in the Dutch Parliament, and in other national
17	legislatures.
18	And so it was an example of how legislatures
19	can lead the way when it comes to dealing with violations of
20	international law. And so that was the significance of that
21	motion that the House adopted.
22	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: And how does such a
23	declaration by the Canadian Parliament benefit Canadians,
24	particularly Uyghur Canadians? And is this an important part
25	of supporting and protecting members of our diaspora groups?
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well I think it
27	reinforced the need to uphold the rules-based international
28	order. We've gone through, you know, since 1945, decades of

1	relative peace and security because of that, the multi-
2	lateral institutions, and the rules around those multi-
3	lateral institutions that were established in the aftermath
4	of, you know, the Second World War.

And so upholding that rules-based order, part of which is the 1948 *Genocide Convention*, is incredibly important, because it faces a determined threat from authoritarian states to deconstruct it and replace it with, you know, a world order that is based on brute force and on anything but a common set of international rules.

And so, you know, adopting motions like that and reinforcing that rules-based order I think is incredibly important in that context.

MR. NEIL CHANTLER: And what is at risk if parliamentarians become dissuaded from taking bold actions like that because of foreign interference as a result of threats like you and your family received?

MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well we risk diminishing the only democratic institution at the federal level. You know, we only have one democratic institution in Canada. that is the House of Commons. There is no other democratic institution in Canada. It's not the Senate of Canada. It's not the executive branch of government, which is entirely appointed. It's not our judicial system. It's not any part of our federal system. The only part of our system that is democratic, that is a democracy, is the election of 338 members to the House of Commons. And if those members are under — any one of those members is under coercion, under

1	threat, under pressure, you know, that diminishes the only
2	democratic institution we have, which is why countering these
3	foreign interference threats is so important and why the
4	founders of our constitutional order in 1867 well understood
5	that, which is why in section 18 of the Constitution, they
6	said that the powers, privileges, and immunities afforded to
7	members of Parliament were to be the same of that of the
8	United Kingdom. And the reason and part of those powers,
9	privileges, and immunities is a long-standing principle that
10	members of Parliament should never be threatened in the
11	conduct of their work, never be inappropriately pressured in
12	the conduct of their work, because they understood well what
13	happens if the House of Commons were to come under that
14	inappropriate pressure.
15	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Thank you. I'm going to
16	shift gears now to the recent NSICOP report. If we could
17	please pull up COM.363, page 67, paragraph 164?
18	EXHIBIT NO. COM0000363:
19	NSICOP special-report-foreign-
20	interference
21	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: I'll ask, MP Chong, while
22	we're waiting for the document, you're aware of this
23	document? You've spoken of it already today. I'm sure
24	you've had a chance to review it at some point prior to
25	today?
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes.
27	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: This report has been
28	described as a bombshell for identifying that

1	parliamentarians who are there are parliamentarians who
2	are witting participants in the efforts of foreign states to
3	interfere with our democracy. You're aware of those
4	allegations in this report.
5	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I am.
6	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Again, it's page 67,
7	paragraph 164, please.
8	Page 67 of the page numbers, not the Bates
9	numbers.
10	And this paragraph I'm taking you to, sir, is
11	really just encapsulates some of the most damning
12	allegations that the committee has found.
13	I'm sure you're aware of these allegations.
14	They include significant concerns about parliamentarians
15	receiving sponsored travel and other benefits from foreign
16	states, including the acceptance of funds or favours.
17	What is your view on parliamentarians
18	receiving sponsored travel, funds or favours from a foreign
19	state? Is this conduct illegal? Is this conduct unethical?
20	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It depends. Foreign
21	interference the nature of foreign interference is
22	activities that are covert, coercive and corrupting. And so
23	if a member of Parliament receives consideration, whether
24	it's a payment of a foreign trip or other consideration from
25	a foreign state, and hides that payment, that consideration,
26	that is, I think, inappropriate and wrong and could
27	constitute a type of foreign interference. If, however, the
28	MP publicly declares that their trip is being remunerated by

1	another entity or a foreign state, that's a different matter.
2	Whether that is appropriate, you know, is up
3	to the House and its committees to decide. The rules have
4	changed, had various iterations over the years, but the
5	important thing is that if it's covert and hidden, then I
6	think it's inappropriate and wrong.
7	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: And so what impact has
8	this report and these allegations had, in your view, on your
9	constituents and their faith in Canadian politicians,
10	parliamentarians?
11	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It's had a major impact,
12	and many Canadians are now questioning which of the MPs
13	referenced in the report were witting and willing
14	participants in foreign interference threat activities.
15	There are three paragraphs earlier in this
16	report that highlight at least four MPs that were willing
17	participants in foreign interference threat activities, one
18	of which may actually constitute treason. And so it's
19	I've heard over the summer from many Canadians, including my
20	constituents, that they're very concerned that these
21	individuals have not been named and that they have not been
22	brought before a process in the House of Commons in order to
23	be held accountable for what they did.
24	One of the paragraphs references that there
25	were two or more MPs that willingly participated in foreign
26	interference threat activities that involved the Republic of
27	India. Another paragraph references the fact that there was
28	an MP who willingly participated in a foreign interference

1	threat activity with a foreign state that was brought to the
2	Prime Minister's attention.
3	And most alarmingly, there's a paragraph text
4	box that refers to a former MP that willingly cooperated with
5	a foreign intelligence officer passing along information to
6	that foreign intelligence officer and even seeking to have a
7	meeting with that foreign intelligence officer in a foreign
8	state.
9	I think those individuals, their names need
10	to be made public so that the Procedure and House Affairs
11	Committee of the House of Commons can conduct hearings into
12	this and hear find out what happened, afford those MPs an
13	opportunity to defend themselves and then recommend to the
14	House a course of action.
15	MPs have been expelled from caucuses and for
16	the House for far lesser offences than what has been outlined
17	in this particular report, so I think that's something that
18	has to happen. And if we don't do that, then I think we
19	undermine Canadians' confidence in the House of Commons.
20	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Those are my questions.
21	Thank you.
22	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
23	Next one is Me Sarah Teich on Zoom, I think,
24	for the Human Rights Coalition.
25	MS. ERIN DANN: I'm sorry, Commissioner. I
26	believe it's Mr. Matas today for the
27	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Oh, sorry.
28	MS. ERIN DANN: That was my error, not the

Commissioner's. I apologize. 1 2 COMMISSIONER HOGUE: And you're present, clearly. 3 --- CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. DAVID MATAS: 4 5 MR. DAVID MATAS: Yes, I'm David Matas, Human Rights Coalition. 6 7 Mr. Chong, I wanted to refer, first of all, to document number WIT 18.001, your interview summary, Stage 8 1. You stated, paragraph 6 -- you talk about the sanctions 9 that were imposed upon you because of this motion you 10 introduced in the House of Commons calling for recognition of 11 the genocide against the Uyghurs and the fact that this 12 13 motion spurred Government of Canada to impose sanctions against China. 14 Now, in that paragraph, you said that you do 15 not consider the imposition of those sanctions as foreign 16 interference. Is that an accurate reflection of your views? 17 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That is correct. 18 19 MR. DAVID MATAS: Now, I would suggest that the imposition of sanctions by a foreign state, depending on 20 21 the sanctions, the target and the reasons for the sanctions 22 can sometimes amount to foreign interference. Would you disagree with that? 23 24 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I would disagree with Sanctions can clearly have a deleterious effect on an 25 individual or entity, but I don't consider them to be foreign 26 interference because, in my view, foreign interference has 27 the characteristics of being covert, coercive and corrupting.

1	And I don't believe that sanctions meet have those
2	characteristics.
3	MR. DAVID MATAS: So if sanctions are
4	corrupt, coercive but not covert, they would not be foreign
5	interference, in your view. Is that correct?
6	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. Like
7	that's correct.
8	I sanctions, you know, are tools that
9	governments can use to affect their interests, and we may
10	fundamentally disagree with those interests or those tools,
11	but they are widely used tools by governments around the
12	world, and have been for many, many decades. I think it's a
13	different type of category than foreign interference.
14	MR. DAVID MATAS: There was sanctions against
15	the Subcommittee on International Human Rights, the Standing
16	Committee on Foreign Affairs that Kenny Chiu talked about in
17	his testimony. The document number for his testimony is
18	TR9.EN. And at page 97 and 98, he talks about those
19	sanctions.
20	And the result of that, he says, is that some
21	Members resigned from the committee, they got substitutes,
22	and then the actual people who resigned show up in
23	substitution for the substitutes, and that's what he talks
24	about.
25	And so is it your view that that, too, is not
26	foreign interference?
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, my view is that
28	sanctions on members of Parliament overwhelmingly spur are

1	seen as a badge of pride for most members of Parliament, but
2	for a certain minority of parliamentarians, they can be
3	they can have a deleterious effect.
4	But again, while sanctions can have a
5	deleterious effect on MPs, on, you know, Canadians more
6	broadly or on entities within Canada, I don't think it's the
7	same category as foreign interference.
8	MR. DAVID MATAS: Okay. And would you say
9	that would be true also for sanctions imposed on members of
10	diaspora communities as opposed to parliamentarians in
11	reaction to expression of views critical of human rights
12	violations in a foreign state and a foreign state imposes
13	sanctions as a result of that?
14	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah. Again, that
15	sanctions can in certain instances have a deleterious effect
16	on members of diaspora communities, on advocates for human
17	rights, but again, I think those are tools that states use
18	and are within the bounds of international law. So, you
19	know, again, I think it can have a negative impact on people
20	who advocate for human rights, people who are members of
21	diaspora communities. It can have a very negative impact.
22	But I don't classify sanctions in the same category of
23	foreign interference threat activities.
24	MR. DAVID MATAS: Unless they're, as you say
25	covert and corrupt?
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well sanctions, by their
27	very nature, are public. And so by that definition, they
28	don't meet the criteria to constitute a foreign

interreference threat activity. 1 MR. DAVID MATAS: Do sanctions always have to 2 be public? 3 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: To my knowledge, 4 sanctions have always been made public. Part of the very 5 nature of sanctions is that they're public so that the 6 individuals know they're being sanctioned. 7 MR. DAVID MATAS: So the type of repressive 8 9 activity, let's say barring entry, is a type of sanction which was imposed upon you. 10 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right. 11 MR. DAVID MATAS: But if -- but -- I mean, 12 13 barring entry doesn't necessarily have to be public. You 14 could find out just by not being allowed in. And if it was not made public that you were barred entry, you just found 15 out by not being let in, would that be considered foreign 16 interference? 17 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Look, foreign states --18 19 states have the right to deny entry to non-citizens. That is their right. It's a long-standing right. And a state 20 denving entry to a non-national I think -- I don't believe 21 22 constitutes foreign interference. MR. DAVID MATAS: And this sanction that was 23 imposed upon you about not doing business, I appreciate you 24 weren't doing business, but a sanction of that sort, in 25 theory, it could be -- can just happen without being made 26 public in advance? The people in the foreign country could 27

be told that, but privately, not publicly. And in that case,

1	if it is private, rather than public, that also would not be
2	foreign interference?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I can't answer the
4	question because it's so hypothetical, you know, I in
5	general, states have used sanctions for many, many years,
6	legally, under international law, to affect their interests.
7	The Government of Canada has done that. Other democracies
8	have done it. So have authoritarian states. I do not view
9	sanctions as a foreign interference threat activity.
10	MR. DAVID MATAS: Okay. Those are my
11	questions.
12	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
13	Mr. De Luca for the Conservative Party.
14	MR. NANDO DE LUCA: No questions.
15	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: No questions.
16	Then next one is AG.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. BARNEY BRUCKER:
18	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Hello again, Mr. Chong.
19	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Hello.
20	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: It hasn't been that
21	long, but it seems like quite a while. You had or the
22	Commission had provided us last night with a document that
23	was put up today with respect to meetings that you had had
24	with CSIS, and you had told us, I guess, that this was you
25	prepared this document back in May?
26	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
27	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. And
28	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: And I gave it to the

Commission back in May, ---1 2 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: I see. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: --- I believe. 3 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. 4 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: The Commission has had it 5 6 for many, many months. MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: And was it prepared from 7 8 -- when you prepared it, did you prepare it from any other 9 records, contemporaneous records? MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes. 10 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. And did you 11 provide those to the Commission? 12 13 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No. 14 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: What we have here is rather brief, and there may be a reason for that, given --15 depending on what the meeting was about, but I'm wondering if 16 -- do you still have that material from which you prepared 17 this document? 18 19 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I do. MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Well I'll ask that you 20 21 produce it to the Commission and that they, along with your counsel, review it and determine whether or not they can 22 provide it to the parties. 23 24 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I'm happy to do it. It's -- I can tell you that it's not a lot of material because 25 this -- it's calendar entries in my calendar, which I'm happy 26 to provide, and recollections of my staff. 27 28 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: I got the sense from

questions.

1	reading it that there was some input from others in what was
2	written here.
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, from my staff.
4	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Sure. You also had some
5	telephone conversations with the Service during this period
6	of time; did you not?
7	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I can't recall. I can't
8	recall. I may have. I can't recall.
9	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. I understood you
10	to say that after the first briefing, these other meetings
11	with the Service that you've captured here in your document
12	consisted of them listening to you?
13	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. So the
14	first meeting was at the request of the Service. So there
15	were four meetings. The first meeting was at the request of
16	the Service, where I got a formal unclassified briefing at
17	their office in Toronto. It was, as I mentioned before, a
18	PowerPoint presentation about the general nature of foreign
19	interference threat activities and what MPs could do to
20	counter that.
21	Subsequent to that, I was contacted three
22	times by the Service, who asked to meet with me and who asked
23	me questions, and which I tried to answer to the best of my
24	ability, and that was the end of the meetings.
25	And there were three other meetings so
26	there were four meetings in total. The first was a briefing
27	and the three were the Service asking me, you know,
28	questions.

1	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: I wonder if we could
2	pull up document CAN.013134?
3	MS. ERIN DANN: Doc ID prefix, please?
4	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Sorry, it's CAN.013134.
5	If we can't find it, I can move on.
6	MS. ERIN DANN: We do have that document.
7	It's CAN.13134, I believe.
8	EXHIBIT NO. CAN013134 0001:
9	CSIS Engagement with Michael Chong -
10	CPC MP for Wellington-Halton Hills
11	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Drop the zero.
12	MS. ERIN DANN: Mr. Brucker, I think you're
13	referring to a document, CSIS Engagement with Michael Chong?
14	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Yeah. Sorry,
15	MS. ERIN DANN: Yes.
16	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: I added the zero,
17	which was I just lost my head for a moment.
18	If you could scroll down, please, to the box?
19	There. That's good.
20	So this document is about four pages long and
21	it's mostly redacted. The only information about these
22	meetings that you had with the Service that we see here is
23	the June 25^{th} , and you've said that was the 24^{th} ,
24	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's right.
25	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: 2021. But the box
26	there with the blue writing indicates:
27	"Redacted text summarizes discussions
28	the Service has had with MP Chong

1	following the Protective Security
2	Brief, including questions asked by
3	MP Chong and answers provided by the
4	Service."
5	My only point is that would it not be fair to
6	say that this was a dialogue between you and the Service? It
7	wasn't just you sitting there and giving them information and
8	them not saying anything?
9	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, this was the briefing
10	of June $24^{\rm th}$. So I sat there and listened. I listened as
11	they went through their PowerPoint presentation, and then
12	after the PowerPoint presentation, we had a discussion which
13	included questions from me and responses from the Service.
14	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. I'll move on to
15	just a couple questions about sanctions.
16	You know that our government sanctions
17	persons from other countries from time to time?
18	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Agreed.
19	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Common practice, is it
20	not?
21	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: It is common practice.
22	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: And the sense I got from
23	your evidence is that the sanctions that you found out about
24	through a journalist in Asia did not impede you your work
25	as an MP because you weren't going to be travelling to China
26	and you had no business interests there.
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Correct.
28	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. Did you at any

1	time learn that there were any sanctions against any of your
2	family members?
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I have not learned that,
4	no.
5	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: You mentioned that there
6	were, I think, five intel products that people that should
7	have saw them didn't see them, and my recollection is that
8	you were talking about three reports that are referred to in
9	the NSIRA report, the information management note, the IMU,
10	and I'm not sure what the fifth one was. Can you help me
11	with that?
12	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah. So the what was
13	previously reported was that there were two intelligence
14	products, one an issues management brief from May of 2021,
15	and a second intelligence assessment of July of 2021. What
16	the NSIRA report found was that there were three earlier,
17	much more important intelligence products that were brought
18	to the government's attention about the PRC's target PRC's
19	covert collection of information about me and my extended
20	family.
21	The NSIRA report did not indicate what kinds
22	of products these three earlier and more important products
23	were. It didn't indicate if they were intelligence
24	assessments or issues management briefs or other kinds of
25	intelligence products. It simply said that there were three
26	earlier, more relevant intelligence products that had been
27	sent to senior Ministers in the government.
28	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: So the fifth document

would be the intelligence assessment that you talked about 1 that, if I understood you correctly, Director Vigneault had 2 read to you or a portion to you in your meeting of May 2nd, 3 2023. 4 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. 5 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. And did you --6 were you given a copy of that document or ---7 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: No, I was not. 8 9 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. Can we look at the IMU just for a moment. This is -- I'll be careful to 10 drop the zero -- CAN18796. 11 And while we're waiting, Mr. Chong, just that 12 13 this is the document that, I think, preceded the first 14 briefing you got from CSIS in June of 2021. And I just -- we have it here now. If you 15 could scroll down, please. A bit more. 16 A bit more on page 2, sorry. I wasn't 17 watching. Keep going. There we go. 18 19 And this is -- I'm just going to paraphrase this, and my time is short. This is notifying the people 20 21 that are the recipient of this note that CSIS are going to be 22 conducting defensive briefings to MPs, yourself and Mr. Chiu, concerning FI threats by the People's Republic of China. 23 And if we go further down to the third 24 paragraph, I'm going to start in the -- no, keep going. 25 Sorry. The other way. 26 Chong has also been personally affiliated 27

with many efforts to highlight the PRC's threat activities

1	targeting Canada and Chiu is the MP of a riding of high
2	interest to PRC. CSIS' interest in the two MPs for multiple
3	PRC threat actors including the Ministry of State Security,
4	MSS. And then there's three subheadings there of what the
5	purpose of the briefing is going to be.
6	I suggest to you you can agree with me or
7	not that CSIS didn't need any authority to conduct these
8	briefings. They didn't need ministerial authority or
9	authority from anybody else. They can conduct a defensive
10	briefing under their own mandate. Do you agree with that?
11	MR. GIB van ERT: Sorry, Commissioner. Is
12	that not a legal question that's being asked to Mr. Chong?
13	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Well, I'm not asking him
14	he seems to have quite a bit of knowledge about the way
15	intelligence works and our agencies work, and I'm not
16	intending to ask it as a lawyer. I'm just asking for his
17	understanding as to whether or not he thought or believed
18	that the Minister required authority sorry, CSIS required
19	the authority of the Minister to provide these briefings.
20	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: With these nuances, I
21	think the question can be answered, yeah.
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: My understanding is that
23	CSIS had sought long sought approval for these defensive
24	briefings from the Prime Minister's Office and that that
25	approval had been denied until the PMO finally relented
26	around this time and allowed CSIS to begin briefing defensive
27	briefings with open information, non-classified information,
28	to MPs, beginning with me, and then subsequently other MPs in

28

the House of Commons. 1 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. I'm suggesting to 2 you, sir, that all this note does is tell people that -- who 3 are the recipients of it, we're going to conduct some 4 briefings of these two MPs, and this is why, and in fact, 5 6 they did it. MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Well, my understanding is 7 that the Clerk of the Privy Council first went to the Prime 8 Minister in December of 2019 with a broad action plan to 9 protect our democracy, including Parliament, from what CSIS 10 considered an existential threat of foreign interference from 11 the PRC. That approval was withheld. 12 The NSIRA went again in December of 2020 13 14 seeking approval, and that approval was withheld. But after, 15 from what I understand, a lot of pressure from the service, PMO relented and allowed one element of that action plan to 16 proceed, which was the defensive briefings that began with my 17 briefing on June 24th of 2021. 18 19 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: We've heard from Mr. Blair here again -- or I expect we're going to hear from him, 20 as my friends indicated, that he did not receive this IMU. 21 22 But do you have any knowledge as to whether any of the other named recipients on here did not get or did not receive? 23 MR. MICHAEL CHONG: I don't have any 24 information. I note that at the same time, there was an 25 26 application for a national security warrant that was withheld from him for apparently 54 days at the same time. It just

seems like a lot of information was not getting to him during

that period of the first six months of 2021. 1 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. I want to turn 2 now to ---3 COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Mr. Brucker, your time 4 is -- you have used all your time, but I'm going to give you 5 6 a few minutes for asking final questions. 7 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Thank you. Thank you, Commissioner. 8 9 I'm not usually this -- I don't usually go on this long, so -- caught up in the excitement, I quess. 10 I'd like to move to the briefing that you 11 received on May 2nd. And counsel drew attention to document 12 13 12593 R01. This is memo to the Minister by the Director of 14 CSIS, and it was signed by then Public Safety Minister Mendicino on the 18th of May, 2023. 15 And I'm just looking at page 1 when we get 16 it. 17 MS. ERIN DANN: And that's a CANDOC. 18 19 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Sorry, CANDOC. I'll get this right by the time we're 20 21 through. 22 Okay. It's up there now. Scroll down a little bit, please. 23 24 That's good. The second bullet, Mr. Chong: 25 "At the direction of the Prime 26 Minister, the Service conducted an 27 28 exigent threat reduction measure in

1	the form of a classified briefing to
2	member of Parliament M.D. Chong."
3	That was the May 2nd briefing; correct?
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
5	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: All right. And then if
6	we go down to the next bullet:
7	"I am also seeking your approval to
8	conduct a threat reduction measure to
9	reduce PRC threat by providing threat
10	briefing to other current MPs and
11	former MPs."
12	So it was suggested to you that I don't
13	know what it was suggested to you, but the fact that there
14	was on May 18th that this was written, I'm suggesting to you
15	that this is a forward-looking it doesn't apply to your
16	briefing. It applies to briefing of people who are coming
17	after you who are getting classified briefings; agreed?
18	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: This is not the
19	Ministerial Direction of May 18th, I don't believe.
20	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: No, it is a memo to the
21	Minister that he signed on the $18^{\rm th}$.
22	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Oh, okay.
23	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: It talks about, at
24	length,
25	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Okay.
26	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: about the briefing
27	you had,
28	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah.

1	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: and the briefings
2	that are going to go to these other
3	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, I the Minister
4	issued the Ministerial Directive in the aftermath of the May
5	$1^{\rm st}$ reporting by the Globe and Mail.
6	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: And just I wanted to ask
7	this. The information in the Globe and Mail that you say
8	when you had the briefing by the NSIA and Director Vigneault
9	May 2^{nd} confirmed the information in the Globe and Mail.
10	What was that information? Do you recall?
11	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, two pieces of
12	information that were confirmed, with some nuance, was that
13	first there was a PRC accredited consular official in
14	Toronto, Mr. Wei Zhao, who was gathering covertly
15	gathering information about me to for future potential
16	targeting of my family, and secondly, that the Ministry of
17	State Security, which I mention because you had it in the
18	previous document on the screen,
19	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Yes.
20	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: the PRC's Secret
21	Service, had received this information.
22	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. You have
23	mentioned, and I'm paraphrasing again from your stage two
24	interview summary, and somewhat of what you've said today, if
25	I understand you correctly, this procedure that we're in now
26	would have been better done, and should have been done, on
27	the floor of the House or in one of its committees? Is that
28	fair?

1	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
2	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Okay. And in that
3	milieu, the members of Parliament, whether they sit on
4	committee or in or exercising a parliamentary function in
5	the House, have parliamentary privilege, and arguably are not
6	bound by restrictions on classified information? Is that
7	fair?
8	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct.
9	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: All right. And so then
10	
11	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Me Brucker, it's going
12	to be
13	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Last question.
14	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: your last question.
15	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: So then any member of
16	committee or any MP speaking in the House could disclose any
17	kind of information, whether it was classified or not, and by
18	doing so, it would be public?
19	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yeah, agreed. Such as
20	when the Prime Minister revealed highly classified, highly
21	sensitive information injurious to the conduct of
22	international relations when, in September of last year, in
23	2023, he revealed that the Republic of India was allegedly
24	behind an assassination here on Canadian soil by targeting a
25	Canadian,
26	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Yeah.
27	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: a Sikh Canadian, Mr.
28	Nijjar, in the Vancouver Lower Mainland. So that's an

1	example of the government releasing highly classified
2	information that affected the conduct of international
3	relations to the House of Commons.
4	MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: Well perhaps he'll talk
5	about that when he's here. Thank you.
6	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
7	Counsel for Mr. Chong, do you have any
8	questions?
9	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. GIB van ERT:
10	MR. GIB van ERT: Thank you, Commissioner.
11	Just two points arising from the questions
12	that Ms. Rodriguez asked you.
13	I'll ask the Court Reporter to pull up
14	CAN.SUM.017, please. And it's paragraph 10, please. Thank
15	you. The last sentence.
16	Mr. Chong, you gave some evidence to the
17	Commissioner about this, and I just wanted to make sure that
18	I've understood your point.
19	So the last sentence in this paragraph says -
20	- it's referring to the Vienna Convention on Consular
21	Relations and Diplomatic Relations, and you'll recall that
22	you gave some evidence about covert collection of information
23	targeting you, for instance, or an MP. The last sentence
24	says:
25	"Only when this information is used
26	to undertake clandestine, deceptive,
27	or coercive actions does legitimate
28	diplomatic work become foreign

1	interference."
2	Do I understand you to be disagreeing with
3	that description of actions being the difference?
4	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: That's correct. That
5	sentence is inconsistent with the conclusions of the NSIRA
6	report dated from May dated December of 2020, which was
7	released by the government in December 2023, about the
8	government's global security reporting program. The
9	government has accepted the findings and recommendations of
10	that report. That report found that the covert collection of
11	information is a contravention of the principles of the
12	Vienna Convention. This sentence would seem to be
13	inconsistent with that report's findings and the government's
14	acceptance of that report.
15	MR. GIB van ERT: Thank you. And my second
16	point concerns your evidence to the Commissioner that
17	responsibility for national security is rests with the
18	Prime Minister or people that the Prime Minister designates.
19	And you mentioned the government's Open and Accountable
20	Government document.
21	And I'll just ask that that be pulled up.
22	That is MMC.26, please.
23	EXHIBIT NO. MMC0000026:
24	Open and Accountable Government 2015
25	MR. GIB van ERT: And what you told the
26	Commissioner in response to Ms. Rodriguez is that you
27	understood that that document says that the Prime Minister
28	has a unique responsibility for national security. I just

1	want to show you the passage and ask you if I've got it
2	straight.
3	So if you'll go, please, Court Operator, to -
4	- it's page 56 in the printed text. I'm not sure if that's
5	the page numbering in the PDF or not. We'll find out. The
6	$56^{\rm th}$ page. So if you go to the bottom there? That's 43. So
7	scroll down a little further. Yeah, about nine pages more.
8	Yeah, we're nearly there. Thank you.
9	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Here.
10	MR. GIB van ERT: I think it's a little
11	further down still.
12	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: This one this
13	MR. GIB van ERT: There we are. Under "The
14	Prime Minister's Functions and Powers". If you'll scroll up
15	a little more? There we are. Stop there. Thank you.
16	So it says:
17	"The Prime Minister, as the leader of
18	the political party that has the
19	confidence of the House of Commons,
20	is commissioned [] to form a
21	government."
22	And it goes on and it says:
23	"The following principal functions
24	and exclusive powers of the Prime
25	Minister are essential"
26	And then there's a bullet point list, and I'm
27	going to take you to the very last bullet, which is two pages
28	down. Page 58 of this document. There we are:

1	"As head of government, the Prime
2	Minister has special responsibilities
3	for national security"
4	And it goes on. Sir, is that what you were
5	referring to when you spoke of unique responsibilities to Ms.
6	Rodriguez?
7	MR. MICHAEL CHONG: Yes, it was what I was
8	referring to. And I note that the words "special
9	responsibilities" are italicized for emphasis in this
10	bulleted paragraph.
11	MR. GIB van ERT: Those are my questions,
12	Commissioner.
13	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
14	Any re-examination?
15	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: None. Thank you,
16	Commissioner.
17	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: So thank you. We'll
18	break for lunch. We'll come back at 10 past 2:00.
19	THE REGISTRAR: Order, please.
20	
20	The sitting of the Commission is now in
21	The sitting of the Commission is now in recess until 2:10 p.m.
21	recess until 2:10 p.m.
21 22	recess until 2:10 p.m Upon recessing at 12:50 p.m.
21 22 23	recess until 2:10 p.m Upon recessing at 12:50 p.m Upon resuming at 2:14 p.m.
21222324	recess until 2:10 p.m Upon recessing at 12:50 p.m Upon resuming at 2:14 p.m. THE REGISTRAR: Order, please.
2122232425	recess until 2:10 p.m. Upon recessing at 12:50 p.m. Upon resuming at 2:14 p.m. THE REGISTRAR: Order, please. This sitting of the Foreign Interference

1	I think Mr. Ferguson, you're the one
2	conducting the examination this afternoon? And the next
3	witness is Ms. Kwan?
4	(SHORT PAUSE)
5	MS. JENNY KWAN: Good afternoon.
6	THE REGISTRAR: So can we affirm the witness?
7	All right. Ms. Kwan, could you please state
8	your full name and spell your last name for the record?
9	MS. JENNY KWAN: It is Jenny Kwan, K-W-A-N.
10	MS. JENNY KWAN, Affirmed:
11	THE REGISTRAR: Thank you.
12	Counsel, you may proceed.
13	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Thank you.
14	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON:
4-	
15	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Good afternoon, Ms.
16	Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document
16	Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document
16 17	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms.</pre>
16 17 18	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan?</pre>
16 17 18 19	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do.</pre>
16 17 18 19 20	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You were</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You were interviewed by Commission counsel on July 18, 2024. Is that</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You were interviewed by Commission counsel on July 18, 2024. Is that correct?</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You were interviewed by Commission counsel on July 18, 2024. Is that correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct.</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You were interviewed by Commission counsel on July 18, 2024. Is that correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: A summary of that</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>Kwan. Madam Court Operator, can we pull up the document WIT78.EN, please? So you see the document on the screen, Ms. Kwan? MS. JENNY KWAN: I do. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You were interviewed by Commission counsel on July 18, 2024. Is that correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: A summary of that interview was prepared by Commission counsel. Have you had a</pre>

- 1 had the opportunity to make corrections or changes to the
- 2 document?
- 3 MS. JENNY KWAN: I have.
- 4 MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And I understand you'd
- 5 like to make a correction today?
- 6 MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes, there's one line edit
- 7 that needs to be corrected. And in the reference related to
- 8 -- related to the contracting out of Canada's visa offices.
- 9 MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: M'hm.
- 10 MS. JENNY KWAN: Actually, the word should be
- 11 subcontracted.
- 12 MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So let's just
- try to find that paragraph.
- 14 MS. JENNY KWAN: If memory serves it
- 15 correctly ---
- 16 MR. SUJIT CHOUDHRY: Mr. Ferguson, it's
- paragraph 24.
- 18 MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Thank you. Paragraph
- 19 24, thank you.
- MS. JENNY KWAN: Yeah.
- MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So let's go to
- 22 paragraph 24, and just so that everyone on the -- can follow,
- there's a word that needs to be change to -- from contract to
- 24 subcontracted?
- MS. JENNY KWAN: The third line on the page
- said as it had been contracted out, it should be
- "subcontracted".
- 28 MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So we'll take

1	note of that. Have you are there any other amendments or
2	changes you'd like to make at this time?
3	MS. JENNY KWAN: No.
4	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. We'll also be
5	tendering we don't have to show it on the screen but
6	WIT78.FR, which is the French translation of the interview
7	summary, which will both be entered into evidence.
8	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000078.EN:
9	Interview summary
10	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000078.FR:
11	French translation of interview
12	summary
13	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Ms. Kwan, during your
14	evidence at the Stage 1 hearings, you mentioned that there
15	had been a seismic shift in your relationship with Chinese
16	community Chinese-Canadian community organizations and
17	associations, starting in 2019 when you became more vocal on
18	the issue of Hong Kong. Is that correct?
19	MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct.
20	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Can you just remind us
21	how that manifested itself; how you began to notice that
22	there was a shift in that relationship with those with
23	certain organizations?
24	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, as the situation in
25	Hong Kong escalated, and with the national security law issue
26	coming to the forefront, I began participating at a variety
27	of different rallies. And I think one rally to which I
28	attended was a rally in front of the Chinese Consulate's

1	place, and where I stood on a flatbed truck to speak.
2	And that news sort of travelled and then
3	since then, you know, there were some changes in people's
4	behaviour towards me, to be sure. And a big change related
5	to that included, I think, the platforming activities where
6	investigations for me to attend community events had began to
7	decrease, and in fact over the years, quite drastically.
8	At the time I didn't quite notice it, but
9	now, in light of issues and concerns around foreign
10	interference activities, I'm noting as well that donations
11	have also shifted.
12	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So you're
13	saying that in looking back in retrospect, you noticed the
14	change in the relationships started around the time or after
15	the time that you took part in a demonstration in front of
16	the Chinese Consulate?
17	MS. JENNY KWAN: I think that's I think
18	that's accurate. There are a number of different activities
19	that took place that led up to it.
20	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay.
21	MS. JENNY KWAN: But for sure that was one
22	incident that I would note.
23	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And you
24	mentioned the case of donations. What were you about to say
25	about that?
26	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, some donations
27	disappeared from various individuals, and in some cases some
28	of those individuals' donations were fairly consistent. And

1	then, all of a sudden, after a period of time, and
2	particularly noting 2019, some of those donations ended.
3	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And you
4	mentioned something during your Stage 2 interview that you
5	were recently informed that the PRC Consulate in Vancouver
6	had issued an edict against you. Can you speak a bit more
7	about that?
8	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. I was attending a
9	community event, and at that community event I also had my
10	staff there. And per usual in these events you try to talk
11	to the different community members, and that's part of the
12	engagement that's important with those events.
13	So this individual had a lengthy conversation
14	with my staff, and it was communicated to him that in the
15	business community they'd been advised that they should
16	they should stop the engagement with me.
17	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And was this a
18	conversation you had directly with an individual, or this was
19	reported to you?
20	MS. JENNY KWAN: It was reported to me.
21	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And when was it
22	reported to you?
23	MS. JENNY KWAN: Shortly after the event,
24	that evening I was advised that this conversation had taken
25	place, and so it was that day.
26	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And was there any
27	information as to when that edict would have been issued or
28	that directive would have been issued?

1	MS. JENNY KWAN: No specific date was given,
2	per se, and we were trying to discern in and around what
3	period that might have occurred. But we did not receive a
4	specific date, per se.
5	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And have you
6	noticed anything going forward or looking back
7	retrospectively after receiving that information as to
8	people's or certain conduct around you?
9	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yeah, so I went back to look
10	at the invitations, for example, because part of the
11	platforming activities, I think, involved invitations to
12	community events. So we printed out the invitations over the
13	years and just to sort of see the volume of it, to see what
14	it looked like. And we noticed that from 2015, was when I
15	was first elected, federally, comparing to that year to now
16	there's absolutely a significant decrease in invitations.
17	And I would say to the tune of about maybe a quarter, a third
18	at best, of the invitations I'm now receiving.
19	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And so you've
20	noticed a significant decrease in invitations to events
21	hosted by certain groups and associations. But there are
22	still are some invitations; correct?
23	MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct. There are
24	still that are coming through, but there are some that are
25	definitely has ended. Whereas before, those organizations
26	would fairly regularly invite me to attend community events.
27	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You also
28	mentioned during this your Stage 2 interview in July that

1	you're sometimes faced with a dilemma over which events in
2	the Chinese-Canadian community that you're invited to attend.
3	Can you speak to that?
4	MS. JENNY KWAN: So in light of the
5	information that's come forward around foreign interference,
6	and in light of the fact that I am a target, and I have been
7	advised that I am a evergreen target, and then in light of
8	the fact of the from the reports that's come out, for
9	example, the NSICOP report that speaks to proxies and so on,
10	I've become quite vigilant in trying to figure out the
11	landscape around me. And, you know, there are, for example,
12	no United Front department organizations, and when you
13	receive invitations from those organizations that might be
14	engaged in foreign interference activities, the question then
15	becomes do you attend those events or not? And it is a huge
16	conundrum for me because, on the one hand, there's some good
17	work that's being done in the community by these
18	organizations. It is also an opportunity as an elected
19	official for me to engage with the community as well. But if
20	you do go, and if they are, for example, engaged with foreign
21	interference activities, am I then validating them? Am I
22	being a semi-witting participant in that process?
23	So you know, these are important questions,
24	at least in my head, and it is a huge conundrum. And I
25	you know, I often struggle with trying to determine what is
26	the right thing to do.
27	And so I've landed on making the
28	determination on a case-by-case basis and what the event is

1	about, and how it is relevant to the community, as an
2	example. And I would say that supporting community
3	initiatives that I have advocated for, strongly support, or
4	you know, that amplifies my own natural heritage, as an
5	example, in the context of Canada's multicultural mosaic, I
6	think those are important events to go to.
7	And so it's you know, on the other hand,
8	I've made a decision not to attend the celebration of the
9	PRC's anniversary, you know. And so those are tough
10	decisions to make, and difficult decisions for me because I
11	don't want to be unwittingly or seen to be semi-wittingly
12	validating potential organizations who might be engaged in
13	foreign interference activities.
14	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. I might have a
15	couple of follow-up questions there. You mentioned that
16	there was this dilemma that you faced in attending these
17	events. When did this when did you start questioning
18	whether you should attend these events or not?
18 19	whether you should attend these events or not? MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told
19	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told
19 20	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told that I'm a target and sort of, you know, really been warned
19 20 21	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told that I'm a target and sort of, you know, really been warned about that.
19 20 21 22	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told that I'm a target and sort of, you know, really been warned about that. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And when you
19 20 21 22 23	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told that I'm a target and sort of, you know, really been warned about that. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And when you say you learned that you were a target, that's are we
19 20 21 22 23 24	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told that I'm a target and sort of, you know, really been warned about that. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And when you say you learned that you were a target, that's are we referencing the briefing that you received from CSIS in May
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	MS. JENNY KWAN: Really, after I've been told that I'm a target and sort of, you know, really been warned about that. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And when you say you learned that you were a target, that's are we referencing the briefing that you received from CSIS in May 2023?

1	some organizations or associations are known to have ties to
2	United Front Work Department. What is the source of when
3	you say that they're known to, what's the source of your
4	information in regards to that?
5	MS. JENNY KWAN: It's generally information
6	in the public domain, and at no point did I receive
7	confirmation from any officials to tell me that such-and-such
8	organization is a United Front Work Department organization
9	so you kind of just have to exercise your best judgment
10	because there's no clarity on any of that. And one thing
11	that would be useful and helpful, I think, for
12	parliamentarians is for us to have some clarity and guideline
13	on how we should conduct ourselves.
14	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So when you're
15	referring that there you're not receiving this information
16	from official sources, this is more word on the street or
17	word in the community, in a manner of speaking?
18	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. You know, word on the
19	street, word in the community, some of the reporting in the
20	media. Sometimes you just sort of observe those
21	organizations and their activities and you sort of try to
22	come to some general perspective related to it.
23	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And some you also -
24	- the activities of some of the organizations like stances
25	that they'll take publicly?
26	MS. JENNY KWAN: Correct.
27	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And you

1	When did you stop attending that?
2	MS. JENNY KWAN: Again, after I realized and
3	had been informed that I am a target, and an evergreen
4	target, of the PRC.
5	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. I'm going to
6	show you a document. I'll call up a document CAN037690_1.
7	And if we can scroll if we go to the
8	second page just to identify the document. Okay, right
9	there.
10	This is a document dated February 2024. It's
11	a "SITE Threat Assessment of Foreign Interference Threats to
12	Canadian Democratic Institutions" that was recently made
13	available to the Commission. It does contain some
14	redactions, and it refers to the doc covers SITE observations
15	of foreign threat actors' intentions and activities relating
16	to foreign interference since GE44 in September 2021 and
17	activities prior to September 2021, at which SITE became
18	aware.
19	Ms. Kwan, I'm going to refer you to an
20	excerpt on page 3, which is I think it's bullet number
21	it's point number 8.
22	Have you seen this document before today?
23	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes, I have.
24	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. I presume
25	fairly recently?
26	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
27	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay.
28	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yesterday.

1	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So this the
2	paragraph 8, "Mobilizing and leveraging community
3	organizations".
4	And I'll ask you just to take notice of that
5	paragraph that refers to local community networks as a key
6	vector facilitating foreign interference activities and
7	whether this is consistent with what you've experienced, what
8	you've observed or what you've heard.
9	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, I would say that in
10	terms of a direct experience like can I say that I have
11	been directly impacted? Do I have evidence to indicate that?
12	And I guess that's what part of this work is important to do,
13	and then where there might be situations or occurrences where
14	I'm wondering whether or not it is foreign it might be a
15	foreign interference activity, and that will be important for
16	the various officials and departments to engage in examining.
17	So to that end, I think that it's fair to say
18	that I have some suspicion of these activities, and that
19	might be impacting me. However, I can't say definitively,
20	necessarily, that that is what is occurring.
21	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: So you don't have any
22	direct evidence of it of what's being of activities
23	that are targeting you particularly.
24	MS. JENNY KWAN: No, other than just my
25	observations.
26	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay.
27	MS. JENNY KWAN: But I think might be
28	related.

1	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. We could take
2	the document down from the screen. I will come back to it a
3	bit later.
4	Ms. Kwan, you've been an MP you've been in
5	political life for a very long time. You've been an MP since
6	2015, so a member of Parliament since 2015. And as you
7	mentioned during your interview at Stage 2, I understand that
8	you are not aware of any incidents involving the use of
9	either clandestine networks surrounding MPs or the use of
10	political staffers as proxies.
11	MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct.
12	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. Are you aware
13	of any cyber threat activity against you as an MP?
14	MS. JENNY KWAN: No, I'm not aware of it.
15	Some of the issues that have surfaced, for example, related
16	to a platform, the WeChat platform, as an example. After I
17	was elected, my office did sign up for WeChat, but then,
18	after a period of time, it was brought to our attention that
19	some of the postings that we had put up has been taken down,
20	unbeknownst to us, and then at that point we realized that we
21	were being censored. And then at that point we stopped using
22	that platform.
23	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And when was that,
24	roughly, when you noticed that or you became aware that some
25	of your the posts that you were putting on WeChat were
26	censored?
27	MS. JENNY KWAN: So we signed up for WeChat -
28	- it took us quite a while to actually set up our office, and

1	I think we signed up for it in 2017. And so things were kind
2	of just moving along.
3	And then in 2019, we then took down we
4	stopped using it because it was in or around that time that
5	we were informed that we learned that some of the postings
6	that we would put up has been taken down.
7	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And what were
8	the what was the nature of the postings that you were
9	what was the nature of the content that you were posting that
10	you realized was being taken down?
11	MS. JENNY KWAN: Some of them were related to
12	the commemoration of the Tiananmen massacre and its
13	anniversary time. Some of them were related to the umbrella
14	movement, the Hong Kong pro-democracy movement, and things of
15	that nature.
16	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: If I turn now to if
17	I come back to the document that I we called up before,
18	CAN037690_1.
19	Go to page 5 of the document.
20	(SHORT PAUSE)
21	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: A bit lower. No,
22	sorry. It's higher.
23	There's a discrepancy between the page number
24	and the PDF. Can we just go up to page 5 of the PDF?
25	So keep scrolling up, please.
26	Okay. Stop there.
27	Forgive me. I'm looking for an excerpt from
28	the document that states that:

1	"Political parties, candidates and
2	their staff continue to be targeted
3	by cyber threat attack. However,
4	this will likely take the form of
5	cyber espionage, disinformation and
6	deep fakes in the future."
7	It's actually paragraph 12 right there on the
8	screen, the last line.
9	I'm just wondering, Ms. Kwan, because you
10	mentioned you removed WeChat, how are you guarding against
11	cyber activity as an MP?
12	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, to be truthful, if
13	they are such activities taking place, let's say, on the
14	WeChat platform, I wouldn't know it because we don't pay
15	we're not paying attention to it. We're not active on that
16	platform any more. So I would have to be reliant on
17	government officials, hopefully, who might be observing this
18	to inform.
19	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So because you
20	don't have sight or any visibility on what's going on on
21	WeChat, you have no way to know what's being mentioned about
22	you on that forum.
23	MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct. I would
24	have no way of knowing.
25	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. How are you
26	guarding in general on misinformation or disinformation that
27	may be spread about you online?
28	MS. JENNY KWAN: If we happen to catch it,

1	then we would try to respond to it. Sometimes they it
2	could be that there's misinformation or disinformation that
3	catches the attention of the media and they would come and
4	inquire about it or get me to comment about it. You know,
5	those would be sort of the means to which we'd go about it.
6	Sometimes there could be community members
7	who say, "Hey, by the way, did you know such and such?" which
8	was how we found out that some of our postings were taken
9	down. So you're kind of reliant on these sort of ad hoc type
10	sources.
11	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And are you
12	aware of the supports that you're receiving as a member of
13	Parliament from the House of Commons or any other public
14	sector department?
15	MS. JENNY KWAN: Supports in terms of
16	security support?
10	
17	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah.
17	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah.
17 18	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House
17 18 19	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an
17 18 19 20	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an example, that provides support to members of Parliament.
17 18 19 20 21	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an example, that provides support to members of Parliament. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And do you receive
17 18 19 20 21 22	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an example, that provides support to members of Parliament. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And do you receive supports, you know, for guarding against cyber threat
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an example, that provides support to members of Parliament. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And do you receive supports, you know, for guarding against cyber threat activity from your political Party?
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an example, that provides support to members of Parliament. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And do you receive supports, you know, for guarding against cyber threat activity from your political Party? MS. JENNY KWAN: No.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Yeah. MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. We do have the House of Commons security services, so Sergeant at Arms, as an example, that provides support to members of Parliament. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And do you receive supports, you know, for guarding against cyber threat activity from your political Party? MS. JENNY KWAN: No. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. During your

1	that referring to that?
2	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
3	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: You expressed
4	particular concern about TikTok.
5	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
6	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. What's your
7	main concern about TikTok?
8	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, the first and
9	foremost, TikTok is operated by a company that has to be out
10	of China. And because the way in which it is structured, if
11	you are a company operating out of China, you are required to
12	follow the laws and regulations and rules of China. And in
13	that instance, that would mean that the company would have to
14	be allow for access to their information from the Chinese
15	government. It would mean that even in their management role
16	and operation of their company, they would actually have to
17	allow for a Chinese government representative to be in a
18	significant position within the organization.
19	So that's my first concern with respect to
20	that entire structure.
21	And of course, we know that with this with
22	TikTok and with this particular platform, it is about
23	gathering data and to the point where in you know, it
24	it's a variety of different data about the user, and all of
25	that could be collected and be used in any way by the Chinese
26	government. So I'm deeply concerned about the use of TikTok.
27	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: I'll pull up a
28	document, Madam Court Reporter, CAN004358 1.

1	Okay. And if we just yeah. If we could
2	stay right there right now.
3	So this is an analytical brief from the
4	Canadian Security Intelligence Service with the topic heading
5	"TikTok's" there are redactions "access to western
6	data" dated December 30th, 2022. This is a document that was
7	recently made available to the Commission, and it contains
8	redactions.
9	Now, it begins, if we just we could stay
10	there. It begins with the opening paragraph that:
11	"TikTok, the People's Republic of
12	China's first western-centric social
13	media application, has potential to
14	be exploited by the PRC government to
15	bolster its influence and power
16	overseas, including in Canada. The
17	highly addictive short video
18	application owned by PRC's Bit
19	Byte(sic), allows [redaction] access
20	to sensitive user data."
21	There are redactions.
22	"Despite assurances to the contrary,
23	personal data on TikTok users is
24	accessible to China."
25	Does this document come as a surprise to you,
26	Ms. Kwan?
27	MS. JENNY KWAN: It does not come as a
28	surprise because that's I share those concerns, and that's

1	one of the reasons why I feel quite strongly that we need to
2	take more proactive action in relation to TikTok.
3	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. If we go to
4	page 2 of the document.
5	And just in the middle there. Yeah.
6	So there's a paragraph in the middle that's
7	quite redacted, but what's not redacted is:
8	"TikTok has access to a significant
9	amount of user data that contains
10	sensitive personal information."
11	And we can move on to page 3, right there, at
12	paragraph 6. The point 6 is:
13	"Open source reporting indicates that
14	western data is accessible to China.
15	While ByteDance claims that TikTok
16	user data is stored in the United
17	States and Singapore (not in China),
18	ByteDance's servers are all located
19	in China and TikTok's source code
20	itself contains some underlying basic
21	functionalities of ByteDance's other
22	products, including its Chinese
23	equivalent, Douyin. An internal
24	company document from ByteDance's
25	internal audit and risk control
26	department confirms that data stored
27	on servers located outside of China
28	is also possibly retained on Chinese

1	based servers."
2	This may be a rhetorical question, Ms. Kwan,
3	but does this assessment serve to confirm or rebut your
4	concerns with about TikTok?
5	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, I think this document,
6	this information confirms my fears about TikTok. And what
7	I'm worried about is that the general public do not know
8	about this. And what I'm even more concerned about is that
9	the government may well be, or government agencies is aware
10	of this, and if they are not, they should be, and the
11	question then becomes what action are they going to take to
12	protect the Canadian public.
13	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And if we
14	continue, I think it's the document also goes on a bit
15	further to say that the assessment dated
16	"which is dated December 30, 2022,
17	notes that few states have outright
18	banned TikTok, but the Federal
19	Communications Commission in the U.S.
20	has strongly recommended banning it
21	altogether."
22	We know approximately two months after this
23	document was created we see this document dated December
24	30th, 2022 that the Government of Canada banned TikTok on
25	its government-issued mobile devices and the House of Commons
26	has also banned the app on its devices. Is that correct?
27	MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct. But in my
28	estimation, that's deficient because not everyone the

1	general public, of course, do not use government devices, and
2	so but even potentially members of Parliament have
3	personal devices and their loved ones, extended family
4	members, might have other devices. But the general public do
5	not have this protection, and but yet the potential risks
6	associated with it does not disappear just because the
7	government said, "Please don't use government devices".
8	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. So I guess it's
9	fair to say that you don't have TikTok on your personal
10	devices?
11	MS. JENNY KWAN: I do not.
12	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. Do you have a
13	personal view or official view on this ban?
14	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, I do have a personal
15	view on it. I actually think that Canada should be proactive
16	in taking action in light of what we know and in light of the
17	risks for national security and the protection of individual
18	Canadians. We should be, as a first step, I think,
19	initiating to ensure that this data and that this company is
20	Canadian owned. The United States have undertaken to do that
21	work and I think that's the initial step.
22	But there's a larger question, and I'm not an
23	expert on this, by no means, and, you know, in terms of
24	transport of data across the border. You know, that should
25	not be allowed, and especially to countries that are
26	dictatorships
27	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay.
28	MS. JENNY KWAN: and might be using that

information in a nefarious way.

MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: So do I understand
you're not calling for an outright ban, but you're calling
for action, for example, something that would be akin to
selling TikTok to a Canadian -- or TikTok's subsidiary in

6 Canada to a Canadian company?

7 MS. JENNY KWAN

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MS. JENNY KWAN: I think that would be a first step to undertake for sure. The question is, if you ban TikTok, for example, then will there be another platform that is like TikTok that will surface? And then what do you do; right? So then you have to think about actions that you can take that will protect Canadians and to minimize that risk. And so that first step is making sure that it's Canadian owned, and the second step is the -- I think the transporting across border of the data itself, and then of course there needs to be a large public education campaign so people know what is at risk, because if you talk to most people, they will have no idea. And frankly, before all of this, I wouldn't know either. Not that I -- mind you, I've never used TikTok, for other reasons, but I wouldn't know either, until now, when I started to read up on it, and learn more and more about it, and the more I learned, the more disturbed I am and more shocked I am, and the more urgent I think it becomes for the Canadian Government to take action.

MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. I'll move on to another topic, which is the -- your reaction to the NSIRA NSICOP report that you mentioned that since they were produced or released, that they've cast a cloud of suspicion

1	on parliamentarians. Do you remember making that statement?
2	MS. JENNY KWAN: I do.
3	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And can you
4	give us a personal example of the consequences of that
5	suspicion, or that cloud of suspicion that you mentioned has
6	been cast over parliamentarians? How has that manifested
7	itself? How have you seen that in action?
8	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes, to give a very specific
9	example, in prior to the summer recess there are always
10	protests going on in and around the House of Commons and I
11	was coming out of Committee one day and sorry, I was
12	coming out of the House of Commons walking to Committee one
13	day and there was a crowd of protesters walking by, and this
14	is right, you know, in and around the period when these
15	reports came out, and people were, you know, jeering at
16	parliamentarians, myself included, and saying, you know, "You
17	traitor, you traitor." One of them noted a small daisy
18	tattoo on my ankle and began saying, "Is that a sign? Is
19	that a symbol? Is that a signal?" And it's this kind of
20	mentality that's sort of going on.
21	Now, that's a direct experience that I had,
22	but more to the point is that whenever you cast a cloud of
23	suspicion over Parliament, the entire Parliament suffers and
24	the integrity of the Parliament is in jeopardy.
25	And of course, if you think about it in the
26	context of foreign interference, I think that's exactly what
27	some of those actors want to do, to actually undermine our
28	democratic institutions and the elected representatives and

1	parliamentarians in that way, to sow distrust and chaos into
2	our system.
3	And so and I think that's one of the
4	outcomes of the NSICOP report and the NSIRA report, and
5	especially when we don't know who they're referring to,
6	because no names have been mentioned, so that means all 338 -
7	- although I guess that number is a little bit different
8	because of the by-elections, but generally speaking, we're
9	talking about 338 members of Parliament.
10	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. You've also
11	asked your party leader, Mr. Jagmeet Singh, to request from
12	the Canadian Government that you be granted a top secret
13	security clearance for you to review the classified version
14	of the report. Is that correct?
15	MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct.
16	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And you were
17	recently informed that the Government declined to bring you
18	
	through that process of giving you a top secret security
19	through that process of giving you a top secret security clearance; correct?
19 20	
	clearance; correct?
20	clearance; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct.
20 21	clearance; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And they mentioned
202122	clearance; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And they mentioned also that or you were informed that even if you had a top
20212223	clearance; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And they mentioned also that or you were informed that even if you had a top secret security clearance, that they would not provide access
2021222324	clearance; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And they mentioned also that or you were informed that even if you had a top secret security clearance, that they would not provide access to the report based on the need-to-know principal; correct?
20 21 22 23 24 25	clearance; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That's correct. MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: And they mentioned also that or you were informed that even if you had a top secret security clearance, that they would not provide access to the report based on the need-to-know principal; correct? MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct.

1	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well because I'm a target
2	and because I'm a parliamentarian. I think that it breaches
3	our privilege as parliamentarians. I think it's important
4	for parliamentarians to have their right for protection and
5	also the right to be warned of foreign interference
6	activities.
7	If we do not know as an example, if you
8	were an unwitting participant in this, and if you're not
9	warned about it and you don't know that this is happening,
10	and no one has told you, then you'll carry on business as
11	usual, thinking that everything is fine, when it isn't.
12	You know, if you are, on the other hand, a
13	willing participant in foreign interference activities, then
14	there needs to be accountability. It can't be that we just
15	turn a blind eye and carry on again business as usual,
16	because we swore an oath and part of that oath is our
17	commitment to Canada. But if you, in the course of your work
18	as a member of Parliament, you are actively, willingly,
19	intentionality, wittingly, collaborating and working with a
20	foreign state or country to undermine our democratic
21	institutions or our processes, that has to be to be dealt
22	with. There has to be accountability.
23	And so I think it is absolutely critical that
24	there be a process that's established to address this.
25	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: But you also
26	acknowledge that the report is based on intelligence and not
27	evidentiary findings; correct?
28	MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct. This is

1	about intelligence, so it's not evidence, per say.
2	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: M'hm.
3	MS. JENNY KWAN: But at the same time, of
4	course we are politicians, and so we're also judged
5	differently and we also have a different standard to which we
6	have to meet, I think. And so there is that distinction.
7	But I believe that there is a way to disclose the names of
8	these individuals without with keeping in mind of national
9	security, and due process, and also strike that balance for
10	transparency and accountability.
11	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: You believe there's a
12	way for doing that?
13	MS. JENNY KWAN: I do.
14	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. I will my
15	time is limited with you, but I will move on to another area,
16	which is the Foreign Influence Transparency Registry. I want
17	to so this is something that you've mentioned that you've
18	been lobbying for the introduction of such a registry. And
19	since the last stage or round of our hearings, not only was
20	there legislation that was tabled, but it's been adopted by
21	the House by Parliament.
22	Prior to that, to the introduction and
23	adoption of the Act respecting countering foreign
24	interference, which provides for a Foreign Agent Transparency
25	Registry, you had sponsored an E-Petition, E-4534, to the
26	House of Commons calling for the setting up of a Foreign
27	Influence Transparency Registry. Do you remember that?
28	MS. JENNY KWAN: I do.

1	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: That petition
2	contained a preamble which expressed deep concern about using
3	the issue of the Chinese Exclusion Act, as it was known, of
4	1923, to undermine the government proceeding with a Foreign
5	Influence Registry, and warning against conflating that
6	racist Act with a registry aimed at those lobbying on behalf
7	of foreign governments, and also using anti-Asian racism as a
8	shield to distract from action required to protect Canadian
9	democracy. Do you remember those that roughly I'm
10	paraphrasing, but do you remember that preamble to that
11	petition?
12	MS. JENNY KWAN: I do.
13	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. What was your
14	motivation in sponsoring that particular petition?
15	MS. JENNY KWAN: A, because I wanted to see
16	the registry in place
17	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: M'hm.
18	MS. JENNY KWAN: before the next
19	election. I think it's absolutely critically that it is
20	operational before the next election.
21	And with the preamble, I think it's really
22	also important to point out that there are individuals who
23	are trying to conflate the issue of the registry and somehow
24	making it as a racist law and comparing it to the Exclusion
25	Act. The Exclusion Act is a racist law because it targeted
26	the Chinese people explicitly and said that they were
27	excluded from coming to Canada. That was a racist law and
28	there's no question about it.

1	But Bill C-70, the registry, it is not that.
2	The registry applies to everyone in Canada. In fact, it is
3	quite the opposite. It is set up to protect all Canadians
4	regardless of their race.
5	And so for those who are trying to conflate
6	the issues and to hype up the fears that Chinese-Canadians
7	have because of the history of Canada's laws, I think they're
8	race baiting. I think it is shameful to do that. And so it
9	is important to point that out, and so that the Canadian
10	public will know, and hopefully the difference, and that the
11	registry is meant to protect Canada and meant to protect all
12	races, no matter who you are and where you come from.
13	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And do you
14	think, based on that initial outcry and the criticisms that
15	were directed against the adoption of such a registry, that
16	there's a need for better public education about the
17	registry?
18	MS. JENNY KWAN: Absolutely. I think that
19	there needs to be extensive public education about the
20	registry, and then once we have the details around its
21	implementation, for the public to know, because what we don't
22	want, of course, is to instill fear for no good reason in the
23	hearts and minds of the Canadian public.
24	What we also want people to know is to make
25	sure that their activities do not violate the Act. And so
26	they need to understand exactly what that means and how it
27	would apply. And so that public education process I think is
28	really, really critical and I think it needs to be ongoing.

28

with the Commission?

1	It is not a one-time activity and it needs to be multilingual
2	to meet all the communities' needs in Canada.
3	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Okay. And I'm running
4	out of time, but I have two actually, one question and
5	then a very general at the end, but the during your July
6	interview, you made a point of stating that you are not anti-
7	China. Can you elaborate on this and why that was important
8	to mention and stress?
9	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. Because I think that
10	some people might construe the notion that I'm raising my
11	concerns around foreign interference activities because
12	somehow, I am anti-China. But when we raise these issues,
13	when Bill C-70 is brought to light, it is not targeted at
14	China per say, nor Chinese people, or Chinese-Canadians. It
15	is about the practices of the regime that's taking place when
16	I raise human rights issues, the situation with Hong Kong and
17	the violation of the National Security Law, it's the regime's
18	determination in bringing forward the National Security Law
19	that violates basic human rights and taking away Hong
20	Konger's basic rights. That's what I'm opposed.
21	So and there are activities that I have
22	engaged in previously that the Chinese Government, I assume,
23	would like, and would like very much. Such as, for example,
24	my advocating for Nanjing Massacre Commemoration.
25	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: M'hm. And so I guess
26	on this last point, can you is there anything else that

I've not discussed with you today that you'd like to discuss

1	MS. JENNY KWAN: There are, I think, a few
2	things that I would like to bring up.
3	I think that what's really important for us
4	to engage in, and I hope I'm hoping that the Commission
5	will provide guidance in this regard in its final report. In
6	my view, what's happening right now with the situation is
7	that our structures is not working, in terms of the
8	government's structures on how to deal with foreign
9	interference activities. A, it's not taking it seriously.
10	We actually really have to catch up with other jurisdictions.
11	And then the other thing too is that we need
12	an independent structure, one that is accountable and
13	divorced from politics. One that will actually take the lead
14	to drive actions that need to be taken to protect Canada's
15	national interest.
16	I also think that there are road blockers in
17	the way. In reading the NSIRA report, I was really disturbed
18	by the timeline and how things flowed. There were three
19	incidences, at least, where intelligence products either was
20	significantly delayed in reaching the Prime Minister, or not
21	at all.
22	So in the report, Case 1, it cites of a PRC
23	foreign interference activity for an election candidate.
24	That information was delayed in reaching the Prime Minister
25	by 16 months. That cannot be acceptable. And why did that
26	result? How is it possible that that delay happened?
27	Then you have another situation in that
28	report where they cited the targeting paper, and that

1	targeting paper did not reach the Prime Minister at all
2	either.
3	And then even though it was revised at the
4	request of the NSIA, the National Intelligence Security
5	Advisor to the Prime Minister, it still did not reach the
6	Prime Minister.
7	And then in addition, the report, the special
8	report that was done by the PCO, that too did not reach
9	Cabinet or the Prime Minister.
10	And who ran interference with all of that?
11	It was the NSIA. And to me, that needs to be dealt with,
12	because the NSIA does not exist to be a gatekeeper for
13	intelligence products to reach the decision makers and should
14	not also be the editor of these products, to which, in
15	reading that report, the NSIA acted in both of those realms
16	in that way.
17	And so I think that's really important to
18	note as well.
19	I have other things to raise, but I know that
20	we're out of time, so I will pause here.
21	MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: Thank you, Ms. Kwan.
22	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
23	So we'll start the cross-examination right
24	away. I think it's you, [no interpretation].
25	M. SÉBASTIEN LAFRANCE: [No interpretation].
26	We have no questions. The OCCE has no questions.
27	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: No questions?
28	MR. SÉBASTIEN LAFRANCE: Thank you.

1	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
2	Then it means the next one is the Concern
3	Group.
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. NEIL CHANTLER:
5	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Good afternoon, MP Kwan.
6	MS. JENNY KWAN: Good afternoon.
7	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: It's Neil Chantler,
8	counsel for the Chinese Canadian Concern Group.
9	Ms. Kwan, you've been an elected official for
10	over 30 years at all levels of government. You're very
11	active in your community, in your riding, Vancouver East,
12	which does include North America's largest China Town.
13	Nearly half of your riding's residents are immigrants to
14	Canada and a quarter are of Chinese background.
15	You've touched on this a little in your
16	evidence already today, but how are your constituents
17	reacting, themselves, to news that there are parliamentarians
18	who are willing participants in the efforts of foreign states
19	to interfere with our democracy?
20	MS. JENNY KWAN: I think in general, people
21	are shocked to hear that, are disturbed, and deeply concerned
22	that there may be parliamentarians who are wittingly
23	collaborating with foreign states to undermine Canada's
24	democratic institutions and processes.
25	R. NEIL CHANTLER: And is this impact
26	particularly significant for members of the Chinese
27	community?

MS. JENNY KWAN: I think that for the

Chinese-Canadian community, there's general knowledge about some of these activities taking place, but I would not say that there is -- it's not deeply engrained in their way of thinking each and every day. I would not say that. There are some pockets of Chinese-Canadian community members who are deeply concerned, and those tend to be, for example, are individuals who are very active and engaged in the pro-democracy movement for Hong Kong, let's say, or human rights activism, as an example.

And there are some -- and I raised this in my previous testimony, where some individuals, in particular the seniors, where they read the news about my participation in rallies and different things like that, where I think they fear for me, and they have come to whisper things to me to say, "You need to take care of yourself. You need to not be so active, and so that you don't become a target," and those kinds of things.

MR. NEIL CHANTLER: And the Chinese diaspora in your community, of course it's not homogenous. There are people with a variety of different views on these subjects. But is this going to affect people's participation in our democracy? Is this going to affect people turning out at the ballot box and who they vote for?

MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, I hope not. And, you know, when you think about the foreign interference activities that are taking place, you have -- there are, I guess, two categories of it. One is there are those who may run for office, and then if they fear that they might get

KWAN

1	targeted, would they then not run for office? I think we
2	heard from former MP Kenny Chiu what was happening to him,
3	and had he known all of this was going to happen, that he
4	might not run. So that's an example of where people might
5	go.

On the flip side of it, I have had seniors come up to me who are worried about, potentially, that they could be found out that they are a supporter of mine at the ballot box, and then, you know, and then they might fear that in voting, in participating in a democratic process, that they will somehow be impacted in that way.

So, you know, so people would perceive it different and react differently, but certainly those are some of the things that I've heard in the community.

MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Okay. In the limited time I have with you, I want to try and ask a rather large question. But we have recommendations from NSIRA and NSICOP, and the Special parliamentary Committee that you participated with, and we have a whole variety of recommendations about things that the government could be doing to strengthen our democracy and protect us against foreign interference. And we hear over and over again this reluctance to deal with these issues. Why is the Government of Canada reluctant to deal with an issue that ought to be bipartisan and that ought to be something we can all unite behind?

MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, that is what we have to do, actually. We do need to make sure that this is not about any one political party, but rather, it is about our

- 1 democratic institutions. It is about protecting Canadians.
- 2 And we have to recognize that there are mistakes that have
- 3 been made. There are.
- And I always say this, my mom taught me this
- 5 well, when you make a mistake, own it, because that is the
- 6 only way that you can learn from it and to move forward.
- 7 Don't try to hide it. Don't try to pretend it doesn't exist.
- 8 Own it. More importantly, learn from it. What will you do
- 9 differently? How will you ensure that this doesn't happen
- 10 again? And that's what we need to do, I think, in Canada.
- 11 And so I think that some of the suggestions
- that I've sort of put on the floor today, you know,
- addressing TikTok, as an example, I think fixing the
- 14 structure of how this is dealt with is important, the
- independence component of it. I think we really have to
- 16 examine the NSIA's role.
- 17 You know, we have to understand that
- intelligence's products are produced by experts in that
- 19 field, and they gather that information and then they share
- that information, especially in the NSIRA report, you know,
- 21 it was meant to ensure that decision makers understand the
- 22 extent and alarming situation related to PRC foreign
- interference activities, and as well as providing the report
- that is most detailed, up to date at that time.
- How is it even possible that it actually
- never made it up to the decision maker's table? I don't get
- 27 it. How is it possible that the CSIS directors do not have
- direct access to the Prime Minister, who is in charge of our

1	national security? How is it possible that our Prime
2	Minister receives briefings verbally on national security,
3	top secret classified documents, only receive it verbally,
4	and says he does not read classified documents? My goodness
5	That's your job. You have to read it because it is about
6	protecting our country. So we have to own all of that, and
7	then we have to do a reset of how to do it properly, and to

take the partisan politics out of it.

And I will also finally say this, there are some elements to which I think political parties have a role to play related to nominations, related to leadership races, because it was also mentioned in the report how those are avenues for compromising Canada's democratic processes. And we have to take that seriously.

I know parties don't like to. I would say probably all political parties don't want anybody telling them what they should do or should not do. Well, it has to be done. I'm sorry. Like it or lump it, it has to be done because it's in the interests of the country.

And then finally, I would say this, that we need to take measures as well in regard to staff as well. There needs to be some better vetting processes and security measures around staff, because staff can be very influential for the elected official because they control our calendar, they give us advice on what we should do, they meet with the public all the time. They are our face, especially when we are here in Ottawa and not there in the community. And we need to guard against potential infiltration in that process.

1	Not to be hypersensitive around it, but we have to do our due
2	diligence.
3	And that's what I think that's what we need
4	to do.
5	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Thank you, Ms. Kwan.
6	I've used my time. I wish there was more I could ask you.
7	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
8	So next one is going to be counsel for the
9	Human Rights Coalition.
10	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. DAVID MATAS:
11	MR. DAVID MATAS: Thank you. My name is
12	David Matas.
13	I'm referring to something you've talked
14	about before, in your interview summary, Stage 2, paragraph
15	10, WIT.78.en, about providing due process without
16	compromising national security to parliamentarians accused of
17	acting as foreign agents. And you referred to special
18	advocate or security-cleared counsel.
19	And the first question I had I wanted to
20	ask you was, for the due process you have in mind, are you
21	thinking of a court process or parliamentary process? Or is
22	either, in your view, satisfactory?
23	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Do you need to review
24	what is mentioned in the sorry, no?
25	MS. JENNY KWAN: No, I'm good. Thank you
26	very much.
27	I would say that what I'm thinking about is a

parliamentary process. And in terms of releasing the names

1	and looking into it, one example that we can embark on is to
2	bring this matter and the information to PROC, as an example.
3	And so that would be for members of Parliament, and there
4	would be a parallel committee at the Senate as well.
5	Or alternatively, it could be a joint
6	endeavour with the Senate and members of Parliament through a
7	committee process in that way.
8	It can be done in camera so that you can get
9	access to the information. There has to be the security
10	clearance so people can get access to the information.
11	You can then invite those parliamentarians
12	that are impacted before Committee to be witnesses. Those
13	who are unwitting, semi-witting, and wittingly participating
14	in foreign interference activities. And so that they will
15	know what the intelligence is and what it is about, and then
16	they will be able to respond to it.
17	I think that you can do this by balancing the
18	notion of transparency, accountability, and also, at the same
19	time, due process for the individual.
20	It's possible that I'm not a lawyer, but
21	it is possible to bring in a special advocate, particularly
22	for those who might who are engaged in the witting,
23	intentional engagement of foreign interference activities.
24	MR. DAVID MATAS: Is this parliamentary
25	process you have in mind something that's already been done?
26	Or would it be something that would have to be constructed?
27	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, the PROC already
28	exists and the parallel committee in Senate also already

1	exists, so you could bring the two together and create a
2	joint committee. But have we actually gone through a process
3	where top secret information is being disclosed? Well,
4	NSICOP would be a similar structure where parliamentarians
5	participated in that process, have gone through the clearance
6	in order to access the information.
7	So it's not like it hasn't been done before
8	in that context, but in this particular situation it can be
9	replicated. There could be some minor adjustments
10	accordingly. But in the interests, I think, of protecting
11	our democratic institutions and processes, in the interests
12	of ensuring and addressing the issue of violation of
13	privileges of parliamentarians and the duty to warn and the
14	duty to protect, I think that we should engage in this
15	process.
16	This is something that I have raised with the
17	Speaker in the House of Commons in June, and the matter is
18	also before the Speaker for his determination.
19	MR. DAVID MATAS: I understand you'd prefer a
20	parliamentary process. Would you object to a Court process?
21	MS. JENNY KWAN: In this instance, what we're
22	talking about, of course, is intelligence, so it's not
23	evidentiary evidence. Evidentiary evidence would then, of
24	course, fall into the Court process, and so it should.
25	When we're talking about intelligence in this
26	instance, I am suggesting a parliamentary process.
27	MR. DAVID MATAS: The Immigration and Refugee
28	Protection Act has a special advocate system to review for

1	reasonableness security certificates issued by the government
2	which are used for the purpose of findings of inadmissibility
3	for permanent residents and people without with only
4	temporary status or no status.
5	I don't know if you're familiar with the
6	system that exists in the Immigration and Refugee Protection
7	Act for special advocates, but I was wondering whether,
8	whether in Parliament or in Court, that sort of system might
9	be applicable in this situation. Is that something you can
10	comment on?
11	MS. JENNY KWAN: You mean suggesting a quasi-
12	judicial process in dealing with foreign interference
13	activities related to parliamentarians? Is that what you
14	MR. DAVID MATAS: Yes.
15	MS. JENNY KWAN: At this point, I think that
16	an effective way to deal with this I truly believe a
17	Parliamentarian process would be an effective way to deal
18	with it.
19	MR. DAVID MATAS: I understand that.
20	A special advocate, at least the way it works
21	in the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act, is that the
22	person concerned is not there. The advocate gets the
23	information, but not the person concerned because of the need
24	for security and not to disclose to the person concerned that
25	the security information and then the special advocate is
26	subject to confidentiality.
27	Is that the type of system you have in mind?
	is that the type of system you have in mind:

1	would say that you know, I'm not a lawyer, and how to
2	ensure that the system is set up to address the question of
3	due process, I think it is important, and so that's why I
4	think it's you know, an equivalent concept of using a
5	special advocate can be put in place for this because what we
6	need to ensure and protect would be national interest issues
7	and then, of course, the question around due process.
8	In that mix, I do think that we can strike
9	that balance of transparency and accountability.
10	MR. DAVID MATAS: Thank you. Those are my
11	questions.
12	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
13	So next one is the AG. It's you?
14	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. HELENE ROBERTSON:
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15	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam
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15 16	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner.
15 16 17	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene
15 16 17 18	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada.
15 16 17 18 19	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and
15 16 17 18 19	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and it's in fact, it just follows on fairly neatly from what
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and it's in fact, it just follows on fairly neatly from what Mr. Matas was talking with you about, and that's the NSICOP
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and it's in fact, it just follows on fairly neatly from what Mr. Matas was talking with you about, and that's the NSICOP report.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and it's in fact, it just follows on fairly neatly from what Mr. Matas was talking with you about, and that's the NSICOP report. So in your discussion with Mr. Ferguson
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and it's in fact, it just follows on fairly neatly from what Mr. Matas was talking with you about, and that's the NSICOP report. So in your discussion with Mr. Ferguson earlier, you said that you believed there needed to be a
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. Good afternoon, Ms. Kwan. My name is Helene Robertson. I'm counsel for the Attorney General of Canada. And I just wanted to talk about one area, and it's in fact, it just follows on fairly neatly from what Mr. Matas was talking with you about, and that's the NSICOP report. So in your discussion with Mr. Ferguson earlier, you said that you believed there needed to be a process to deal with the issues raised in the report. You

1	discussion?
2	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes, I believe that we can
3	strike that balance.
4	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. Thank you.
5	And I would just say as well, and I'm happy
6	for us to pull it up if you need, at paragraph 8 of your
7	interview summary you make a reference to the need for
8	Parliament to engage with the issues in a responsible way.
9	Do you remember that as being part of the summary?
10	MS. JENNY KWAN: I do.
11	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. Thank you.
12	And I would just note and ask you whether or
13	not you would agree with this as a proposition, that for a
14	parliamentary process, you've mentioned the need for a
15	security cleared committee members to access that classified
16	information.
17	MS. JENNY KWAN: Well, yes, because if the
18	members cannot access all the information, they would not be,
19	I think, in the position to do their work responsibly.
20	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Right. And the NSICOP
21	report, of course, came out of a parliamentary committee
22	NSICOP, National Security and Intelligence Committee of
23	parliamentarians?
24	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
25	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Yes. And they are all
26	security cleared members of Parliament?
27	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
28	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Who are bound by what

1	was earlier the Security Information Act
2	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
3	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: and permanently
4	bound to secrecy.
5	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.
6	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. And so they
7	have that legislative requirement for their for them to
8	obtain clearance before they access classified information?
9	MS. JENNY KWAN: That is correct.
10	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. And so you're
11	suggesting something similar to NSICOP, but different. Do I
12	understand that correctly?
13	MS. JENNY KWAN: I am suggesting something
14	similar, true.
15	You know, the PROC committee in the House of
16	Commons are charged with looking into violations of Members'
17	privileges, and my point here is this, that I believe that
18	members' privileges have been violated here.
19	When you have a situation where all members
20	of Parliament are cast under a cloud of foreign interference
21	activities, potentially, wittingly, unwittingly or semi-
22	wittingly, we're all under this cloud. Based on the report
23	and the information that's provided, particularly those who
24	are of Chinese descent or South Asian descent, are
25	particularly highlighted as individuals who could face
26	suspicion. And that, to me, is a big issue that we need to
27	address in terms of our privilege that, you know, when you
28	have members of Parliaments' privilege being infringed on in

1	a in a Parliament, that cannot be acceptable.
2	So if we continue on business as usual, if we
3	say the NSICOP report in the way in which it's written and
4	presented, although with a different mandate, is suffice to
5	deal with this issue, I would argue that it isn't because
6	their mandate was not to look at the issue of privilege for
7	parliamentarians and then, by extension, not just one
8	Parliamentarian, but for the entire Chamber, for the entire
9	institution. And that is also was in jeopardy, and that
10	needs to be addressed properly.
11	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Thank you.
12	And just a few more questions.
13	You're aware of the motion in the House of
14	Commons asking this Commission to examine the issues that
15	were raised in the NSICOP report?
16	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes, I voted for it.
17	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. And so you're
18	obviously aware that the Commission agreed to examine the
19	issues in the context of the broader examination that they
20	are doing of foreign interference in our democratic
21	processes?
22	MS. JENNY KWAN: I am.
23	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. And you're
24	aware that, as the Commissioner stated during her opening
25	remarks on Monday, that she has had access to all of the
26	intelligence and underlying information that the NSICOP
27	committee had access to?
28	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes.

1	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Okay. And my question
2	to you, then, with all of that as context, is, how does that
3	affect your thinking in this space in regards to dealing with
4	the issues and balancing the national security against some
5	of the issues raised and the transparency required?
6	MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes. The Commission has
7	been tasked with this work, which I do think is important,
8	which is why I supported that motion.
9	With that being said, I also think that there
10	is another component to which is not necessarily the role of
11	the Commission, and that is to say on the question around
12	public accountability with respect to parliamentarians and
13	the role that they play.
14	And then on the question around privilege for
15	parliamentarians, I think that's also another piece that's
16	critical that needs to be considered.
17	Now, I have no doubt the Commission will do a
18	fantastic job with all of this work, but there's a lot of
19	stuff to which the Commission is being charged to deal with.
20	There's also a question in my mind, what role can
21	parliamentarians play, what role can Parliament play to
22	address these issues. And I think that the question of
23	privilege that I've raised with the Speaker speaks to that
24	and brings to the Speaker's attention around the role that
25	Parliament needs to play.
26	Parliament should not always just be reliant
27	on a special commission, on a special inquiry to do all of
28	this, and the truth of the matter is, I don't know if the

1	Commission will be able to do all of this work in the time
2	constraint that they have either, and there might be some
3	element to which there will be constraints that the
4	Commission might be faced with that they will not be able to
5	they may not be able to engage in in this process.
6	So we have to keep all of these issues in
7	mind and then, when I talk about being responsible
8	parliamentarians, part of that job is to say in light of all
9	of this, what do we need to do as a Parliament to address the
10	issue.
11	MS. HELENE ROBERTSON: Those are my
12	questions. Thank you.
13	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: thank you.
14	Mr. Choudhry.
	-
15	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SUJIT CHOUDHRY:
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SUJIT CHOUDHRY: MR. SUJIT CHOUDHRY: MP Kwan, just a couple
15	
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15 16 17 18 19	MR. SUJIT CHOUDHRY: MP Kwan, just a couple of points arising from the last sets of questions. So the first is, and I'm afraid this isn't here before you, but as you know, there's a list of standing
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KWAN

to hold accountable, to use your words, individuals who might 1 have been accused of being witting or semi-witting 2 participants in foreign interference. Of course, the 3 Commission will wrap up its work, but the foreign 4 interference won't go away. 5 6 Do you see the need for a standing process in the future after this Commission has completed its work to 7 address these issues? 8 9 MS. JENNY KWAN: Yes, I do. MR. SUJIT CHOUDHRY: Thank you. 10 COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you. 11 Any re-examination, Maître? 12 13 MR. MATTHEW FERGUSON: None, Madam 14 Commissioner. Thank you. 15 COMMISSIONER HOGUE: So thank you. We'll take 20 minutes' break before the next 16 17 witness, and I want to thank you. MS. JENNY KWAN: Thank you very much, 18 19 Commissioner. THE REGISTRAR: Order, please. 20 21 This sitting of the Commission is now in 22 recess until 3:52 p.m. --- Upon recessing at 3:32 p.m. 23 24 --- Upon resuming at 3:55 p.m. 25 THE REGISTRAR: Order, please. The sitting of the Foreign Interference 26 Commission is now back in session. 27

The time is 3:55 p.m.

1	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Good afternoon, Mr.
2	O'Toole.
3	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Good afternoon.
4	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Good afternoon,
5	Commissioner.
6	Natalia Rodriguez, Commission counsel, for
7	the record.
8	And Madam Commissioner, the witness before
9	you is Erin O'Toole, and I would ask that the witness be
10	sworn, please.
11	THE REGISTRAR: All right. Mr. O'Toole, can
12	you please state your full name and then spell your last name
13	for the record?
14	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Erin O'Toole. Erin
15	Michael O'Toole. O-apostrophe-capital T-O-O-L-E.
16	THE REGISTRAR: Thank you very much. And now
17	for the swearing in.
18	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE, Sworn:
19	THE REGISTRAR: Thank you very much.
20	Counsel, you may proceed.
21	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ:
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
23	Good afternoon, Mr. O'Toole.
24	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Good afternoon.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: On July 16th, 2024,
26	you had an interview with Commission counsel and a follow-up
27	interview on August $21st$, 2024 . Is that correct?
28	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: That's correct.

1	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And an interview
2	summary was generated from those interviews; correct?
3	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Correct.
4	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And so I will pull up
5	now WIT80.
6	And Mr. O'Toole, can you confirm this is the
7	Stage 2 interview summary that was generated from your
8	interviews with Commission counsel?
9	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes.
10	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And is it accurate to
11	the best of your knowledge, information, and belief?
12	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: It is.
13	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Do you have any
14	corrections, additions, or deletions to make at this time?
15	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: No, I had provided my
16	feedback earlier.
17	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you adopt this
18	summary as part of your evidence before the Commission today?
19	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I do.
20	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And so
21	we'll enter that as an exhibit. And for the record, the
22	French translation of that summary is at WIT80.FR. And we
23	don't need to pull it up, but it will also be entered into
24	evidence.
25	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000080:
26	Stage 2 interview summary
27	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000080.FR:
28	Stage 2 interview summary, French

1	translation	
2	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, Mr. O'Toole,	
3	you'll recall that a Stage 1 interview summary addendum was	
4	also prepared based on issues discussed during your Stage 1	
5	interviews with Commission counsel on February $23^{\rm rd}$ and March	
6	1^{st} , 2024 that were outside of the scope of the Stage 1	
7	hearings. Do you recall that?	
8	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes.	
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And if I could ask	
10	the Court Operator to please pull up WIT88.en?	
11	And this is the addendum to your Stage 1	
12	interview summary that was generated from your interviews	
13	with Commission counsel previously, as I mentioned, in	
14	February and March of this year; correct?	
15	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes.	
16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you have any	
17	corrections, additions, or deletions to make to this addendum	
18	at this time?	
19	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I do not.	
20	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you adopt this	
21	summary as part of your evidence before this Commission?	
22	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes, I do.	
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Great. So we'll have	
24	that now entered into evidence, along with WIT88.fr, which is	
25	the French translation of that summary. And we don't need to	
26	pull that up.	
27	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000088.EN:	
28	Addendum to Stage 1 interview summary	

1	EXHIBIT NO. WIT0000088.FR:	
2	Addendum to your Stage 1 interview	
3	summary, French translation	
4	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So, Mr. O'Toole, I	
5	want to start with information in your Stage 1 interview	
6	summary addendum and we can take that document down, thank	
7	you about concerns that you had regarding a member of your	
8	caucus while you were leader of the official opposition. Can	
9	you tell us a little bit about what you observed that was	
10	concerning to you?	
11	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: There was a member of our	
12	Upper Chamber Caucus that an MP brought to me that he may	
13	have been directly or indirectly promoting or lobbying an	
14	interest of a Chinese-state-owned enterprise in a riding in	
15	Ontario. And that member had there had been previous	
16	stories about sponsored travel and other things that led me	
17	to have some serious concerns, considering some of the	
18	subject we were discussing within caucus. But it was that	
19	issue in that town in Ontario potentially advocating for an	
20	economic interest that really forced me to make a decision of	
21	some concerns about that member.	
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And when you said	
23	about the travel, was this foreign-state-sponsored travel?	
24	Or how would you characterize the travel that you were	
25	concerned with?	
26	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes, it was sponsored	
27	travel to China, and a pretty extensive trip, from what I	
28	understood. And there was some media reporting of that	

1	sponsored travel. So you could say prior to being aware of	
2	this economic interest in Ontario, I had already sort of had	
3	some concerns about travel, about opening oneself up to	
4	potential influence. So the but it was really the	
5	economic issue raised to me by an MP that had been brought to	
6	him by one of his local mayors that really flagged it for me.	
7	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you believed	
8	the concern that you had is that you believed this behaviour	
9	could be consistent with engagement in some sort of foreign	
10	interference or foreign influence. Can you tell us why you	
11	thought that behaviour was consistent with those issues?	
12	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: To me, it was completely	
13	inappropriate for a Member of the Senate to be advocating for	
14	commercial interests related to a foreign entity in a riding	
15	in Canada, let alone in Ontario, and it was it had caused	
16	the municipal politician some concern, and that's how I was	
17	aware of it. It did not seem to be disclosed, or wasn't	
18	raised, or the context was not provided, and given we were	
19	having very serious discussions at the time with respect to	
20	the relationship with China, the situation with the two	
21	Michaels, the consideration of the plight of the Uyghur	
22	peoples, Hong Kong, I was very concerned about this member.	
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So what measures or	
24	actions, if any, did you consider when you learned of this	
25	concerning behaviour?	
26	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I spoke to our leader in	
27	the Senate and some other Members of the Senate. I was	
28	exploring removing this member from caucus. And the	

- challenge I had was I had no intelligence services' support. 1 I had allegations that I could not verify. I had no 2 3 learnings from intelligence agencies if they were aware of And the concern that some of my caucus members expressed 4 to me was that if I took a rash decision of removing a 5 6 member, I could be accused of racism, I could be accused of 7 not allowing somebody the right to respond. So I was in a real conundrum on how to handle it, but concerned about the 8 sensitivity of our caucus discussions. 9 So in the end, I did not proceed to remove 10 the member, but I did ask our leader in the Senate to sit the 11 person down for a very stern talking to about the 12 13 appropriateness of conduct and what was inappropriate, in my 14 view, as the leader at the time. And that was done and we 15 moved on from there. MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, did you report 16 any of these concerns to CSIS? 17 MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: This is the larger 18 19 problem. I never, ever was spoken to by CSIS. It was never offered to me by the Prime Minister or the Minister of Public 20 Safety. There was no mechanism to hear from CSIS or to seek 21 22 guidance from them. And I am hoping that the Inquiry can explore changes and modernization to allow our Parliament to 23
- function with the appropriate level of professional guidance,
 warnings, briefings, education. So -- and I considered
 myself a leader very, very comfortable in security of
 information from my military time, from my legal time, yet I
- 28 didn't have any options, nor were any given to me.

1	The real issue was, was CSIS aware of some of	
2	these activities at the time? My guess would be they likely	
3	were.	
4	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And so while there	
5	may not have been a formal mechanism for you to report	
6	issues, was it open to you to simply approach CSIS, as the	
7	leader of the opposition, to report concerns and seek their	
8	guidance?	
9	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: That had never been done.	
10	I guess I could have sent a general email or inquiry, but as	
11	I said, these functions weren't provided. So I conducted my	
12	own internal discussion and investigation, with what limited	
13	information I had, and we made a decision that way. But as I	
14	said, had we been able to rely on security to either verify	
15	or to investigate our concerns, that would have been very	
16	helpful to us at the time.	
17	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And in terms of	
18	reporting it to anyone else, did you have any concerns about	
19	reporting it to the Minister of Public Safety, is there some	
20	issue with the leader of the opposition going to the	
21	government with concerns about members within their own	
22	caucus?	
23	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Certainly, we're trail	
24	you know, we're trailblazing a bit of new ground here. This	
25	is something that I don't think has been encountered before.	
26	Certainly, we're in a very partisan environment more and more	
27	by the month it seems. And so, if we don't have these	
28	resources provided, you know, it's not really an environment	

1	where you could ask for that.	
2	I tried during Covid to seek briefings out	
3	from Dr. Tam and to get information and to work as team	
4	Canada as much as I could, but there was very little effort	
5	by the government to afford us with resources, briefings,	
6	background, assistance. And then of course, a month later	
7	we're also into the Winnipeg lab situation where they were	
8	denying parliament to even disclosure rights of information.	
9	So it was not a great environment.	
10	Perhaps I could have been a bit more	
11	proactive, but we did an internal investigation, internal	
12	discussions, and as I said, the result was a stern talking	
13	to. But that's kind of how we netted out as a caucus, as a	
14	leadership team.	
	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So is it fair to say	
15	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So is it fair to say	
15 16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So is it fair to say that if there is a process in place by which a party leader	
16	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader	
16 17	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would	
16 17 18	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at	
16 17 18 19	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time?	
16 17 18 19 20	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And even more	
16 17 18 19 20 21	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And even more helpful would have been if one of the intelligence agencies	
16 17 18 19 20 21	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And even more helpful would have been if one of the intelligence agencies is aware of an issue, that it be flagged proactively to the	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And even more helpful would have been if one of the intelligence agencies is aware of an issue, that it be flagged proactively to the caucus leader. This is where I think I've made	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And even more helpful would have been if one of the intelligence agencies is aware of an issue, that it be flagged proactively to the caucus leader. This is where I think I've made recommendations to you, Ms. Rodriguez, and to Justice Hogue.	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	that if there is a process in place by which a party leader can report concerns about their own members, that that would have been helpful if there had been that process in place at that time? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And even more helpful would have been if one of the intelligence agencies is aware of an issue, that it be flagged proactively to the caucus leader. This is where I think I've made recommendations to you, Ms. Rodriguez, and to Justice Hogue. I think there really needs to be a designated	

1	have so that they would have a direct line to important	
2	intelligence with the appropriate precautions.	
3	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And so, I want to	
4	turn now to the classified briefing that you received on May	
5	26^{th} , 2023 . And if I can take you to CAN.DOC.22? This	
6	document was previously entered into evidence at the Stage 1	
7	hearings and it comes with some caveats. If we go down a	
8	little bit yeah, just go up now. Just the caveats	
9	section.	
10	Yeah. So we can see that there are caveats	
11	at the top. And so, taking those caveats into account, it's	
12	mentioned in the first page that:	
13	"With a better understanding of PRC	
14	foreign interference methodology and	
15	tradecraft [you], Mr. O'Toole, would	
16	be better able to reduce the	
17	effectiveness of[foreign]	
18	interference threats in the	
19	future"	
20	And that was part of the purpose of that	
21	classified briefing that you received. So I want to ask	
22	whether you did in fact leave that meeting with better	
23	prepared to face foreign interference threats?	
24	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: No, I did not. But I was	
25	also leaving parliament. I'd announced my intention to	
26	leave. So I feel that I appreciated this courtesy and the	
27	briefing, obviously it was very late, but they were not	
28	permitted to give it earlier.	

1	So I do hope we learn from this process, but	
2	certainly my parliamentary career was winding down. It	
3	allowed me to have better insights into the type of	
4	intelligence we're gathering, but it really didn't provide me	
5	with safeguards, or best practices, or anything like this.	
6	There was no learning from it. It was more information.	
7	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So was it general?	
8	Did you consider it to be general in nature or specific in	
9	nature?	
10	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: There were specific	
11	aspects to it. When I raised it in the House of Commons, I	
12	broke it down into three or four, sort of, distinct areas of	
13	interference that I was briefed on. I was very careful to be	
14	very general. So it's the type of information that I think,	
15	hopefully now we will see regularly in terms of threats, or	
16	monitoring, or anything that impacts or impedes parliamentary	
17	a parliamentarian's duties, they should be advised about,	
18	with the right precautions for security of information.	
19	But mine were some specific examples of	
20	intelligence, and I always say intelligence is not evidence,	
21	but it's data points and information that help inform your	
22	decisions.	
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So did you leave that	
24	meeting with any actionable takeaways that you could	
25	implement?	
26	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: No. In fact, as I left, I	
27	asked about my own personal device once I was leaving	
28	politics, because as I said in the House and it's in my	

1	remarks, they advised that I would likely be a person of		
2	interest for many years into the future. And so, I joked		
3	that that was one of my parting gifts from political life is		
4	I'm on a person of interest list. But they did say in the		
5	future, if you have concerns, or questions, or instances, I		
6	now have an ability to reach out to them.		
7	But I would have liked to have been briefed		
8	and to have my own personal computing and phone and things		
9	like that, to at least be leaving and going back into		
10	civilian life, if I can call it that, best equipped to		
11	prevent bad conduct and interceptions. So it's were		
12	really left to swim on our own, and I know some of my		
13	colleagues had mentioned that yesterday.		
14	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. I'll take		
15	you now to CAN028170_1. And this is a memorandum to the		
16	Prime Minister dated September 13, 2020 sorry, it's dated		
17	September 8^{th} , the transmittal note 2023. And on that		
18	transmittal page we can see it is to the Prime Minister and		
19	it is via Jody Thomas, we see that on the righthand side.		
20	And the subject line is "Updated Threat Reduction Briefings		
21	to parliamentarians".		
22	And if we go to the second page, this one is		
23	stamped September 13, 2023, and it's a memorandum for the		
24	Prime Minister, and it's copied to John Hannaford and		
25	Nathalie Drouin. And the subject line there says, "Updated		
26	Upcoming Threat Reduction Briefings to parliamentarians".		
27	And you've had an opportunity to see this document; correct?		
28	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Aspects of it, yes.		

1	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. And then the		
2	summary section there details the process which led to threat		
3	reduction measure briefings, TRM briefings, given to members		
4	of parliament, including yourself.		
5	And if we scroll down a little bit more, the		
6	second and third bullet points indicate that the Minister of		
7	Public Safety issued a Ministerial directive on threats to		
8	the security of Canada directed at parliament and		
9	parliamentarians on May 16, 2023. And then that on May $26^{\rm th}$,		
10	2023, you received a classified briefing.		
11	And the fourth bullet I do want to read. It		
12	says:		
13	"Following Mr. O'Toole's speech in		
14	the House of Commons on May 30,		
15	Public Safety Canada(PS) and CSIS		
16	paused further disclosures to		
17	parliamentarians in order to develop		
18	a governance protocol through which		
19	the security and intelligence		
20	community would have the opportunity		
21	to review CSIS' key messages for		
22	disclosure and the intelligence on		
23	which they are based." (As read)		
24	Now, are you aware of what speech in the		
25	House of Commons is being referenced here?		
26	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes.		
27	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And what was the		
28	subject matter of that speech? You alluded to it earlier,		

1 but I just wanted you to be more specific about that.

MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I raised a point of

privilege in the house to basically add to the point of

privilege that Mr. Chong originally brought when he found out

that he was -- there was a foreign threat with respect to

him. I was leaving and this ended up being my second last

speech in the House of Commons.

I thought it was very important at that time to put on the record the violations of my privilege as a parliamentarian and the wider gaps we have in our system and the risks we face from foreign interference.

Why it was important for me to do that was, at that time, this Inquiry was not called. At that time, the Special Rapporteur's report had been insufficiently put forward to deal with the issue of foreign interference. The government had literally been avoiding any discussion of what had happened in 2021 or in 2019 for several months. And I felt that I owed it as a public good duty and as a final element of my parliamentary career to put on the record things that parliamentarians should think about if we want to defend our democracy.

It was very important for me as a veteran to ensure I did that in a way that didn't reveal intelligence source information or didn't put security of information at risk, so I sought legal counsel from one of the leading security and intelligence lawyers in the country to ensure that I could do this in a way that exercised my privilege, which is not restrained by Security of Information Act or

1	anything else. parliamentary privilege is absolute. But to	
2	exercise that responsibly, and I think that speech did that,	
3	raising the four broad areas of interference that I was	
4	briefed on.	
5	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, were you aware	
6	prior to seeing this document that there had been a pause in	
7	briefings to other parliamentarians following the speech that	
8	you made on May 30th, 2023?	
9	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: No, I wasn't aware.	
10	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So let's go to page 9	
11	of this document.	
12	And this is a previous memorandum to the	
13	Prime Minister on this issue. And looking at the third	
14	bullet of the summary, it says:	
15	"Parts of Mr. O'Toole's speech	
16	misconstrued or overstated that	
17	information."	
18	And this is in reference to the speech that	
19	you gave on May 30th, as we can see on the second bullet	
20	point.	
21	And then I just want to so hold that for a	
22	second and we'll go to page 10, and then I'll you can	
23	respond to all of it.	
24	So under "CSIS Briefing of Mr. O'Toole", the	
25	first bullet point, and I'm paraphrasing, indicates that	
26	there was a Ministerial directive issued on May 16 under	
27	which CSIS was to inform parliamentarians of threats to the	
28	security of Canada directed at them.	

1	And the	second bullet says:
2		"In implementing this directive, CSIS
3		identified and shared all information
4		pertaining to Mr. O'Toole, including
5		unverified information from
6		intelligence reporting. The
7		unverified information provided to
8		Mr. O'Toole (identified in Tab B)
9		included indications of a PRC
10		disinformation campaign, not that it
11		was aimed at Mr. O'Toole
12		specifically." (As read)
13	And the	third bullet point says:
14		"In its engagement with Mr. O'Toole,
15		CSIS specified that the briefing
16		included unverified information." (As
17		read)
18	And if v	we just go to the section that's
19	called "Speech in the He	ouse of Commons", the first bullet
20	point says:	
21		"On March 30th, 2023, Mr. O'Toole
22		delivered a speech on foreign
23		interference in the House of Commons.
24		In his speech, he discussed the
25		classified information he received
26		from CSIS, including the unverified
27		information about a PRC
28		disinformation campaign without

1	providing any caveats as to the
2	reliability of the unverified
3	information." (As read)
4	Now, the Commission anticipates receiving
5	evidence from the Prime Minister and from other government
6	witnesses that the Prime Minister and others were frustrated
7	by your speech because it mischaracterized what you had been
8	told and made uncertain intelligence sound more certain than
9	it was. And I want to give you an opportunity to respond to
10	that expected evidence as well as what's in this document.
11	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yeah, I disagree with that
12	assessment completely.
13	Could you go back up to the original tab
14	where there was the misconstrued
15	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Yes, that would
16	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: where you started,
17	please?
18	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Yes. That was on
19	page 9, and it was the third bullet under "Summary".
20	Right, yeah. Just right there.
21	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Okay. Scroll up a little
22	bit more so I can see the last bullet about Mr. Johnston.
23	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Just down, yeah.
24	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: A little bit more. There
25	we go.
26	In the House of Commons, we're talking about
27	the privilege of members and we're talking about intelligence
28	and whether intelligence was or was not shared pertaining to

1	individual members. I talked about four broad areas that
2	were briefed to me, and I was very careful, as I said. I
3	sought legal counsel with respect to this, so I certainly did
4	not misconstrue, nor overstate, anything.
5	The issue here is, this is very new. The
6	directive came a few days before my briefing. The directive
7	only came as a result of leaks to the newspapers.
8	So the Prime Minister and his advisors,
9	including the National Security Advisor, were giving these
10	briefings reluctantly. And knowing how important
11	intelligence and our agencies are, I respect that.
12	The problem is, we're in this position and
13	we're in this Inquiry because a lot of intelligence was
14	shared that was not acted upon. Intelligence by its very
15	nature has degrees of accuracy, is there cross-referencing,
16	is there open-source support, so it has to be used in a
17	dynamic sense. But if it's ignored consistently, that is a
18	problem.
19	And I would refer you to even Mr. Johnston,
20	it's saying here, was CSIS confirmed that some of the
21	information communicated to Mr. O'Toole was not shared with
22	the Special Rapporteur. Why was that?
23	My concerns with Mr. Johnston's report, and I
24	have great respect for him, was that he received a curated
25	view. So my concerns here are with the people curating. And
26	I did not misconstrue or overstate, and I'm hoping the
27	Inquiry can recommend a method, a ways forward where we can
28	trust parliamentarians to find the right balance, to be

1	warned, to be able to seek out direction so that they can
2	safeguard their own personal well-being, but also their
3	duties as a Parliamentarian.
4	And so my concern is with the curation of a
5	lot of this, and that's why I wanted to put it on the record.
6	In fact, I think that speech may have been, as was Ms.
7	Kwan's, opposition day motion on the same day I gave my
8	speech on her briefing.
9	These were all elements of opposition
10	pressure to have the Inquiry we're having now, so I think I
11	tried to be responsible with my speech, but it did yield a
12	process where I think we can improve our democratic systems.
13	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Is it your position
14	that you did not reveal classified information in that
15	speech?
16	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I spoke about a classified
17	briefing I received, and I was very careful not to give
18	detail that would reveal intelligence specifics or sources,
19	but I did mention four areas of my intelligence briefing of
20	foreign interference, people on the ground, financing, these
21	sort of broad headings which I, with my counsel's advice, I
22	believe balanced my objectives of my parliamentary privilege,
23	the need for the country to take these issues seriously and
24	the important of security of information.
25	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: So your position is
26	that you did not misconstrue or overstate the information.
27	Is it possible that you may have unintentionally, unbeknownst
28	to you, misconstrued or overstated the information that you

were provided?

MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I don't believe so. I think the protocol that they wanted to put into place here -- and I'm making an assumption now, but they're saying I did not provide enough caveats, so they're saying they would have liked me to put more warnings or red hands pointing saying this is intelligence, it's not evidence.

I never presented it as findings of fact, but even the process of how to properly brief parliamentarians, that -- a duty to warn I think that there should be for elected officials, I think we're now struggling with how best to deal with this, so if they wanted to pause it to get it right, but saying I should have had more caveats is not saying I misrepresented anything. It's saying they would have liked me to give more background on how intelligence has to be carefully considered.

MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And do you think there is a risk in a Parliamentarian receiving classified information and trying to provide that information in the House of Commons, trying to be careful not to disclose sources and methods, as you say, but is there a risk in doing that at all?

MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: It's about mitigating the risks by finding a responsible balance. Canadians send their parliamentarians to Ottawa to tackle the affairs of the day. They send a cross-section of exceptional men and women, and we have to empower and trust them, to a degree. And I think other nations do this; we are a laggard in this regard. So

1	I'm hoping some of the recommendations of Phase 2 of this
2	Inquiry can help parliamentarians and our government and its
3	agencies find the appropriate balance here.
4	We're not doing enough, hence this Inquiry.
5	So how can we ensure that parliamentarians are part of the
6	solution and can do their job unfettered by interference and
7	pressure?
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And just to take
9	maybe an extreme example, you did mention that, to you,
10	parliamentary privilege is paramount, and it is absolute. So
11	in your view, then, is a member of Parliament who's briefed
12	on classified information entitled to go in the House of
13	Commons and disclose classified information? So means and
14	methods, sources, potential human sources.
15	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I wouldn't use the word,
16	"entitled," Ms. Rodriguez. I would say privilege does give
17	them a lot of latitude. This is the responsibility we have
18	to expect by our elected officials, to ensure that they're
19	balancing off those fundamental free speech and democratic
20	rights, with a responsibility to our agencies and our allies,
21	which is why I sought counsel from a leading security and
22	intelligence lawyer on my speech.
23	But you have to remember the context. The
24	context was I had seen a government, over several years,
25	obfuscate, avoid; create positions called Special
26	Rapporteurs; take the Speaker of the House of Commons to
27	court on the Winnipeg Lab; misuse the intention of the NCICOR

Committee, which I was involved in creating. It was never

1	meant to take challenging issues out of parliamentary debate.
2	So I had seen a pattern of not taking
3	intelligence reports and foreign interference threats
4	seriously, which is why I felt I had part of an obligation
5	not just for my own parliamentary record, but for the public
6	good, to responsibly put that on the record.
7	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Okay. So in your
8	view it was a responsible way of putting it on the record,
9	and it struck the balance between protecting classified
10	information and openness.
11	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. And from the report
12	they would have liked me to use more caveats and other
13	things. And perhaps this is longer term, as we get more
14	comfortable to finding this balance of informing and warning
15	MPs about foreign interference threats against them, that we
16	can educate and talk about how we can find the right balance,
17	about parliamentary privilege and the need to have robust
18	debates defending our democracy and ensuring that our
19	intelligence men and women who serve our country are not put
20	at risk or sources dry up because of irresponsible use of
21	that information.
22	Our American allies do it with a lot of their
23	Senate and Congressional committees being read in and being
24	trusted. I think that's what Canadians expect us to do, is
25	trust our elected officials to find that balance.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And you do talk about
27	this in your Stage 2 interview summary, and it's at paragraph
28	17, you say:

1	"The status quo in which no MPs other
2	than members of Cabinet have access
3	to classified information is not
4	desirable, and Canada needs to move
5	towards a model in which MPs are
6	trusted with a certain level of
7	information." (As read)
8	And you reference practices existing in the
9	U.S. Is this the type of system that you're talking about?
10	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes, and I think the
11	responsibility and privilege you have of being a member of
12	Parliament or a member of the Senate means that you have to
13	educate yourselves on security of information and our
14	agencies and be part of this balance. Only a select few
15	would then be part of things like NCICOP or a read-in public
16	safety committee. And then if each party had a trusted
17	individual that could be the conduit to CSIS, then if there
18	were issues happening in parliamentary debates or in
19	committees or in nominations or in anything, there would be a
20	way especially for opposition parties that are operating
21	in the complete blind, as I was, with my concern about the
22	caucus member you asked about, we need to be able to have a
23	conduit and a resource, and I think hopefully that's one of
24	the recommendations we can see from this stage of the
25	Inquiry.
26	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And so is your
27	recommendation that all members of Parliament have access to
28	classified information? Are you going that far, or what is

1	the recommendation, specifically?
2	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I think at a bare minimum
3	all members of Parliament should be trained and educated into
4	trying to find the right balance. Even they do so with the
5	sensitive personal information of their constituents every
6	day, in terms of their financial situation, in terms of
7	immigration and status. So how can we make sure that that
8	also goes into things like security and intelligence and
9	foreign interference? I think a baseline of education and of
10	trust, and then there would be like there is with Cabinet,
11	there would be additional responsibility placed on a smaller
12	number of members of Parliament who was specifically involved
13	in some of these standing committees that should have the
14	ability to go in camera with classified information, when
15	appropriate.
16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
17	I want to talk a little bit about political
18	party governance and administration and any vulnerabilities
19	in that system. And I want to take you to CAN4985.
20	EXHIBIT No. CAN004985:
21	Foreign Interference and Elections: A
22	National Security Assessment - CSIS
23	IA 2022-23/57
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: If we look at the
25	title, it's a CSIS Intelligence Assessment entitled, "Foreign
26	Interference and Elections: A National Security Assessment".
27	And I just want to take you to page 2 of that assessment.
28	Just keep going down, please. Second bullet

1	point, yeah, right there:
2	"During elections, Hostile Activities
3	by State Actors employFI to
4	influence Canadian politics by i)
5	clandestinely supporting individuals
6	who are perceived to be receptive to
7	foreign state interests, and ii)
8	opposing individuals who are
9	perceived to be against these foreign
10	states. To accomplish their goals,
11	[Hostile Activity State Actors] HASA
12	exploit loopholes in political party
13	nomination processes; engage in money
14	and financing operations; mobilize
15	and leverage community organizations;
16	and, manipulate media outlets."
17	So this seems to suggest and I want to see
18	if you agree that federal political parties are vulnerable
19	to foreign interference. Do you agree with that?
20	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes, and when I first saw
21	this document, and this section specifically recently, it
22	reminded me of many of the things we were flagging to the
23	SITE Task Force in the election. Of course, we didn't see
24	this document, or issues related to it, then. But there are
25	these vulnerabilities, and we need to know they exist, know
26	that in some cases limited cases, but in some cases
27	they're being exploited, and find ways to build up or
28	buttress our democratic systems.

1	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Now, you said in your
2	interview summary that this was an all-party problem. What
3	did you mean by that?
4	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well, I spoke earlier
5	about one of the issues I struggled with, with my caucus
6	member in questions you asked me. This is issues that where
7	with nominations in some parts of the country, some ridings
8	are determined in the nomination because they're safe seats,
9	although by-elections don't appear to be as safe as they used
10	to, I notice. But if you win a nomination, you're an MP in
11	some seats; blue, red, orange. And so if there is
12	infiltration that sounds like a strong word, but if there
13	is manipulation or interference, parties should know that
14	before someone walks in to take their oath and sit in the
15	House of Commons.
16	So how do we close these loopholes; how do we
17	protect vulnerabilities? That's what you're charged with,
18	and I know you're the Commission is working very hard at
19	it. And I think all of these areas, from fundraising to
20	policy creation to nominations to leaderships, have
21	vulnerabilities. Are they always exploited? In the vast
22	majority of cases, no, but we do know in some cases they are,
23	so we have to fix them.
24	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And in paragraph 7 of
25	your Stage 2 interview summary you say that leadership
26	contests are uniquely vulnerable to foreign interference.
27	Can you explain why you're of that view?
28	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well, my main my main

1	concern right now is with the Liberal Party, to be honest
2	with you, because in that situation, there is no membership.
3	There's no bus to join. If you supply an email address,
4	you're in.
5	And if you get an organizer or diaspora
6	figure to just gather emails, you could have people voting or
7	participating in a nomination context who could be non-
8	citizens, you know, visiting students, and are they there
9	because they want to be there, because that's their choice,
10	or are they being marshalled or pressured?
11	All parties have different rules, whether
12	there's a financial or, you know, a sign up requirement, and
13	in some communities and some diaspora groups, and other issue
14	single-issue groups, and marshal large numbers at a time
15	where you see membership in organizations declining, you
16	know, in legions and rotary clubs, and the traditional ground
17	for membership in these groups are in decline, so the ability
18	to marshal community groups or other things is a very
19	powerful tool in nominations. And so how can we ensure that
20	doesn't happen?
21	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And what about in
22	leadership contests?
23	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: It would be the same,
24	depending, as I said, the Liberal's no membership rule makes
25	it particularly vulnerable. But our party has a point
26	system, so in certain areas where there's the ability to
27	deliver large single-issue groups or large diaspora
28	communities, you can win the points.

1	One of the suggestions I've made is perhaps
2	you have to be a member a year before the nomination to
3	ensure that there's not astroturf sort of pop-up memberships,
4	or if there's this conduit with our intelligence agencies, we
5	should know if there's if we're aware of an effort to
6	influence a nomination. The party should be made aware of
7	it.
8	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: And there are
9	allegations of attempted interference in the last two
10	Conservative Party leadership contests, including the one in
11	2020. Do you have any knowledge, any personal knowledge,
12	regarding these allegations?
13	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: No.
14	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
15	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: I have one question for
16	Mr. O'Toole. Do you believe that designing the rules in
17	relation to the nomination processes should be left to the
18	parties? And if so, why?
19	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: My only concern is a level
20	playing field for everyone. So if the parties were all
21	involved in setting the terms of fundraising for membership
22	for who can vote and who can't vote, I don't think it should
23	be, you know, ran through by one party and change the rules
24	of the game if we can avoid it, because we're trying to work
25	together to avoid foreign interference. So I think, you
26	know, this because we know it's being it's vulnerable,
27	this level needs to be regulated or have more transparency to
28	it.

1	Now, in the past, this was probably not
2	needed, and but I think we've seen that now it probably
3	needs to be transparent with some rules that at least avoid
4	manipulation or interference. And that could be about
5	membership rules, that could be, you know, permanent
6	residents like, certain rules that are applied to
7	everyone.
8	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
9	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: I just wanted to
10	briefly touch on the concept that you had brought up earlier
11	about having a designated individual who would be security
12	cleared to receive information. And I'm just wondering how
13	that would how that would assist, potentially, in
14	nomination contests or leadership contests to help kind of
15	bridge that gap and close some potential loop holes or areas
16	of vulnerability that might otherwise exist?
17	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well in the extreme
18	example, if there was somebody that was already a person of
19	interest of one of our intelligence agencies, and suddenly
20	they were marshalling forces to win a nomination of a certain
21	area, and the agency is aware of that, you would hope that we
22	could prevent that from happening. And this Inquiry has
23	heard similar circumstances already.
24	You know, that person that would be trusted
25	would have to be trusted by the party to be able to intervene
26	very early on to prevent it, and they may not be able to
27	share any information why, but if the party knows that
28	they're our conduit to the intelligence agencies, it could be

1	that person has kind of a veto on certain people.
2	I do think the parties, if it was approached
3	in a transparent way and everyone worked together, I think
4	there would be a lot of trust in that figure that could do
5	this both for the parliamentary caucus, but for or for the
6	party side for nominations so that we don't have a situation
7	where someone gets a nomination and then later on has to be
8	reviewed, and then it becomes public. If someone is not
9	allowed from day one, it may not even be known. And I've
10	seen parties disqualify candidates based on living one street
11	outside the riding or not having enough signatures. People
12	have been disqualified for far less. So I think that could
13	be a new development that the parties would quickly adapt to
14	using.
15	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. Now,
15 16	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. Now, before we close, is there any other matter that you wish to
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16	before we close, is there any other matter that you wish to
16 17	before we close, is there any other matter that you wish to draw the Commissioner's attention to that we have not
16 17 18	before we close, is there any other matter that you wish to draw the Commissioner's attention to that we have not discussed today?
16 17 18 19	before we close, is there any other matter that you wish to draw the Commissioner's attention to that we have not discussed today? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: You know, my testimony to
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1	Commissioner. Those are my questions.
2	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
3	Looking at the list, the first counsel is
4	counsel for the Concern Group.
5	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. NEIL CHANTLER:
6	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Good afternoon, Mr.
7	O'Toole. My name is Neil Chantler and I'm counsel for the
8	Chinese Canadian Concern Group.
9	Could the Court Reporter please pull up
10	WIT88.en?
11	Mr. O'Toole, this is your interview summary
12	Stage 1 addendum. You were brought to this earlier and I
13	just bring it up again for your reference.
14	At page 1, paragraph 1, you provided that an
15	individual within your own caucus took trips sponsored by
16	foreign states and engaged in lobbying efforts on behalf of
17	foreign interests. And how did you come to know that?
18	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: As I said earlier, the
19	allegation that there was advocacy or lobbying on behalf of
20	an economic interest was brought to me by an elected member
21	of Parliament who had had the issue brought to him by one of
22	their mayors, with the mayor saying, "Why is this person
23	making inquiries here on behalf of a project that already had
24	attracted a little bit of controversy in this small-town
25	area?" And so it accidentally came on our radar because of
26	the report of that mayor.
27	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: And you've taken us
28	through some of the exercise you went through in deciding not

1	to take steps to expel that individual at the time. One of
2	those was that you might be accused of being racist. Is that
3	correct? And of course you were not being racist if you had
4	taken those steps. You would have been responding to very
5	legitimate concerns about the integrity of this person's
6	conduct.
7	But you're probably familiar with the fact
8	that that's a common refrain among groups that might be pro-
9	PRC or pro some other foreign state to turn efforts against
10	them into accusations of racism. You've heard that before;
11	correct?
12	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I have.
13	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: And the fact that it had
14	that effect on you indicates the true power of that
15	allegation. Nobody wants to be accused of being racist.
16	It's a very effective counter attack to our legitimate
17	efforts to combat foreign interference; isn't it?
18	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: It is a chill, but it
19	wasn't the only factor in why we decided to proceed the way
20	we did.
21	I gave a lot of latitude and respect to the
22	views of my colleagues in the Senate.
23	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Now, on the issue of
24	sponsored travel, we heard some evidence earlier today that
25	there might be nothing wrong with that conduct as long as
26	it's out in the open, as long as it's transparent for the
27	parliamentarians receiving benefits or sponsorship from a
28	foreign state. But even if the recipient is transparent

1	about that benefit in the moment, I suggest to you that
2	there's a risk the public is going to perceive that that
3	favour is meant to be reciprocated, a quid pro quo of sorts,
4	at some point in the future, and when it's reciprocated, that
5	might not be so transparent. Do you agree with that?
6	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: My view on sponsored
7	travel, if the reason for it is clear, you're reviewing a
8	security situation, you're reviewing the results of famine,
9	you're showing support for an area overcoming adversity or,
10	you know, a disaster. And if it's all Party and then it's
11	different than if it seems to be catered to give you a good
12	trip. So I think transparency is paramount and fundamental,
13	but also the intention of the trip is important.
14	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: So is it an
15	oversimplification to suggest that we might simply ban
16	sponsored travel by foreign states of our parliamentarians?
17	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Again, I think if I
18	only took one sponsored travel trip in my decade in politics.
19	It was one that was all Party and it was about security and
20	other issues. So I wouldn't want to have a sweeping "no"
21	whatsoever because I do think it gives an opportunity for
22	members of Parliament to learn more and to build
23	international relationships, but if something seems to be
24	designed to just show you a good time, then it can be part of
25	an elite capture type influence operation, and I think
26	transparency usually shows that. And in this case, my case,
27	there had been media reports critical of that sponsored trip.
28	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: How regulated is this

1	area? Are there party rules surrounding
2	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: There's rules from the
3	Ethics Commissioner and they've actually been tightened in
4	the last couple of years, likely due in part to this.
5	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: But you agree with me
6	that the risk to the public's perception of the integrity of
7	parliamentarians is so great that receiving essentially
8	nominal sponsorship for travel or for some other some
9	other forms of benefits, really, we could just do without
10	that and try and do everything we can to preserve the
11	integrity of the public's faith in parliamentarians.
12	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: That's not my position.
13	My position is absolute transparency, bipartisanship to the
14	intention of it, and a real rationale for it.
15	My experience is that MPs, especially from
16	all Parties, are here to work hard for their constituents and
17	to learn, and so if those three sort of caveats are part of
18	it, I'm not as I don't think a blanket ban is needed.
19	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: You've talked a bit today
20	already about leadership contests, about them being a unique
21	risk to foreign interference, some similarities with riding
22	contests. And you answered many of the questions I was going
23	to ask you, but I'll ask you this.
24	Is it your view that Parties' resistance to
25	the regulation of their own processes such as leadership
26	contests is really just a desire to retain some partisan
27	control over those contests?
28	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well, I've been in both

1	government and in opposition. I prefer government. But the
2	challenge is, is when someone wins and they've worked hard to
3	win, they're not going to want to change the system. And so
4	this is why FI gives us an opportunity and why I've spoken
5	about some of the challenges I faced. We need to fix this
6	for the long term, and so the Parties have to not think about
7	their short-term advantage, they have to think about the
8	long-term interests of our parliamentary democracy.
9	MR. NEIL CHANTLER: Thank you, sir.
10	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
11	Counsel for RCDA, Maître Sirois.
12	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS:
13	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: I'm Guillaume Sirois,
14	counsel for the Russian Canadian Democratic Alliance.
15	Have you heard about the recently unsealed
16	U.S. Department of Justice indictment about Russian
17	interference?
18	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I've read the media
19	stories, yes.
20	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Okay. You might be
21	aware, then, that, according to this indictment, Canadian
22	influencers received \$10 million from Russian operatives to
23	set up a news outlet identified as Tenet Media aimed at
24	influencing U.S. elections.
25	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes, I read about that.
26	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: Thank you.
27	I would like to ask the court reporter to
28	pull RCD 39, please.

1	EXHIBIT No. RCD0000039:
2	Far-Right Media Outlet Linked to
3	Secret Russian Influence Campaign
4	Produced 50+ Videos Focused on Canada
5	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: So this is one of the
6	media many media articles that came out after the
7	indictment became public. The interest of this news article
8	specifically is that it analyzes the Canadian content that
9	was published by Tenet Media.
10	Can we zoom out a little bit? I'd like to
11	see the title of the article and the date, please.
12	As we can see from the first page, it has
13	been published on September 5th and it's about the 50 or plus
14	videos that focused on Canada from Tenet Media and that were
15	reviewed half a million times.
16	I'd like to go to page 5, please, so we can
17	see some examples of those videos. I would take you to the
18	source material, but they've all been taken down following
19	the unsealment (sic) of that indictment.
20	We can see that's the YouTube page of Tenet
21	Media. There are some videos about inflation, Canada's
22	immigration to spiral out of control.
23	And scroll down.
24	"Trudeau's Canada can't handle the current
25	level of immigration." "How Indian scams will be the end of
26	Canada".
27	We can scroll down.
28	And again, I won't read them all out loud,

1	but they all I'm wondering if you have any comments
2	regarding the subject matter of these videos. Why would
3	Russia be behind the promotion of such content?
4	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I didn't see any of the
5	videos, but I refer you to my previous testimony at Stage 1.
6	In my experience, I did see what I often
7	assumed was bots or Russian misinformation efforts often
8	around LBTQ issues or often around vaccine or vaccine mandate
9	issues. Again, I have no way to verify that because, as an
10	opposition person, I have no access to briefings, no
11	information. I've learned more with the work this Inquiry
12	has done on what monitoring there was.
13	In my experience and from what I've read,
14	Chinese interference is more like a scalpel on a riding level
15	for specific outcomes, whereas Russian misinformation is more
16	chaos generating. They want us just fighting and making
17	democracy look ineffective and challenging some western
18	values and other things. But I've never seen and I can't
19	comment on anything specific.
20	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: And would the intent
21	of making creating chaos I believe we can take the
22	document down now. I don't have any more questions about the
23	document itself.
24	But I find your comment interesting. Does
25	the promotion of divisive content in that showing that
26	democracies cannot work, is it something that targets the
27	elections as well or is it something that's more general that
28	aims only to society? Does it target democratic processes or

1	only society at large? Is there a distinction to make
2	between the two?
3	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: My experience is I didn't
4	see any targeting at a riding level or nominations or things
5	like that. Issues and that sort of chaos appears to me,
6	without, you know, direct security briefings, to be sort of
7	the intention.
8	I have publicly commented on my concerns
9	about how Russian propaganda with respect to the war in
10	Ukraine has eroded in some areas support for Ukraine, which
11	is a very important ally and Canada should and our allies
12	should be doing more. And when, you know, when fatigue fits
13	in from war, and there's propaganda and misinformation, it
L4	can impact people and it can impact the public mood and the
15	policy direction more than the election day nominations or
16	things that we've seen in other foreign interference.
17	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: So can I just
18	summarize this by saying that would it be correct to say that
19	the long-term impacts of this these propaganda campaigns
20	from Russia could influence some policy decisions such as the
21	support for Ukraine?

MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes, that's my concern.

As a member of Parliament before I was the leader, I believe when I was the Foreign Affairs Shadow Minister for the Conservatives, I was suggesting Russia Today, RT, should not be licensed to appear on the Canadian cable airwaves and, you know, it was pushing propaganda into our democracy.

Eventually it was removed, but it had been there operating

1	for many years. So their propaganda and their misinformation
2	is not just bots and troll farms. It has also been RT and,
3	you know, even diplomatic actions at times.
4	So we have to be aware of it,
5	parliamentarians have to be educated again, and then the
6	public also needs to be warned where there's instances.
7	So the news stories in the United States I
8	think don't really inform this Inquiry per say, but they do
9	allow us to see that these efforts by adversarial nations
10	like Russia are pervasive, they're committed for the long-
11	term, and we're playing catch up as a democracy. And so I
12	think we have to take all of these precautions and safeguard
13	measures more seriously.
14	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: And why do you say
15	we're playing catch up with these measures?
15 16	we're playing catch up with these measures? MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well we don't know how
16	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well we don't know how
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28

1	corruption, and on the Bandera Brigades," and in some cases,
2	these are multi-decade propaganda tools of Russia and we're
3	only now really catching up to their impact on our debates.
4	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: So these impacts on
5	our debates, as you say, is intentional from Russia? It's
6	not only to divide society, it's to have an impact on debates
7	themselves?
8	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. When I used to host
9	officials as a member of the government, as a Cabinet
10	Minister in the Conservative Government, I would post a photo
11	with a Russian dignitary sorry, a Ukrainian dignitary, and
12	trolls would say I was supporting Neo-Nazis and the Neo-Nazi
13	Brigade. And we've seen this narrative continue. But I'm
14	now talking $2013/2014$, when we first started sharing military
15	equipment after the invasion and annexation of Crimea.
16	So this has been with us for a decade. And,
17	you know, we've focused a lot on one specific country in this
18	Inquiry, but I do think it's good for us to remember there
19	are many attempts at interference, and I think we can't just
20	focus on the one that has been the majority of this Inquiry.
21	What Russia is doing is just as insidious.
22	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: And I'll finish with
23	that because I only have one minute left, but concerning the
24	very specific challenges associated with those propaganda
25	campaigns, such as the fact that it's ongoing for over
26	multiple years, 10 years, as you said, and also the fact that
27	it mostly concerns some things that could be seen as

legitimate political speech, how do you think that Canada can

1	better detect, deter, or counter these propaganda campaigns?
2	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well I've said with social
3	media I really have some concerns with WeChat, and TikTok,
4	and other devices where the algorithm is controlled, or at
5	least has oversight by Beijing. But as I've said, RT was a
6	tool for many years that we kind of allowed to run rampant on
7	cable channels here. The bot farms and other things, I think
8	we really need public education about social media use, and
9	potentially the revealing of some of these cases like we've
10	seen in the United States, where we can show people that
11	there's misinformation here sowing division, sowing
12	uncertainty, pull black the cloak as much as possible.
13	MR. GUILLAUME SIROIS: All right. Thank you.
14	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
15	Next one is counsel for the Human Rights
16	Coalition, Mr. Matas.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. DAVID MATAS:
18	MR. DAVID MATAS: Yes, I'm David Matas, the
19	Human Rights Coalition.
20	In your interview summary, you at stage
21	two, WIT78, paragraph 16, you say that MPs when MPs and
22	their family are at risk or vulnerable to foreign
23	interference threats, they should be informed so that they
24	can take appropriate measures.
25	In paragraph 20, you express support for
26	limited briefings by CSIS to members of the public who may be
27	targets of foreign interference.
28	So my question is, do you see any difference

1	between the information provided to MPs and their families
2	and the briefings to members of the public?
3	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well, if there's like,
4	particularly, if it concerns the personal wellbeing or, you
5	know, intercepts or observation of that person and their
6	family, that, I think, requires immediate duty to warn and
7	much more detailed information than what might be shared with
8	the public on that.
9	I do the point I'm trying to make with
10	elected officials, MPs, if we have to trust that they've been
11	sent by their electors, by their constituents, to be trusted
12	with the affairs of state, whether they're in government, in
13	Cabinet, or whether they're an individual member. Having the
14	right balance needs to be what the protocols and what the
15	training and kind of the rules of the House indicate as
16	trying to force the right balance. But there has to be trust
17	on that individual that's elected.
18	MR. DAVID MATAS: I understand, but if the
19	Commissioner or the Commission is to set out some sort of
20	protocol of disclosure, would it be any different if it were
21	a member of Parliament or a member of the public?
22	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well I think diaspora
23	groups and other organizations that are being targeted should
24	receive briefings and cautions as well, but they don't have
25	the same public duty as an elected official. But they
26	certainly live in a free democratic society and should be
27	able to advocate and have free speech. So they should be
28	afforded protections and briefings, and perhaps law

1	enforcement liaison to ensure they're safe.
2	MR. DAVID MATAS: Michael Chong said that
3	members of Parliament should be informed first, before
4	members of the public. Do you have any views on that?
5	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well, you know, if it
6	depends on the nature of foreign interference. If it relates
7	to an election, or a policy, or a committee, or a foreign
8	policy position of Canada, that is more for the elected
9	officials. But I often had concerns that the Uyghur
10	community, the Falun Gong, the Hong Kong groups in Canada,
11	they were often fearful of their communications and their
12	activities being monitored. So those individuals, where
13	risks to them can be reduced, I think should be warned. Are
14	they then given the same level of information? Probably not.
15	But their wellbeing should be at the top of the consideration
16	of our intelligence agencies.
17	MR. DAVID MATAS: When you say the same level
18	of information, could you maybe elaborate a bit on that?
19	What the difference in levels might be?
20	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well, really for the
21	members of the public who are advocating and exercising their
22	democratic rights, if there's risks to them, either their
23	physical well-being or risks that their communications are
24	being intercepted, those risks can be eliminated by proper
25	intervention, by security services. There probably doesn't
26	need to be much intelligence sharing at all with them if it's
27	just about taking precautions to keep them safe.
28	parliamentarians have a duty to make sure

1	that we're doing a good job and to have oversight, to a
2	degree, of the agencies themselves.
3	So I think levels of briefing, there would be
4	no reason to brief unelected officials on issues related to
5	the RCMP or public safety.
6	With members of diaspora communities, I'm
7	really referring to intelligence agencies know their house is
8	being bugged or something. We should help reduce that
9	threat. But I don't think there needs to be intelligence
10	sharing. It's about safety.
11	MR. DAVID MATAS: Understood. Now, foreign
12	interference can come through one can find out about
13	foreign interference because a security system finds out
14	about it, but foreign interference can come directly to
15	members of diaspora communities through threats and it may be
16	that they find out about it before the security commission
17	the security system finds out about it. Would you agree?
18	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: In some cases, yes.
19	MR. DAVID MATAS: So foreign interference
20	isn't necessarily secret to diaspora communities. Sometimes
21	it's something the public, in the sense that they know about
22	it directly from the people who are interfering? Would that
23	be right?
24	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: They sometimes have first-
25	person observation knowledge of what is happening. So yes, I
26	often received information from diaspora groups as a
27	parliamentarian that I would take into my consideration in
28	terms of the advocacy I was doing for human rights, these

1	sorts of things. So they're on the front lines, and which
2	is why they're also vulnerable. And so they should be
3	protected as much as our agencies can.
4	MR. DAVID MATAS: There was some I had
5	previously asked some questions of Micheal Chong about the
6	issue of whether foreign interference needed to be covert to
7	be foreign interference. You've mentioned that issue as
8	well. And in a situation where foreign interference is
9	directed specifically and immediately through threats to the
10	diaspora community, that would not be covered; would it?
11	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Can you name a like, a
12	public threat issued by, like,
13	MR. DAVID MATAS: Well
14	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: an embassy or
15	something like that?
16	MR. DAVID MATAS: The threats would be
17	directed to individuals. I mean, they would know about it.
18	It may not be in the media, but it would be something that
19	wouldn't be secret to them.
20	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well I think there's a big
21	difference between things that are done publicly by an
22	ambassador, or by a consular, or by, you know, a statement by
23	a state and, you know, threats and what we might call
24	diaspora politics. These things have to be investigated, but
25	if something is done by a state, it's not really covert. If
26	it's done within circles, or a hall, or somebody in a store,
27	some of that is kind of covert, the way it's done, not to the
28	person being threatened, clearly, but it would not be on the

radar of most Canadians. 1 MR. DAVID MATAS: So when you're talking 2 3 about covert, it's not so much that it's not known by the target, it's just not known publicly. Is that what you're 4 talking about when you're talking about covert? 5 6 MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I think it depends on the instance. You know, in foreign interference, it's generally 7 clandestine, because they want to interfere without it being 8 attributed to the state or one of their actors. Some of the 9 threats or intimidation that people on the ground might see 10 from people they believe to be United Front Work Department 11 people, or people close to consular staff, these sorts of 12 13 things, then it's a little less covert, but it's still not 14 widely known. So our agencies need to work with our diaspora 15 communities, not just to safeguard them, but to also gain information and learn from them. 16 MR. DAVID MATAS: Okay. 17 COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Mr. Matas, your time is 18 19 already exhausted, so I will ask you to ask your final questions, please. 20 21 MR. DAVID MATAS: Well, in fact, that was my 22 final question. COMMISSIONER HOGUE: 23 Thank you. 24 So the Attorney General, do you have any 25 questions? 26 MR. BARNEY BRUCKER: I have good news. not have any two questions because the two areas were covered 27 by your counsel during her examination in-chief. Thank you. 28

Т	COMMISSIONER HOGUE: Thank you.
2	And Mr. O'Toole's where is he? Ah.
3	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. THOMAS JARMYN:
4	MR. THOMAS JARMYN: Thank you, Commissioner,
5	I just have a couple of questions in follow up.
6	Ms. Rodriguez had asked you about
7	parliamentary privilege and the use of parliamentary
8	privilege to protect classified the statement of
9	classified information in Parliament. How is the use of
10	parliamentary privilege supervised?
11	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Well the Speaker
12	ultimately, who is the and parliamentary precedent. And
13	the paramountcy of your privilege is kind of fundamental.
14	I often would refer to the decisions of
15	Speaker Milliken with respect to the Afghan Detainee
16	Documents, which was during the Conservative Government just
17	before I was elected, as one of the considerations of how to
18	balance off national security, public security, with the
19	privilege of members of Parliament.
20	The paramountcy of the members was absolute,
21	but we trust the MPs to have a responsible approach to it,
22	which is why when I did rely on my point of privilege to
23	discuss broad themes from my CSIS briefing, I was very
24	careful to strike that balance. I sought counsel from Andrew
25	House, you know, a leading lawyer in this area, to make sure
26	that I was being responsible, because I respect and
27	appreciate the work done by CSIS, by CSE, by our police
28	forces, and so finding that right balance is the sort of

1	standard we want to expect all members of Parliament to have,
2	whether they're in Cabinet, on a committee, or just locked in
3	to the House, like Mr. Stewart was the other day. So it
4	should be an expectation we work towards.
5	MR. THOMAS JARMYN: And if parliamentary
6	privilege is being abused, it's within the providence of the
7	Parliament to make that determination?
8	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes. I yes. And the
9	Speaker usually provides a lot of latitude on issues and you
10	have to give notice you're going to be rising. And I re-read
11	my speech after seeing some of the materials tabled with the
12	Inquiry and I was careful not to stray into debate as much as
13	I could prevent myself. In the privilege motion, you're
14	supposed to be really getting at the pith of what you're
15	saying, not indirectly making a political attack or speech.
16	And so the speaker can corral you back to the
17	fundamentals, if it's being used politically.
18	MR. THOMAS JARMYN: And in fact, if members
19	of Parliament, in the course of regular business, were given
20	access to classified information, it would be within the
21	jurisdiction of the Speaker to control the usage of that?
22	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Yes.
23	MR. THOMAS JARMYN: you had some questions
24	about sponsored travel, and sponsored travel rules are set by
25	Parliament how often? Are they an ongoing thing? They
26	change? What's your experience with that?
27	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I'm no longer a member of
28	Parliament, but, you know, this was a topic that would come

1	up regularly. And as I said, I only, in 10 years,
2	participated in one. Members of the government, so Cabinet
3	and parliamentary secretaries, cannot go on sponsored travel.
4	Usually that transparency requirement is the
5	most important thing. I do believe the current, or maybe the
6	most recent, Ethics Commissioner was wanting to end the
7	process entirely. But I've seen benefit from it, as I said,
8	provided it's non-partisan, it's publicly transparent, and
9	that there's a goal, you know. And often that goal fulfils
10	some of our strategic or foreign affairs interests, or
11	expresses our values as a country, if it's to view a country
12	in distress, for example, and you're going with an NGO, like
13	World Vision or something like this.
14	It's very different if it's a, you know,
15	bespoke trip planned to gain influence or to hopefully gain
16	favour down the road, that should be, you know, banned
17	entirely.
18	MR. THOMAS JARMYN: Your former colleagues,
19	McKay, MP McKay, MP Genius and Chong were both asked they
20	were all asked about the importance of being warned of these
21	activities. And I can guess from your response to Mr. Matas
22	that what would your view be with respect to establishing
23	for agencies a duty to warn, with respect to foreign
24	interference, both for members of Parliament and for diaspora
25	communities?
26	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: I think there should be a
27	duty to warn. One of the reasons we're here, I think, and
28	particularly some of the leaks that occurred, was because, I

1	think, people internal to the intelligence agencies felt that
2	the work they were doing was not being taken seriously.
3	And it does not justify them leaking, but
4	there's an erosion of trust. And so at a bare minimum we
5	should know that parliamentarians who are observed being
6	obstructed, threatened, pressured, there's a duty to warn if
7	there's operations intended to influence them or impact them,
8	they should be able to seek counsel if they see it or if they
9	originate, or in my case as leader, I have questions about
10	information we receive from a municipal figure, I need to be
11	able to verify this, if I can.
12	So the duty to warn and the duty to kind of
13	work with the political parties in an appropriate way with
14	full protections for security of information and reading in
15	the appropriate people, I think these protocols are what we
16	need to explore at this stage of foreign interference now
17	being a regular facet of democracy's face.
18	MR. THOMAS JARMYN: Commissioner, those are
19	my questions. Thank you very much.
20	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
21	Re-examination?
22	MS. NATALIA RODRIGUEZ: There is none. Thank
23	you, Commissioner. No questions.
24	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you very much, Mr.
25	O'Toole. You're free as a bird now.
26	MR. ERIN O'TOOLE: Thank you.
27	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
28	So we'll start tomorrow morning at 9:30.

1	THE REGISTRAR: Order, please.
2	The sitting of the Foreign Interference
3	Commission is adjourned until tomorrow, the $19^{\rm th}$ of September
4	2024 at 9:30 a.m.
5	Upon adjourning at 5:18 p.m.
6	
7	CERTIFICATION
8	
9	I, Sandrine Marineau-Lupien, a certified court reporter,
10	hereby certify the foregoing pages to be an accurate
11	transcription of my notes/records to the best of my skill and
12	ability, and I so swear.
13	
14	Je, Sandrine Marineau-Lupien, une sténographe officielle,
15	certifie que les pages ci-hautes sont une transcription
16	conforme de mes notes/enregistrements au meilleur de mes
17	capacités, et je le jure.
18	
19	The upon
20	Sandrine Marineau-Lupien
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